EXHIBIT 99.2



Q4 2019 Letter to Shareholders

Feb 13, 2020 | yelp-ir.com

Financial and Operational Highlights

- > Net revenue was \$269 million, up 10% from the fourth quarter of 2018, a one percentage point increase from the third quarter's growth rate. Greater-than-expected seasonal reductions by small- and medium-sized business ("SMB") customers resulted in reported growth slightly below our outlook for the quarter; this seasonal activity reversed in January, when our non-term advertising business saw record monthly advertiser acquisitions and budget retention
- > Net income was \$17 million, or \$0.24 per diluted share, compared to \$32 million, or \$0.37 per diluted share, in the fourth quarter of 2018, reflecting higher income taxes in the fourth quarter of 2019 and a valuation allowance release in the fourth quarter of 2018
- Adjusted EBITDA¹ grew to \$61 million, an increase of \$8 million, or 15%, compared to the fourth quarter of 2018.
 Adjusted EBITDA margin increased one percentage point to 23% compared to the fourth quarter of 2018

- Cash provided by operating activities was \$56 million for the fourth quarter of 2019, and we ended the fourth quarter with cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities of \$466 million
- In January 2020, our Board authorized a \$250 million increase to our share repurchase program. In 2019, we repurchased a total of approximately 14 million shares at an aggregate cost of \$481 million, which drove a 12% reduction in our diluted shares outstanding by the end of the year
- > We expect to accelerate revenue growth and expand margins again in 2020. Specifically, we expect Net revenue to grow 10-12% compared to 2019, with Adjusted EBITDA margin increasing by 1-2 percentage points compared to 2019



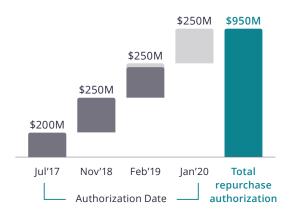
Note: Reported figures are rounded; the year-over-year percentage changes are calculated based on reported financial statements and metrics

¹Refer to the accompanying financial tables for further details and a reconciliation of the non-GAAP measures presented to the most directly comparable GAAP measures

Our Long-Term Plan is Transforming Our Business



Returning Capital to Shareholders



- > Executed \$481M share repurchase in 2019
- Approved additional \$250M share repurchase authorization in January 2020
- Authorized nearly \$1B of share repurchases since July 2017
- Completed as of Dec 31, '19
- Remaining Authorization

Continually developing our leadership and Board of Directors

🕨 2019 — Three

2020

Three new independent directors elected

Christina Barone appointed as independent director



CEO True Food Kitch

CEO, True Food Kitchen Deep multi-location Restaurant-category experience. Operational expertise scaling True Food Kitchen nationwide.

David Schwarzbach Previously CFO & COO, Optimizely

Strong track record of driving results and accelerating growth. A rare combination of financial and operational leadership.

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¹GAAP Net income was \$55 million in 2018. Net income was \$41 million in 2019. Refer to the accompanying financial tables for further details and a reconciliation of the non-GAAP measures presented to the most directly comparable GAAP measures

Dear fellow shareholders,

2019 marked an important point in Yelp's 15-year history, as we embarked on an ambitious, multi-year business transformation plan designed to drive and sustain profitable long-term growth. In our first year executing the plan, we made excellent progress, improving retention of non-term advertisers' budgets by a mid-teens percentage, increasing Multi-location channel revenue by 22%, and growing Self-serve channel revenue by 30% from last year. **Executing our plan accelerated year-over-year revenue growth from 5% in the first half of 2019 to 10% in the second half of the year.**

These improvements are transforming the economics of our business. The retention gains and growth in our accretive Self-serve and Multi-location channels have lessened our dependence on expanding the Local sales force to drive revenue growth. In 2019, we reaccelerated revenue growth while simultaneously reducing Local sales force headcount by 10% by year end, which helped increase Adjusted EBITDA margin from 19% in 2018 to 21% in 2019. Our strong financial performance also enabled us to return \$481 million to shareholders through share repurchases in 2019.

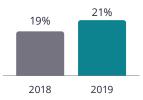
Our strategy has begun to unlock the long-term potential created by our transition to a multi-channel, on-demand business model. In its first full year, our non-term advertising product expanded our customer base and made us even more accountable to it on a day-to-day basis. The flexibility offered by this product also resulted in more December seasonality than we expected in our Local advertising business, dampening fourth quarter results. However, that seasonal trend reversed in January as SMBs stepped up their advertising in the new year. In fact, January was our strongest month on record for both non-term advertiser acquisition and budget retention since we began selling non-term advertising, and **at the start of February, year-over-year growth in cost-per-click ("CPC") advertising budgets—which has historically been a reliable indicator of future Advertising revenue—exceeded 10%. While December-January seasonality became more pronounced, we believe our long-term growth trajectory remains squarely on target.**

Accelerated growth to double-digits on lower sales headcount



Growth strategy drove improved profitability

Adjusted EBITDA Margin



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In 2020, we are expanding upon the strategy that successfully accelerated growth and improved profitability in 2019. The drivers of our plan to deliver long-term profitable growth remain unchanged:

- > generate more value for our business customers,
- > capture the Multi-location opportunity,
- > expand Yelp's product offerings,
- > win in Restaurants and Home & Local Services, and
- > enhance the consumer experience.

We expect the successful execution of these initiatives to accelerate revenue growth once again in 2020. We also expect the improved structural economics of our business to yield incremental expense leverage this year, as we look to achieve faster revenue growth without expanding the Local sales force. **The undeniable progress we have made over the past year bolsters our confidence in achieving our long-term financial targets.** We look forward to sharing more about our progress in the year ahead.

Our 2019 progress gives us confidence in reaching longterm financial targets



Adjusted EBITDA Margin



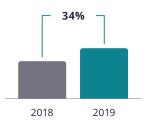
Driving strong revenue growth

Generating more value for our business customers

In 2019, we delivered significantly more value to our customers. We generated 34% more ad clicks for Yelp advertisers at an average CPC 18% lower than in 2018. We did this by improving the efficiency of our advertising auction system and our ad targeting. We also expanded advertising inventory in select categories, such as Home & Local Services, while maintaining a great consumer experience. This significant increase in value improved budget retention among non-term advertisers by a mid-teens percentage from 2018 to 2019, which we expect to deliver ongoing benefits in 2020.

Despite the increase in ad clicks delivered to advertisers in 2019, we derived revenue from fewer than 10% of the total number of leads we generated for businesses on our platform. We believe we can deliver far more leads to both existing and new advertisers, driving even greater customer satisfaction and retention, while continuing to delight and engage consumers with a great product experience. In the fourth quarter of 2019, we began rolling out the first of many planned ad-related improvements and initiatives that will continue in 2020. In the year ahead, we anticipate making further enhancements to our advertising auction and Request-A-Quote lead matching. We also plan to introduce new types of advertising inventory, such as themed ads, which highlight select advertisers that respond guickly to consumers or provide free guotes or consultations. We are also working to expand our customization options to allow advertisers to further tailor their campaigns. Finally, we are enhancing our reporting tools to ensure that advertisers clearly see the impact of their campaigns. We expect these initiatives to drive additional retention gains in 2020.

Volume of Ad Clicks



Average Cost Per Click



We plan to deliver more leads to Yelp advertisers



*Includes Calls, Request A Quote requests and url clicks

Capturing the Multi-location opportunity

Our Multi-location business had another excellent year, growing 22%

in 2019, and it was particularly strong among National customers. National advertisers responded well to the results of Yelp attribution studies, which demonstrated our ability to deliver consumers to their stores at a compelling cost. By the end of the year, we counted more than one-third of the top 250 restaurants and retailers by revenue* as paying customers. New advertising features designed for National brands, including Showcase Ads, also drove increased spending by existing customers. National advertisers that were customers in both 2018 and 2019 increased their ad budgets by 20% in aggregate in 2019, and annual revenue retention for that group exceeded 100%. We also extended our client coverage in 2019, growing our Multi-location team by more than 25% to build on our successful consultative approach to sales and client care.

We continue to see significant opportunity to grow our Multi-location business in 2020 and beyond. In 2019, we focused primarily on restaurants and retailers. In 2020, we are expanding our focus to include the multibillion-dollar digital advertising opportunity in the services category. On the product side, we plan to introduce more ways for Multi-location advertisers to drive sales during their key selling seasons.

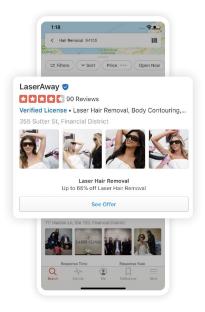
We are always looking for new ways to reach our consumers and, given Yelp's dominance in the industry, we sought a partnership to help us drive more customers to our restaurants. We've been working with Yelp since 2015, but decided we wanted to take things to the next level when we learned about Yelp Store Visits. YSV has helped us to truly understand the impact of our ad dollars and ensure we're leveraging the right strategy. We look forward to continuing our partnership in 2020 and uncovering even more valuable ways to attract more customers to Denny's.



–Erik Jensen, Vice President of Brand Engagement

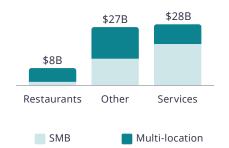
New ad features for National Brands

Showcase ads



Large Opportunity in Services

2019 U.S. Local Digital Advertising Spend in Key Categories



Source: BIA Advisory Services, 2020 U.S. Local Advertising Forecast; Yelp internal data

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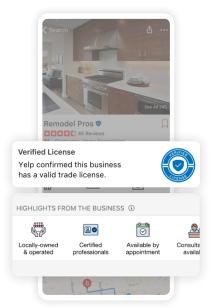
Expanding Yelp's product offerings

Since the end of 2018, we have introduced a steady stream of new paid offerings at affordable price points, which have been well received by business owners. Verified License, Business Highlights, and Portfolios together attracted more than 70,000 active subscribing locations by year end, which helped accelerate revenue growth in the Selfserve channel to 30% in 2019. At the end of the fourth quarter, we also launched Yelp Connect—enabling merchants to promote their businesses to consumers visually—which is off to a promising start.

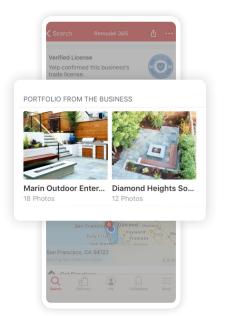
Matching advertisers to the right products at the right prices will be a top product priority for 2020. We are differentiating how we market and merchandise our products based on businesses' unique attributes and needs. We believe that by delivering the right fit, we will drive greater customer satisfaction, and ultimately, greater advertiser lifetime value. In 2020, we plan to introduce additional profile products to complement last year's offerings, which will help business owners tell their stories and build trust with consumers.

New products driving Self-serve channel

Verified License & Business Highlights



Portfolios



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Winning in our key categories

We made great strides in the Restaurants category in 2019, which again drove more than half of Yelp's consumer traffic. In 2019, we more than doubled the number of diners seated via Yelp to 30 million. Yelp Reservations and Yelp Waitlist have not only delighted consumers, but have also begun to drive a growing stream of recurring subscription revenue. By the end of the year, annual recurring revenue* for our Restaurants subscription offerings had increased by 37% compared to one year earlier. We expect to grow diners seated via Yelp rapidly again in 2020, and significantly increase the monetization of our Restaurants SaaS ("software-as-a-service") offerings through price optimization and cross selling.

Our largest revenue category, **Home & Local Services**, grew at a fast rate again in 2019, with revenue up a mid-teens percentage compared to 2018. Even in the category's fourth quarter slow season, revenue growth accelerated from the third quarter, while revenue attributable to Request-A-Quote in the fourth quarter increased nearly 70% year-over-year. We achieved our goal of doubling paid leads to Home & Local Services advertisers in 2019, which drove strong acquisition and budget retention among service providers. With fewer than one in five of our Home & Local Services leads currently delivered to Yelp advertisers, we have a huge opportunity to drive even more value to our customers in 2020 and beyond.

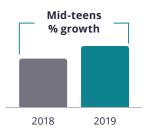
Enhancing the consumer experience

In 2019, we personalized recommendations based on data that our users provided. We introduced new Yelp Waitlist features, such as Predictive Wait Times and Notify Me. We also expanded our LIVES program, which publishes restaurant health inspection scores, to more than 30 states, covering about 73% of the U.S. population. In 2020, we plan to roll out an updated user interface for our mobile app to better engage consumers as well as to improve convenience and ease of use.

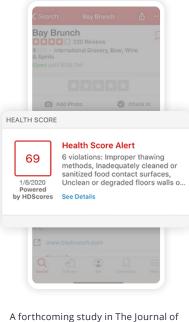
Seated diners more than doubled in 2019



Home & Local Services revenue grew rapidly again in 2019



Enhancing the consumer experience



A forthcoming study in The Journal of Industrial Economics found that Yelp's LIVES program significantly reduced rates of severe food poisoning

*Annual Recurring Revenue ("ARR") is the value of the contracted recurring revenue of Yelp Reservations and Yelp Waitlist term subscriptions, normalized to a one year period

Driving improved long-term profitability

Our growth strategy continues to drive profitability. Stronger budget retention across sales channels and the mix shifts to our accretive Multilocation and Self-serve channels have improved the economics of our business, enabling us to accelerate year-over-year revenue growth from the first half to the second half of 2019, while simultaneously reducing Local sales headcount by 10% in 2019. We believe this transformation in our business model will support profitable growth for years to come.

Our investments are focused on returns. We reduced marketing spending on consumer traffic in 2019, choosing instead to lean more heavily on our substantial organic traffic and our fast-growing proprietary restaurant reservation and waitlist experiences. As we continue to leverage our Restaurants category investments to drive user engagement, we will likely see slower App unique device growth in the short term. However, we believe the higher quality traffic and independent distribution will be far more beneficial for Yelp and its shareholders in the long term.

We are managing overhead expenses wisely. In 2019, we significantly reduced the size of our San Francisco sales office and relocated a portion of our G&A organization from San Francisco to our Phoenix office, reducing some future recurring operating expenses. We are also expanding our office in Toronto to tap into a deep well of technical talent, while reducing reliance on the high-cost San Francisco Bay Area.

Together with the structural benefits of our new growth model, our expense discipline drove a strong incremental Adjusted EBITDA margin of 43% in 2019. We expect the retention gains, sales mix shift, and expense discipline from 2019 to help us deliver profitable growth again in 2020 and ultimately drive us towards our 30-35% long-term Adjusted EBITDA margin target.

We have several announcements to share that support our efforts to drive long-term value for our shareholders:

David Schwarzbach named Yelp's CFO

We are excited to welcome David Schwarzbach to our executive team as our new Chief Financial Officer, effective February 14. David brings a rare and valuable combination of financial and operational leadership talent to the team, having served as Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer of Optimizely, Inc. Prior to joining Optimizely, David held senior finance positions at eBay, Inc., including serving as Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of eBay's North American Marketplaces business, where he had a key role in growing Gross Merchandise Volume to more than \$30 billion. David also helped to drive significant improvements in marketing efficiency there. Earlier in his career, David was an Executive Director in Morgan Stanley's Global Capital Markets division. We are looking forward to partnering with David to drive our long-term financial strategy for the years to come.



David Schwarzbach Chief Financial Officer

Christine Barone appointed to Yelp's board

In 2019, we added three talented and experienced independent directors to our Board to help drive the execution of our long-term plan, and in 2020, we are continuing to enhance our world-class Board. To that end, **we are pleased to announce that Christine Barone will join Yelp's Board of Directors** effective March 1. Christine will replace Mariam Naficy on the Board and as a member of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. Christine brings deep Restaurant-category experience to our Board, having scaled True Food Kitchen to more than 30 stores in 14 states in her role there as Chief Executive Officer. Prior to True Food Kitchen, she served as Senior Vice President, Food, Evenings and Licensed Stores at Starbucks. Earlier in her career, she spent more than a decade at Bain & Company, and began her career as an investment banker. We believe her leadership and restaurant experience will help us serve both our shareholders and customers.



Christine Barone Yelp Director

Member of Nominating & Corporate Governance Committee

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Board approved \$250 million increase to share repurchase program

Yelp's Board of Directors authorized a \$250 million increase to our share repurchase program, bringing the amount we have committed to reducing dilution, returning excess capital to shareholders, and optimizing our capital structure to nearly \$1 billion since we initiated our buyback program in July 2017. Our management team and Board remain focused on managing investors' capital wisely and will continue to explore opportunities to drive shareholder value through effective and flexible capital allocation, and we believe the execution of our plan will continue to support a strong balance sheet.

In summary,

We made excellent progress on our long-term strategic plan in 2019. We not only accelerated revenue growth in the second half of the year, but also improved the margin structure of our business. I am proud of our team's hard work and focused execution, which has driven strong momentum. These achievements create a foundation for another year of profitable growth and bring us closer to realizing our long-term financial targets.

Sincerely,

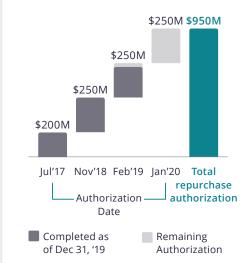
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Jeremy Stoppelman

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Committed to Returning Capital to Shareholders



Fourth Quarter and Full Year 2019 Financial Review

Net revenue grew to \$269 million in the fourth quarter of 2019, a 10% increase over the fourth quarter of 2018. While strong, Net revenue growth was slightly below our Business Outlook range of 11-13% for the quarter. Although budget retention continued to improve year-over-year in each month of the quarter, the improvement in December narrowed more than we anticipated due to seasonal spending reductions among our SMB customers. In January 2020, non-term advertiser acquisition and budget retention rebounded to record levels as businesses resumed spending in the new year. For the full year 2019, Net revenue was \$1 billion, an 8% year-over-year growth rate, in line with our updated full-year 2019 Business Outlook of 8%

Advertising revenue was \$259 million in the fourth quarter of 2019, a 10% increase over the fourth quarter of 2018. For the full year 2019, Advertising revenue was \$977 million, an increase of 8% from the full year 2018. The increases in both periods were driven by growth in the number of Paying advertising locations and higher advertising budgets from Multi-location customers. The number of Paying advertising locations in the fourth quarter grew 4% year-over-year to 565,000, reflecting improved Local revenue retention and productivity from our Local advertising sales force.



Transactions revenue was \$3 million in the fourth quarter of 2019, down 12% from the fourth quarter of 2018, and \$12 million in the full year 2019, down 9% from the full year 2018. The decreases in both periods were primarily due to declines in fees earned from Grubhub for processing credit card transactions related to Grubhub orders that originated on our platform.

Other services revenue was \$7 million in the fourth quarter of 2019, up 23% from the fourth quarter of 2018, and \$25 million in the full year 2019, up 15% from the full year 2018. The increases in both periods were primarily driven by growth in Yelp Waitlist and Yelp Reservations subscription revenue.

| | Thr | Three Months Ended December 31, | | | | | Year Ended December 31, | | | | |
|------------------------|-----|---------------------------------|----|---------|----|-----------|-------------------------|---------|--|--|--|
| Net revenue by product | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2019 | | 2018 | | | |
| Advertising | \$ | 258,952 | \$ | 234,774 | \$ | 976,925 | \$ | 907,487 | | | |
| Transactions | | 2,908 | | 3,293 | | 12,436 | | 13,694 | | | |
| Other services | | 6,963 | | 5,673 | | 24,833 | | 21,592 | | | |
| Total net revenue | \$ | 268,823 | \$ | 243,740 | \$ | 1,014,194 | \$ | 942,773 | | | |

Operating expenses & Adjusted EBITDA

Cost of revenue (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) was \$17 million in the fourth quarter of 2019, up \$2 million, or 17%, compared to the fourth quarter of 2018, and \$62 million in the full year 2019, up 8% from the full year 2018. The increases in both periods were primarily due to an increase in advertising fulfillment costs as well as increased website infrastructure expense.

Sales and marketing expenses totaled \$126 million in the fourth quarter of 2019 and \$500 million for the full year 2019, in both cases up 4% from the prior-year periods. Despite the decrease in our Local sales force, the increase in expenses in both periods was driven by higher commissions earned from stronger sales force productivity and higher employee costs as tenured sales representatives comprised a larger proportion of our sales force. These increases were partially offset by lower marketing expenses from continued efforts to optimize our marketing spend.

We expect overall sales headcount to be flat in 2020 as compared to the prior year, with our Local sales headcount decreasing by a low single-digit percentage, offsetting growth in headcount of our Multi-location sales teams.

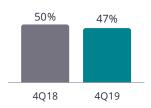
Product development expenses were \$61 million in the fourth quarter, up 13% compared to the fourth quarter of 2018, driven by higher employee costs as we expanded our product development and engineering teams to deliver our 2020 product initiatives.

For the full year 2019, Product development expenses increased by 9% due to employee costs associated with increased headcount. We expect to continue to expand our product and engineering teams in 2020 to support our increased focus on business-owner products and marketplace transaction features, as well as to continue enhancing the Yelp consumer experience.

COR % of Revenue



S&M % of Revenue



PD % of Revenue



General and administrative expenses were \$34 million in the fourth quarter, up 15%, or \$4 million, compared to the fourth quarter of 2018, due to increases in employee costs associated with increased headcount in our general and administrative functions, as well as higher bad debt expense resulting from the increase in Advertising revenue.

For the full year 2019, General and administrative expenses increased by 13%, due to employee costs associated with increased headcount, as well as \$7 million in fees related to shareholder activism. Excluding these fees related to shareholder activism, the increase in General and administrative expenses for the full year would have been 7%.

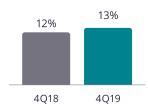
Total costs and expenses were \$251 million in the fourth quarter, up 9% from \$231 million in the fourth quarter of 2018, and \$979 million for the full year 2019, a 7% increase compared to \$917 million for the full year 2018.

Income tax expense was \$3 million in the fourth quarter of 2019 and \$9 million for the full year 2019, compared to an Income tax benefit of \$15 million in the fourth quarter of 2018 and for the full year 2018. The benefit recorded in the fourth quarter of 2018 was related to the release of a valuation allowance against certain of our deferred tax assets.

Net income was \$17 million in the fourth quarter of 2019 compared to Net income of \$32 million in the fourth quarter of 2018, and \$41 million for the full year 2019, down from \$55 million for the full year 2018. The year-over-year declines were due to higher taxes in 2019 compared to 2018, which included the previously noted valuation allowance release.

Diluted earnings per share was \$0.24 in the fourth quarter of 2019, down from the \$0.37 we reported in the fourth quarter of 2018, resulting from a decrease in Net income partially offset by an 15% reduction in weighted-average diluted shares outstanding resulting from our share repurchases.

G&A % of Revenue





Adjusted EBITDA was \$61 million in the fourth quarter of 2019, a 15% increase from \$53 million in the fourth quarter of 2018. Adjusted EBITDA margin improved to 23% in the fourth quarter of 2019 compared with 22% in the year-ago quarter, driven by controlled growth in operating expenses and the sales mix shift. Stock-based compensation expense was \$31 million in the fourth quarter of 2019, an increase of 6% compared to the fourth quarter of 2018. Full year Adjusted EBITDA was \$213 million, up 17% from \$183 million for the full year 2018.

Balance sheet and cash flow

At the end of December 2019, **we held \$466 million in cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities on our consolidated balance sheet, with no debt.** In 2019, we repurchased approximately 14 million shares for an aggregate purchase price of \$481 million. Since initiating our repurchase program in July 2017, we have returned \$681 million to shareholders as part of our program designed to reduce dilution and manage shareholder capital wisely. **In January 2020, our board authorized a \$250 million increase to the repurchase program.**

During the year ended December 31, 2019, we also used \$43 million in cash to cover employee tax liabilities associated with the vesting of restricted stock units that were settled through net share withholding. Taken together with our repurchases, **diluted share count for the fourth quarter of 2019 was 73.0** million, a decrease of 13.3 million, or 15%, from the year ago period.





First Quarter and Full Year 2020 Business Outlook

We expect to accelerate Net revenue growth once again in 2020, to

between 10% and 12% compared to 2019. For the year, we expect Adjusted EBITDA margin to expand by 1 to 2 percentage points over 2019. We anticipate that margins will expand in the second half of the year, as the expected budget retention improvements, growth in our Multi-location and Self-serve channels, and flat sales force headcount begin to leverage the Product development investments we made at the end of 2019.

We expect more pronounced seasonality in the business compared to

years past, as more of our revenue comes from Multi-location advertisers and an increasing proportion of our Local customers are on non-term contracts. Spending among Multi-location advertisers, which comprised a quarter of Advertising revenue in 2019, has historically tended to start slower at the start of the year and ramp throughout the year. The Home & Local Services category, which accounted for more than one third of total Advertising revenue in 2019, is typically strongest in the spring and summer months. Following our transition to non-term advertising, we also saw more Local advertisers opt to reduce spending during the December holidays and subsequently resume their spending in the new year, which we expect to occur in the fourth quarter of 2020 as well.

Net Revenue Outlook



Adjusted EBITDA Margin Outlook



For the first quarter of 2020, we expect Net revenue growth of 8 to 10% compared to the first quarter of 2019, as advertisers' spending ramps up from the start of the year. We expect Adjusted EBITDA margin to be approximately 2 percentage points lower than in the year-ago quarter, owing to investments in product development and marketing to drive our 2020 growth initiatives outlined previously.

| | First Quarter 2020 | Full Year 2020 |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Net revenue growth (y-y) | 8% to 10% | 10% to 12% |
| Increase in Adjusted EBITDA* as a % of Net revenue | ~ (2) ppts | 1 to 2 ppts |
| Stock-based compensation expense as a % of Net revenue | ~12% | ~11% |
| Depreciation and amortizationas a % of Net revenue | ~5% | ~5% |

*Yelp has not reconciled its Adjusted EBITDA outlook to GAAP Net income (loss) because it does not provide an outlook for GAAP Net income (loss) due to the uncertainty and potential variability of Other income, net and Provision for (benefit from) income taxes, which are reconciling items between Adjusted EBITDA and GAAP Net income (loss). Because Yelp cannot reasonably predict such items, a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure outlook to the corresponding GAAP measure is not available without unreasonable effort. We caution, however, that such items could have a significant impact on the calculation of GAAP Net income (loss). For more information regarding the non-GAAP financial measures discussed in this release, please see "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" and "Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Financial Measures" below.

Quarterly Earnings Webcast

Yelp will host a live webcast today at 2:00 p.m. PST to discuss the fourth quarter 2019 financial results. The webcast can be accessed on the Yelp Investor Relations website at yelp-ir.com. A replay of the webcast will be available at the same website.

About Yelp

Yelp Inc. (www.yelp.com) connects people with great local businesses. With unmatched local business information, photos and review content, Yelp provides a one-stop local platform for consumers to discover, connect, and transact with local businesses of all sizes by making it easy to request a quote, join a waitlist, and make a reservation, appointment, or purchase. Yelp was founded in San Francisco in July 2004.

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In thousands; unaudited)

| | December 31, 2019 | December 31, 2018 | | |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Assets | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 170,281 | \$ 332,764 | | |
| Short-term marketable securities | 242,000 | 423,096 | | |
| Accounts receivable, net | 106,832 | 87,305 | | |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 14,196 | 17,104 | | |
| Total current assets | 533,309 | 860,269 | | |
| Long-term marketable securities | 53,499 | - | | |
| Property, equipment and software, net | 110,949 | 114,800 | | |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets | 197,866 | | | |
| Goodwill | 104,589 | 105,620 | | |
| Intangibles, net | 10,082 | 13,359 | | |
| Restricted cash | 22,037 | 22,071 | | |
| Other non-current assets | 38,369 | 59,444 | | |
| Total assets | \$ 1,070,700 | \$ 1,175,563 | | |
| Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ 72,333 | \$ 61,062 | | |
| Operating lease liabilities - current | | | | |
| Deferred revenue | 4,315 | 3,843 | | |
| Total current liabilities | 134,155 | 64,905 | | |
| Operating lease liabilities - long-term | 174,756 | | | |
| Other long-term liabilities | 6,798 | 35,140 | | |
| Total liabilities | 315,709 | 100,045 | | |
| Stockholders' equity | | | | |
| Common stock | | | | |
| Additional paid-in capital | 1,259,803 | 1,139,462 | | |
| | (11,759) | (11,021) | | |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | | | | |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss Accumulated deficit | (493,053) | (52,923) | | |
| | (493,053) | (52,923) | | |

Condensed Consolidated Statements

of Operations (In thousands, except per share data; unaudited)

| | Thr | ee Months End | led Dece | mber 31, | Year Ended December 31, | | | |
|--|-----------|---------------|----------|----------|-------------------------|-----------|------|----------|
| | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2019 | | 2018 | |
| Net revenue | \$ | 268,823 | \$ | 243,740 | \$ | 1,014,194 | \$ | 942,773 |
| Costs and expenses: | | | | | | | | |
| Cost of revenue ¹ | | 16,656 | | 14,255 | | 62,410 | | 57,872 |
| Sales and marketing ¹ | | 126,370 | | 121,256 | | 500,386 | | 483,309 |
| Product development ¹ | | 61,138 | | 54,273 | | 230,440 | | 212,319 |
| General and administrative ¹ | | 34,164 | | 29,677 | | 136,091 | | 120,569 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 12,849 | | 11,557 | | 49,356 | | 42,807 |
| Total costs and expenses | | 251,177 | | 231,018 | | 978,683 | | 916,876 |
| Income from operations | | 17,646 | | 12,722 | | 35,511 | | 25,897 |
| Other income, net | | 2,611 | | 4,160 | | 14,256 | | 14,109 |
| Income before income taxes | | 20,257 | | 16,882 | | 49,767 | | 40,006 |
| Provision for (benefit from) income taxes | | 3,105 | | (15,064) | | 8,886 | | (15,344) |
| Net income attributable to common stockholders | \$ | 17,152 | \$ | 31,946 | \$ | 40,881 | \$ | 55,350 |
| Net income per share attributable to common stockh | olders: | | | | | | | |
| Basic | \$ | 0.24 | \$ | 0.39 | \$ | 0.55 | \$ | 0.66 |
| Diluted | \$ | 0.24 | \$ | 0.37 | \$ | 0.52 | \$ | 0.62 |
| Weighted-average shares used to compute net incom attributable to common stockholders: | e per sha | | | | | | | |
| Basic | | 70,627 | | 82,706 | | 74,627 | | 83,573 |
| Diluted | | 72,987 | | 86,287 | | 77,969 | | 88,709 |

¹Includes stock-based compensation expense as follows:

| Three Months Ended December 31, | | | | Year Ended December 31, | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|--|---|---|--|--|---|--|
| | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2019 | | 2018 | |
| \$ | 1,119 | \$ | 1,227 | \$ | 4,535 | \$ | 4,572 | |
| | 7,524 | | 7,265 | | 30,668 | | 30,779 | |
| | 16,861 | | 15,004 | | 63,433 | | 56,882 | |
| | 5,001 | | 5,157 | | 22,876 | | 22,153 | |
| \$ | 30,505 | \$ | 28,653 | \$ | 121,512 | \$ | 114,386 | |
| | \$ | 2019 \$ 1,119 7,524 16,861 5,001 | 2019 \$ 1,119 \$ 7,524 16,861 16,861 5,001 5,001 16,861 | 2019 2018 \$ 1,119 \$ 1,227 7,524 7,265 16,861 15,004 5,001 5,157 | 2019 2018 \$ 1,119 \$ 1,227 \$ 7,524 7,265 | 2019 2018 2019 \$ 1,119 \$ 1,227 \$ 4,535 7,524 7,265 30,668 16,861 15,004 63,433 5,001 5,157 22,876 | 2019 2018 2019 \$ 1,119 \$ 1,227 \$ 4,535 \$ 7,524 7,265 30,668 16,861 15,004 63,433 5,001 5,157 22,876 | |

Condensed Consolidated Statements of

Cash Flows (In thousands; unaudited)

| | Year Ended I | Year Ended December 31, | | | | |
|---|--------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 2019 | 2018 | | | | |
| Operating activities | | | | | | |
| Net income | \$ 40,881 | \$ 55,350 | | | | |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 49,356 | 42,807 | | | | |
| Provision for doubtful accounts | 22,543 | 24,515 | | | | |
| Stock-based compensation | 121,512 | 114,386 | | | | |
| Non-cash lease cost | 41,365 | | | | | |
| Deferred income taxes | (2,799) | (15,469) | | | | |
| Other adjustments, net | (2,997) | (722) | | | | |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Accounts receivable | (42,070) | (35,664) | | | | |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | (1,349) | (5,192) | | | | |
| Operating lease liabilities | (41,808) | - | | | | |
| Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and other liabilities | 20,148 | (19,824) | | | | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 204,782 | 160,187 | | | | |
| Investing activities | | | | | | |
| Purchases of marketable securities | (541,451) | (751,237) | | | | |
| Maturities of marketable securities | 674,097 | 613,700 | | | | |
| Sale of investment prior to maturity | | 17,895 | | | | |
| Release of escrow deposit | 28,750 | - | | | | |
| Purchases of property, equipment and software | (37,522) | (44,972) | | | | |
| Other investing activities | 461 | 245 | | | | |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | 124,335 | (164,369) | | | | |
| Financing activities | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock for employee stock-based plans | 32,263 | 29,779 | | | | |
| Taxes paid related to net share settlement of equity awards | (42,771) | (50,144) | | | | |
| Repurchases of common stock | (481,011) | (187,382) | | | | |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (491,519) | (207,747 | | | | |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash | (115) | 360 | | | | |
| Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash | (162,517) | (211,569 | | | | |
| Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash - Beginning of period | 354,835 | 566,404 | | | | |
| Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash - End of period | \$ 192,318 | \$ 354,835 | | | | |

Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP

Financial Measures (In thousands; unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended December 31, | | | | Year Ended December 31 | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---------|------|----------|------------------------|-----------|------|----------|
| | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2019 | | 2018 | |
| EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA: | | | | | | | | |
| GAAP net income | \$ | 17,152 | \$ | 31,946 | \$ | 40,881 | \$ | 55,350 |
| Provision for (benefit from) income taxes | | 3,105 | | (15,064) | | 8,886 | | (15,344) |
| Other income, net | | (2,611) | | (4,160) | | (14,256) | | (14,109) |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 12,849 | | 11,557 | | 49,356 | | 42,807 |
| EBITDA | \$ | 30,495 | \$ | 24,279 | \$ | 84,867 | \$ | 68,704 |
| Stock-based compensation | | 30,505 | | 28,653 | | 121,512 | | 114,386 |
| Fees related to shareholder activism* | | - | | - | | 7,116 | | - |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ | 61,000 | \$ | 52,932 | \$ | 213,495 | \$ | 183,090 |
| Net revenue | \$ | 268,823 | \$ | 243,740 | \$ | 1,014,194 | \$ | 942,773 |
| Adjusted EBITDA margin | | 23% | | 22% | | 21% | | 19% |

*Recorded within general and administrative expenses on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations

Non-Financial Metrics

| | 4Q17 | 1Q18 | 2Q18 | 3Q18 | 4Q18 | 1Q19 | 2Q19 | 3Q19 | 4Q19 |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Key operational metrics (in thousands) | | | | | | | | | |
| App Unique Devices ¹ | 28,845 | 30,115 | 32,062 | 34,025 | 32,891 | 35,001 | 36,737 | 37,662 | 35,599 |
| Paying Advertising Locations ² | 478 | 508 | 517 | 524 | 541 | 529 | 549 | 563 | 565 |
| Sales Headcount | 3,300 | 3,300 | 3,350 | 3,700 | 3,850 | 3,450 | 3,300 | 3,650 | 3,600 |
| Active Claimed Local Business Locations ^{3,4} | 3,681 | 3,870 | 4,037 | 4,180 | 4,310 | 4,467 | 4,616 | 4,772 | 4,913 |
| Other non-financial metrics (in thousands) | | | | | | | | | |
| Cumulative Reviews | 148,298 | 155,328 | 162,969 | 170,865 | 177,385 | 184,386 | 191,735 | 199,309 | 205,382 |
| Desktop Unique Visitors ¹ | 76,748 | 73,668 | 73,939 | 68,807 | 62,140 | 62,779 | 61,797 | 62,427 | 54,006 |
| Mobile Web Unique Visitors ¹ | 64,221 | 69,901 | 72,328 | 74,789 | 69,148 | 68,891 | 76,650 | 80,590 | 68,756 |
| Total Headcount | 5,200 | 5,250 | 5,300 | 5,700 | 6,000 | 5,550 | 5,400 | 5,900 | 5,950 |
| Percentage of advertising revenue by category | | | | | | | | | |
| Home & Local Services | 31% | 32% | 33% | 34% | 33% | 33% | 35% | 36% | 36% |
| Restaurants | 14% | 14% | 14% | 14% | 14% | 14% | 13% | 14% | 14% |
| Beauty & Fitness | 12% | 12% | 12% | 12% | 12% | 12% | 12% | 12% | 12% |
| Health | 11% | 11% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 9% | 9% |
| Shopping | 9% | 8% | 8% | 8% | 9% | 8% | 8% | 8% | 8% |

Note: Desktop unique visitors and mobile website unique visitors are calculated using Google Analytics, while we calculate App Unique Devices internally. For further discussion of the differences in how these metrics are calculated and their limitations, please review the "Key Metrics-Traffic" section of our most recent Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q

¹On a monthly average basis

²All business locations associated with a business account from which we recegonize revenue in a given month, averaged for the quarter

³Active claimed local business locations represent the number of active business locations that are associated with an active business owner account as of a given date. Active business locations consist of all business locations that are listed on our platform that have not been marked as closed as of a given date. A business location becomes associated with a business owner account when a business representative visits our platform and claims the free business listing page associated with the business.

⁴Reflects updated methodology for calculating Active Claimed Local Business Locations

More information about the Company, including the factors that could affect the Company's operating results, is included under the captions "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the Company's most recent Quarterly or Annual Report filed with the SEC, available at www.yelp-ir.com or the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This letter and statements made during the above referenced webcast may include information relating to EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin, each of which the Securities and Exchange Commission has defined as a "non-GAAP financial measure."

We define EBITDA as net income, adjusted to exclude: provision for (benefit from) income taxes; other income, net; and depreciation and amortization.

We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income, adjusted to exclude: provision for (benefit from) income taxes; other income, net; depreciation and amortization; stock-based compensation expense; and, in certain periods, certain other income and expense items. For the full year 2019, these other income and expense items consisted of certain fees related to shareholder activism. We define Adjusted EBITDA margin as Adjusted EBITDA divided by net revenue.

EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin are key measures used by Yelp management and the board of directors to understand and evaluate core operating performance and trends, to prepare and approve Yelp's annual budget and to develop short- and long-term operational plans. The presentation of this financial information, which is not prepared under any comprehensive set of accounting rules or principles, is not intended to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the financial information prepared and presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP").

EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of Yelp's financial results as reported under GAAP. In particular, EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA should not be viewed as substitutes for, or superior to, net income prepared in accordance with GAAP as a measure of profitability or liquidity. Some of these limitations are:

- although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized may have to be replaced in the future, Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect all cash capital expenditure requirements for such replacements or for new capital expenditure requirements;
- EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, Yelp's working capital needs;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not consider the potentially dilutive impact of equity-based compensation;

- EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA do not reflect the impact of the recording or release of valuation allowances or tax payments that may represent a reduction in cash available to Yelp;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not take into account any costs that management determines are not indicative of ongoing operating performance, such as restructuring and integration costs or fees related to shareholder activism; and
- other companies, including those in Yelp's industry, may calculate Adjusted EBITDA differently, which reduces its usefulness as a comparative measure.

Because of these limitations, you should consider EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin alongside other financial performance measures, including net income and Yelp's other GAAP results.

Forward-Looking Statements

This letter contains, and statements made during the above-referenced webcast will contain, forward-looking statements relating to, among other things, the future performance of Yelp and its consolidated subsidiaries that are based on Yelp's current expectations, forecasts and assumptions and involve risks and uncertainties. These statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding:

- Yelp's expected financial results for the first quarter and full year 2020;
- Yelp's expectation that improved structural economics will yield incremental expense leverage in 2020;
- Yelp's expectation that its improved non-term budget retention in 2019 will deliver ongoing benefits in 2020;
- Yelp's beliefs that it can deliver far more valuable leads to both existing and new advertisers, while maintaining a great product experience for consumers, and that such leads will drive greater customer satisfaction and retention;
- Yelp's plans to make further improvements to its advertising auction and Request A Quote lead matching, introduce new types of advertising inventory and profile products, enhance its reporting tools, and roll out an updated user interface for its mobile app, as well as the expected benefits of these initiatives;
- Yelp's plan to deliver additional attribution insights and new ad formats, increase National client coverage, and expand into more verticals to continue to drive strong

growth in the multi-location business;

- Yelp's plans to expand the focus of its Multi-location advertising business to include service providers in 2020 and beyond;
- Yelp's product priorities for 2020, including matching advertisers to the right products at the right prices, and the expected benefits from the execution of these priorities;
- Yelp's expectations that it will double diners seated via Yelp and significantly increase the monetization of its Restaurant SaaS offerings in 2020;
- Yelp's opportunity to drive even more value to Home & local services customers in 2020 and beyond;
- > Yelp's belief that the transformation of its business model will allow it to improve profitability for years to come;
- Yelp's belief that its user acquisition priorities will be more beneficial for Yelp and its shareholders in the long term than alternative approaches;
- Yelp's expectation that its budget retention gains, sales mix shift, and expense discipline in 2019 will deliver profitable growth in 2020;
- Yelp's expectations of increased seasonality due to nonterm contracts and its sales mix shift;
- Yelp's confidence in achieving the long-term financial targets; and
- Yelp's plans and ability to reduce dilution and return capital to shareholders, including through its share repurchase program and plans to continue to explore opportunities to drive shareholder value through effective and flexible capital allocation, as well as the expected benefits from such actions.

Yelp's actual results could differ materially from those predicted or implied by such forward-looking statements and reported results should not be considered as an indication of future performance. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to:

- > Yelp's limited operating history in an evolving industry;
- Yelp's ability to generate sufficient revenue to maintain profitability, particularly in light of its significant ongoing sales and marketing expenses and its ongoing investments in product development;

- Potential strategic opportunities and Yelp's ability to successfully manage the acquisition and integration of new businesses, solutions or technologies, as well as to monetize the acquired products, solutions or technologies;
- Yelp's reliance on traffic to its website from search engines like Google and Bing and the quality and reliability of such traffic;
- Yelp's ability to generate and maintain sufficient high quality content from its users;
- maintaining a strong brand and managing negative publicity that may arise;
- maintaining and expanding Yelp's base of advertisers, particularly as an increasing portion of advertisers have the ability to cancel their ad campaigns at any time;
- Yelp's ability to timely upgrade and develop its systems, infrastructure and customer service capabilities; and
- Yelp's ability to purchase shares under the stock repurchase purchase program, or the modification, suspension or termination of that program.

Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences also include, but are not limited to, those factors that could affect Yelp's business, operating results and stock price included under the captions "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in Yelp's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K or Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q at http://www. yelp-ir.com or the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

Undue reliance should not be placed on the forward-looking statements in this letter or the above-referenced webcast, which are based on information available to Yelp on the date hereof. Such forward-looking statements do not include the potential impact of any acquisitions or divestitures that may be announced and/or completed after the date hereof. Yelp assumes no obligation to update such statements.