



USD Partners LP



RBC Capital Markets MLP Conference

November 2015



Cautionary Statements

This presentation may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of U.S. federal securities laws, including statements related to USD Partners LP's ("USD" or the "Partnership") expected Adjusted EBITDA, yield and distribution growth in 2016, the stability and predictability of the Partnership's cash flows, the Partnership's financial flexibility, the intention of Energy Capital Partners to invest in our sponsor, Canadian oil sands growth expectations and pipeline capacity and timing, and expectations related to crude oil spreads and their impact on demand for crude by rail. These statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology including "may," "believe," "will," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "continue," or other similar words. These statements discuss future expectations, contain projections of results of operations or of financial condition, or state other "forward-looking" information. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties. When considering these forward-looking statements, you should keep in mind the risk factors and other cautionary statements in this presentation, which could cause our actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement.

A forward-looking statement may include a statement of the assumptions or bases underlying the forward-looking statement. USD believes that it has chosen these assumptions or bases in good faith and that they are reasonable. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. Except as required by law, USD undertakes no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statement. You should also understand that it is not possible to predict or identify all such factors and should not consider the following list to be a complete statement of all potential risks and uncertainties:

Changes in general economic conditions; the effects of competitive conditions in our industry, in particular, by pipelines and other terminalling facilities; shut-downs or cutbacks at upstream production facilities, or refineries, petrochemical plants or other businesses to which we transport products; the supply of, and demand for, crude oil and biofuel rail terminalling services; our limited history as a separate public partnership; our ability to successfully implement our business plan; our ability to complete growth projects on time and on budget; operating hazards and other risks incidental to handling crude oil and biofuels that may not be fully covered by insurance; disruptions due to equipment interruption or failure at our facilities or third-party facilities on which our business is dependent; our ability to successfully identify and finance acquisitions and other growth opportunities; natural disasters, weather-related delays, casualty losses and other matters beyond our control; interest rates; labor relations; large customer defaults; change in availability and cost of capital; changes in tax status; changes in laws or regulations to which we are subject, including compliance with environmental and operational safety regulations that may increase our costs; changes in insurance markets impacting cost and the level and types of coverage available; disruptions due to equipment interruption or failure at our facilities or third-party facilities on which our business is dependent; the effects of future litigation; and the factors discussed in the "Risk Factors" section of the Partnership's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014, as updated by the Partnership's subsequently filed Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, which are available to the public at the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's website (www.sec.gov) and at the Partnership's website (www.usdpartners.com).

Overview of USD Partners LP



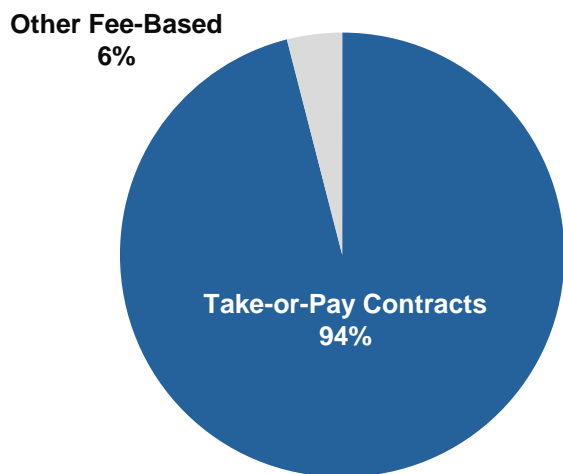
USD Partners LP



Overview of USD Partners LP

- Formed in 2014 by US Development Group, LLC (“USDG”) to acquire, develop and operate energy-related rail terminals and other high quality complementary midstream assets
- **USDP units offer an attractive ~12% current yield with 10% growth in 2016, underpinned by stable and predictable cash flows primarily from take-or-pay agreements with investment grade customers ¹**
- Partnership’s high quality, strategic assets include:
 - Crude origination terminal in Hardisty, Alberta, Canada, with capacity to load two unit trains per day
 - Crude origination terminal in Casper, Wyoming, with capacity to load more than one unit train per day and 900,000 barrels of customer dedicated, on-site tank capacity
 - Ethanol destination terminals in San Antonio, Texas and West Colton, California, with unit train capabilities
 - Railcar services through the management of a 3,306 railcar fleet, including 200 new DOT-117 compliant cars
- No direct commodity price exposure

Adjusted EBITDA Driven by Take-or-Pay Contracts



Large, Primarily Investment Grade Customers ²



Note: Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. For a description of Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation to the most comparable measures calculated in accordance with GAAP, see the Appendix to this presentation. Pie chart represents the Partnership’s Adjusted EBITDA for the nine month period ended 9/30/2015 (before corporate expenses), pro forma for the Casper acquisition.

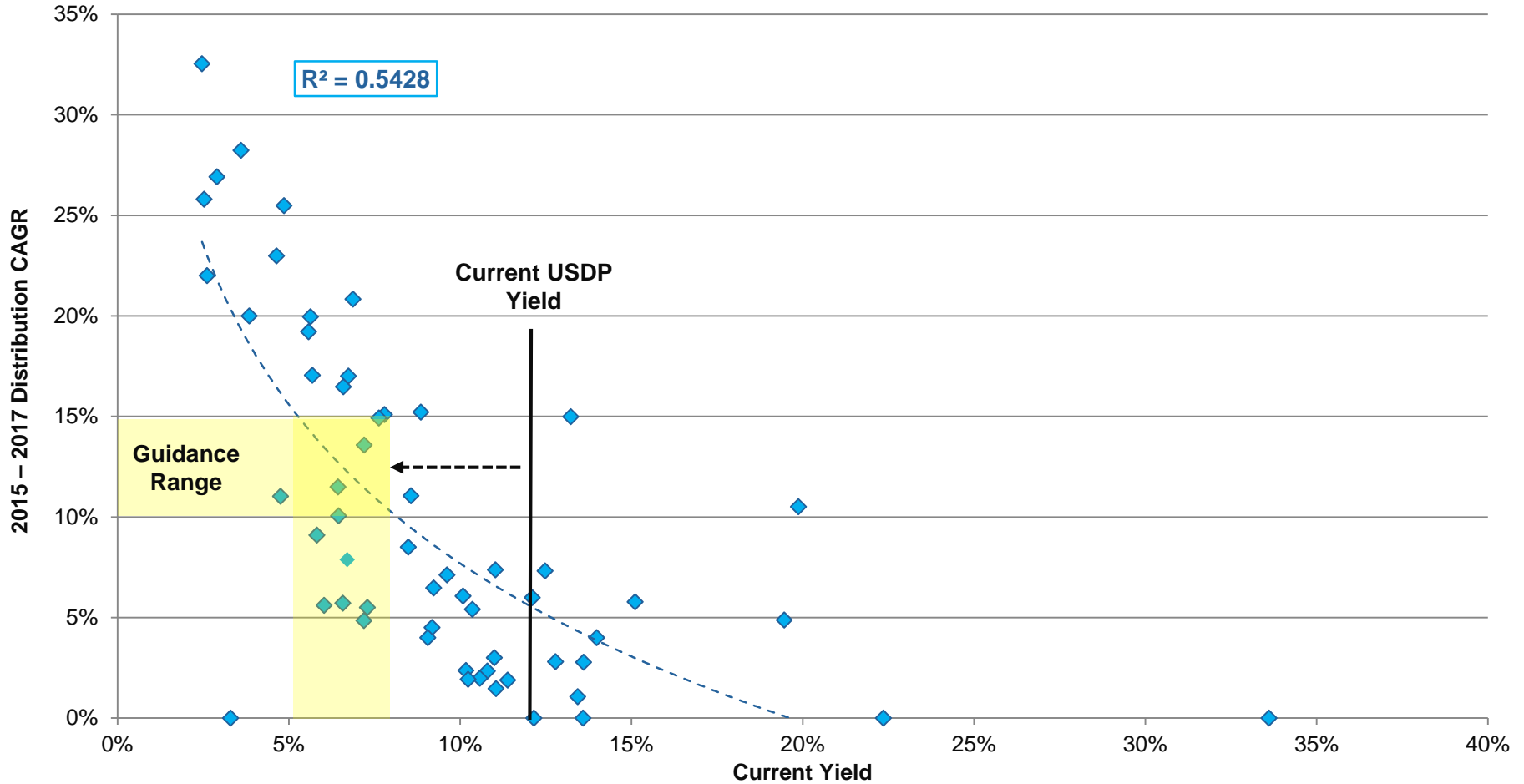
1. Based on closing price of \$9.83 on 11/16/2015 and \$1.17 annualized distribution of \$0.2925.
 2. Includes selected terminal customers.

Attractive Yield Relative to Expected Growth



USDP appears undervalued based on management's guidance of $\geq 10\%$ distribution growth in 2016

Current Yield vs. 2015 – 2017 Expected Distribution CAGR (Midstream MLPs)



Source: Barclays, Bloomberg (as of 11/12/2015)

Note: Includes MLPs covered by Barclays research as of Q3 2015. 2015 – 2017 growth rates determined by Barclays research.

Financial Flexibility to Execute on Growth Opportunities



Partnership has ~\$161 million of available liquidity

- Recently exercised \$100 million senior secured credit facility accordion
- ~\$6 million of cash plus ~\$155 million of revolver capacity, pro forma as of 9/30/2015
- Conservative leverage profile with ~3.6x Net Debt / Adjusted EBITDA ¹
- Expected to de-lever through mid-to-late 2016 to below targeted levels ($\leq 3.5x$)

Well-capitalized sponsor with backing from Energy Capital Partners (“ECP”)

- Sponsor has separate credit facility to support development projects
- ECP indicated an intention to invest over \$1.0 billion of additional equity capital in our sponsor ²
 - Energy infrastructure-focused private equity fund with over \$13 billion of capital commitments
 - Extensive MLP and midstream experience

USDP Leverage and Liquidity

9/30/2015 PF
for Casper
transaction

(US\$ in millions)

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$6.1
Revolving Credit Facility Capacity	351.1
Less: Revolver Borrowings	(196.0)
Available Liquidity	\$161.2
Revolver Borrowings	\$196.0
Term Loan (drawn in C\$, shown in US\$)	48.9
Total Debt	\$244.9
Net Debt	238.8
Total Debt / Adjusted EBITDA¹	3.7x
Net Debt / Adjusted EBITDA¹	3.6x

Note: Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. For a description of Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation to the most comparable measures calculated in accordance with GAAP, see the Appendix to this presentation.

1. Based on nine month period ending 9/30/2015 (annualized) plus \$26 million of expected 2016 Casper Adjusted EBITDA.

2. Subject to market and other conditions.

Overview of Canadian Crude Oil Market



USD Partners LP

Western Canadian Oil Sands are Unlike U.S. Shale



Oil sands production has unique qualities that make it less sensitive to temporary commodity price movements

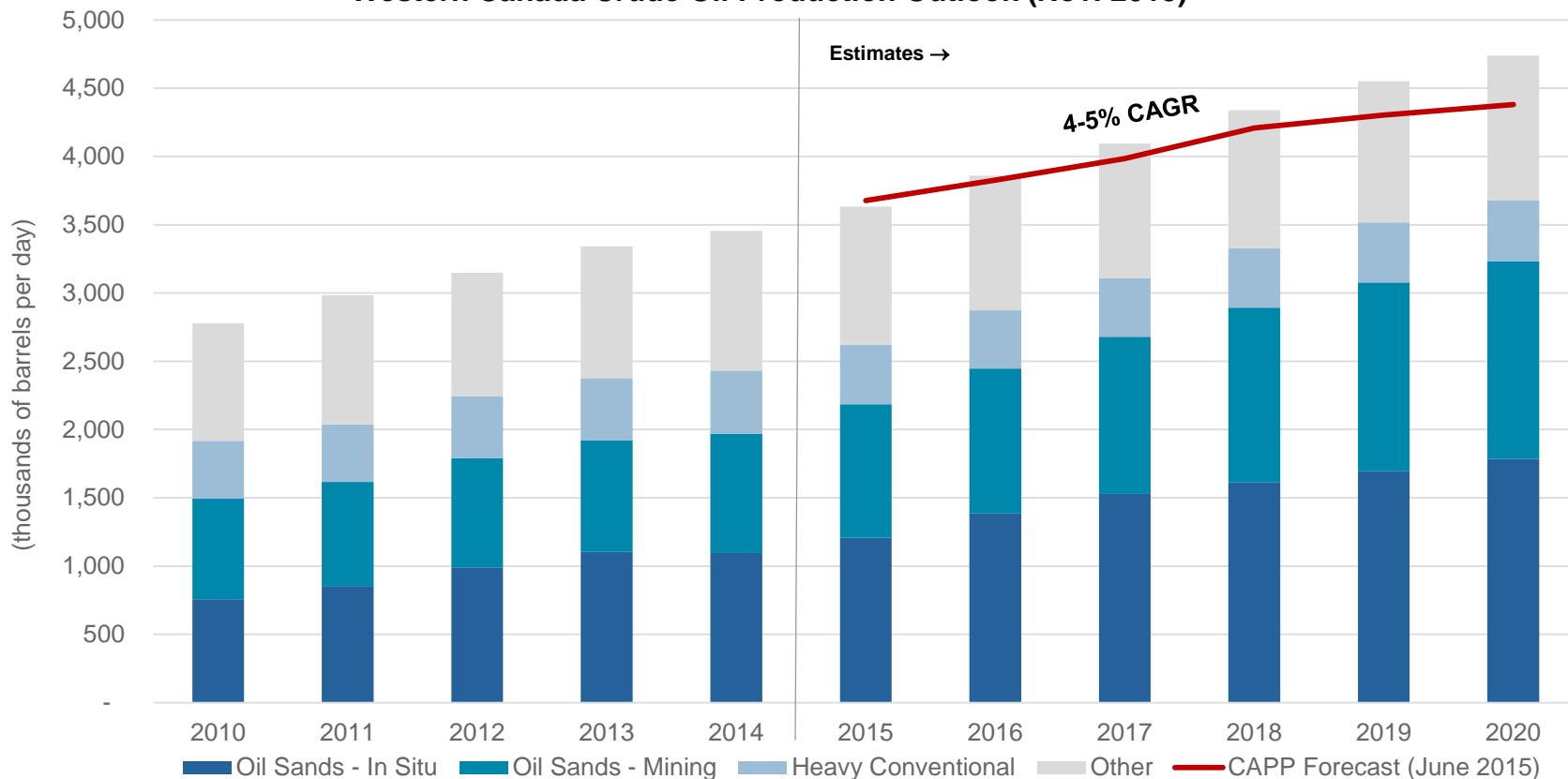
	Western Canada Oil Sands	U.S. Shale
Production Type	Heavy Crude	Crude, natural gas and associated liquids
Typical API Gravity of Crude	Raw Bitumen ~8° Diluted Bitumen ~20-22° Upgraded Bitumen / Synthetic Crude ~31-33°	35° to 50°+
Decline Profile	Very low	High initial declines
Asset Life	~30+ Years	Various
Capital Profile	Significant up front capital	Ratable
Gathering	Substantially all production is gathered into two storage hubs, Hardisty and Edmonton	Local gathering systems are generally well-connected to pipelines into refining centers
Infrastructure	Constrained	Mature / Region-specific

Steady Growth in Western Canada Crude Oil Production



Industry forecasting production growth of 700,000 to 1,000,000 barrels per day by 2020

Western Canada Crude Oil Production Outlook (Nov. 2015)



- Forecast does not include diluent volumes needed to move oil sands production (bitumen) via pipelines
- The industry has recently added **nearly one million barrels per day of new gathering capacity** into the Hardisty hub
- Gibson Energy, USDP's partner at Hardisty, is constructing **2.9 million barrels of new storage** at the Hardisty storage terminal (backed by take-or-pay contracts) to support future oil sands production growth

Additional Pipeline Capacity is Still Unclear



Proposed Long Haul Pipeline Additions from W. Canada Have Faced Meaningful Delays

Proposed Pipeline	Capacity (mbpd)	2013 CAPP Est. In Service Date	2014 CAPP Est. In Service Date	2015 CAPP Est. In Service Date	Current Est. In Service Date
Keystone XL	830	2015	2017	2018	?
Trans Mountain Expansion	590	Q4 2017	Q4 2017	Q4 2018	YE 2018 / Q3 2019
Northern Gateway	525	Q4 2017	Q3 2018	2019	?
Energy East	1,100	Q4 2017	Q4 2018	2020	Targeting 2020
Mainline Expansion (Line 3)	370	–	–	H2 2017	Late 2017

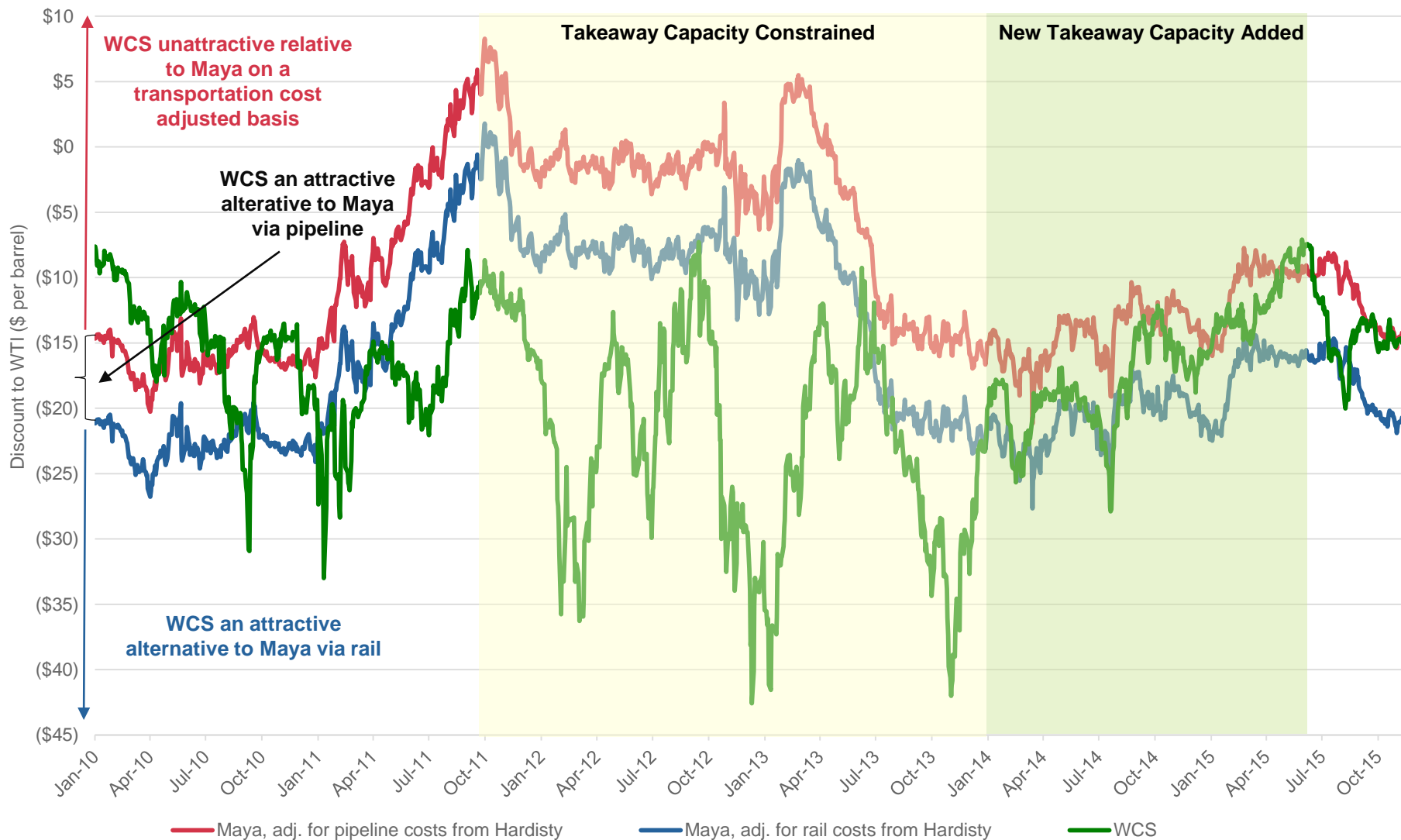
Multiple Headwinds Remain

- Recent political shift to more liberal governments
- Well-organized opposition from environmentalists and general public alike
- Substantial cost increases resulting from delays
- Require long-term commitments for end-to-end transportation costs in order to support returns on substantial capital costs (relative to rail)
- Limited incentives to encourage cooperation between provinces to reach Canada's coasts
 - Vast majority of production originates in Alberta, a province in the interior of the country
- Presidential permit required to cross the U.S. border

Forecasts Suggest Supply Will Exceed Pipeline Capacity



Upcoming takeaway constraints likely to push discounts wider and create a “call” on crude-by-rail



Source: USD Marketing, Bloomberg, PIRA (as of 11/16/2015)

Rail Provides Scalable and Flexible Market Access



Rail enables a number of advantages for both producers and refiners

Cost

- **Less upfront investment and maintenance capital required**
- **Reduced financial commitments**
 - 5 – 15 years vs. 10 – 20 years for pipelines
 - Lower fixed costs / Reduced “no flow” risk
- **Increased ability to scale and expand capacity**
 - Ability to offer tailored takeaway options
- **Transporting heavier barrel promotes use existing railcar fleets**

Speed

- **Shorter development time**
 - ~1 year vs. multiple years for pipeline
- **Faster deployment of infrastructure**
 - Significant rail infrastructure already in place
 - Fewer right-of-way, permitting and regulatory issues or constraints

Market Optionality

- **Option to reach markets with best netbacks and margins on shorter notice**
 - Ability to choose destination once train is loaded
- **Faster physical delivery of product**
 - Nine days from W. Canada to the Gulf Coast vs. 30 – 45 days via pipeline
- **Low fixed cost takeaway alternative**
 - Enables a portfolio approach to transportation
- **Reduced cost of feedstock**
 - Access to domestic feedstock vs. higher priced imports

Quality Preservation

- **Loading heavier grades of crude oil reduces need for costly diluents**
 - Fewer \$ spent sourcing and transporting diluent
 - Bitumen volume uplift
 - Better value with fewer light ends
- **Consistent quality control vs. potential quality degradation in pipeline**
- **Preserve ability to export**
 - Avoid the need to co-mingle Canadian crude with U.S.-sourced diluent

Long-Term, Sustainable Energy Infrastructure Solution

Railing a Heavier Canadian Barrel: Improving the Model



Transporting a heavier barrel of bitumen is expected to improve economics on both ends of the value chain, in a safer and more efficient way

Producer Benefits

- Volume uplift: Ability to ship more bitumen per barrel than what will flow in pipelines (i.e., improve upon the 70 / 30 bitumen / diluent pipeline blend)
- Reduced diluent needs (costs)
- Quality preservation
- Eliminates co-mingling, preserving export potential
- Utilizes existing railcar fleet



Refiner Benefits

- Consistent product
- Ability to blend an optimal crude input
- Utilizes existing railcar fleet

Railroad Benefits

- Non-flammable
- Non-hazardous
- Less volatile
- Safer for communities

Overview of USDP Assets



USD Partners LP

Hardisty Rail Terminal at Canada's Largest Storage Hub

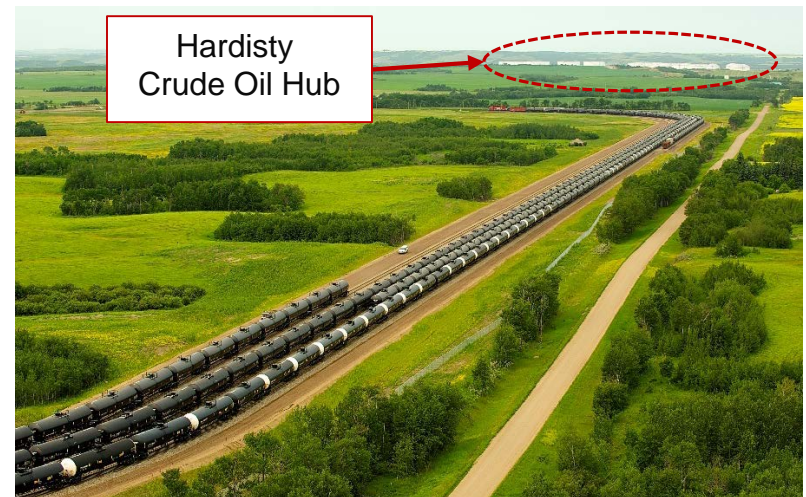


- Crude origination terminal that commenced operations in June 2014
- Only unit train-capable crude-by-rail terminal located at the Hardisty hub, the primary location for storing and originating crude oil from Western Canada with over 20 million barrels of storage capacity
- Receives inbound deliveries via direct pipeline connection to Gibson Energy's Hardisty storage terminal
 - Connected to most major gathering pipeline systems in the Hardisty complex
 - Gibson currently has 6 million barrels of storage with an additional 2.9 million barrels expected by mid-2017
- Connected to CP Railroad's North Main Line, which offers connectivity to all key refining markets in North America
- Ability to load two 120-railcar unit trains per day
 - Fixed loading rack with 30 railcar loading positions
 - Unit train staging area
 - Loop tracks capable of holding five unit trains simultaneously

Hardisty Rail Terminal



Located within Close Proximity of the Hardisty Hub



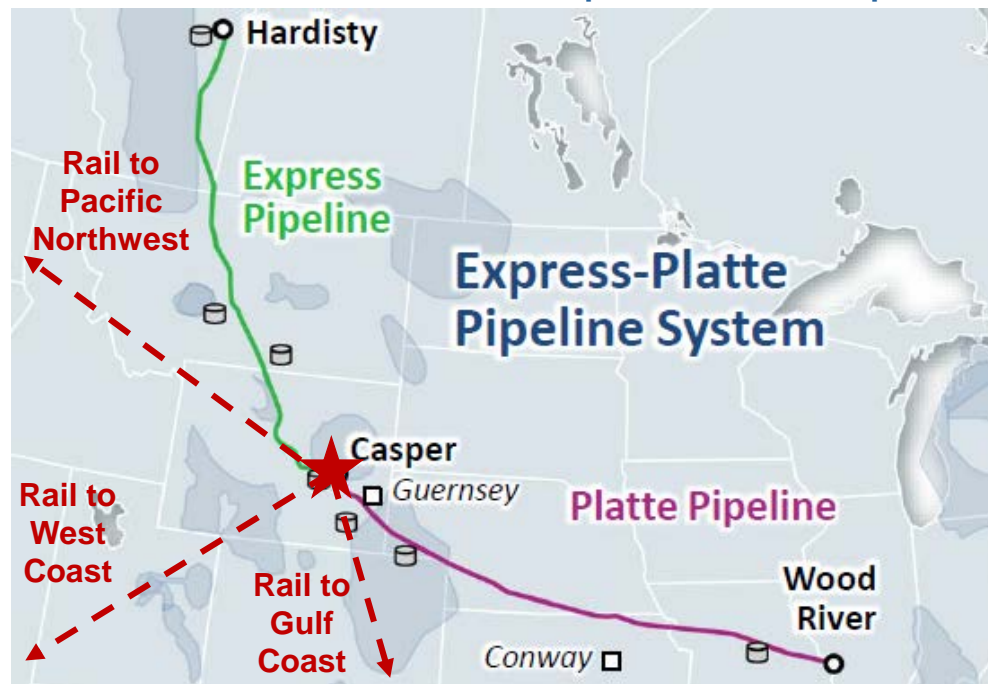
Source: Genscape, Gibson Energy Inc. (Hardisty crude oil storage capacity figures)

Casper Terminal Provides Advantaged Access to Coasts



- Crude origination terminal in Casper, Wyoming, with capacity to load more than one unit train per day
 - 900,000 barrels of customer-dedicated onsite storage capacity
 - Two truck unloading LACT units with ability to send crude oil directly into rail loading rack or tankage
 - Commenced operations in September 2014
- Crude oil primarily sourced from the Express Pipeline, which offers batched shipments from Hardisty, Alberta, into the Casper rail terminal or the Platte Pipeline system
 - Assets include a six-mile, 24-inch diameter pipeline from the Express Pipeline directly to onsite tanks and rail loading arms
 - Alleviates bottleneck in Casper created by capacity differential between Express (~280,000 bpd inbound) and Platte (~168,000 bpd outbound) Pipelines
 - Ability to receive multiple grades of crude oil
- Served by the Burlington Northern Santa Fe (“BNSF”) railroad
 - Approval for both manifest and unit train shipments adds destination options
- Take-or-pay contracts with high quality, primarily investment grade refiners expected to contribute \$26 million of Adjusted EBITDA in 2016

Located at the Intersection of the Express and Platte Pipelines



Terminal Site Aerial View (Sep-2014)



Casper Terminal Tankage Adds to the Value Proposition



Casper Terminal Crude Oil Storage Tanks



Customer-dedicated onsite tankage provides unique value proposition by enabling customers to:

- Preserve specific quality of crude oil
- Blend multiple grades of crude oil to optimize economics
 - Pipeline access to a variety of light, medium and heavy crude oil from Western Canada (dilbit, synbit, syncrude)
 - Ability to receive trucked volumes
- Store crude oil for future shipments

Location offers advantaged transportation costs to key U.S. refining markets

- Offers origination / destination pairing on a single Class 1 railroad to several customer-preferred destinations
 - Faster train turn-times
 - Improved railcar fleet utilization
 - Limited railroad switching fees

Provides network optimization opportunities

- Enhances proprietary network, including USDG's recently acquired Houston Ship Channel site
 - Both sites served by a single railroad (BNSF)
- Creates customer optionality at origin to most efficiently serve destinations

Advantaged Refiner Solution: Access to Multiple Grades of Crude Oil and the Ability to Blend

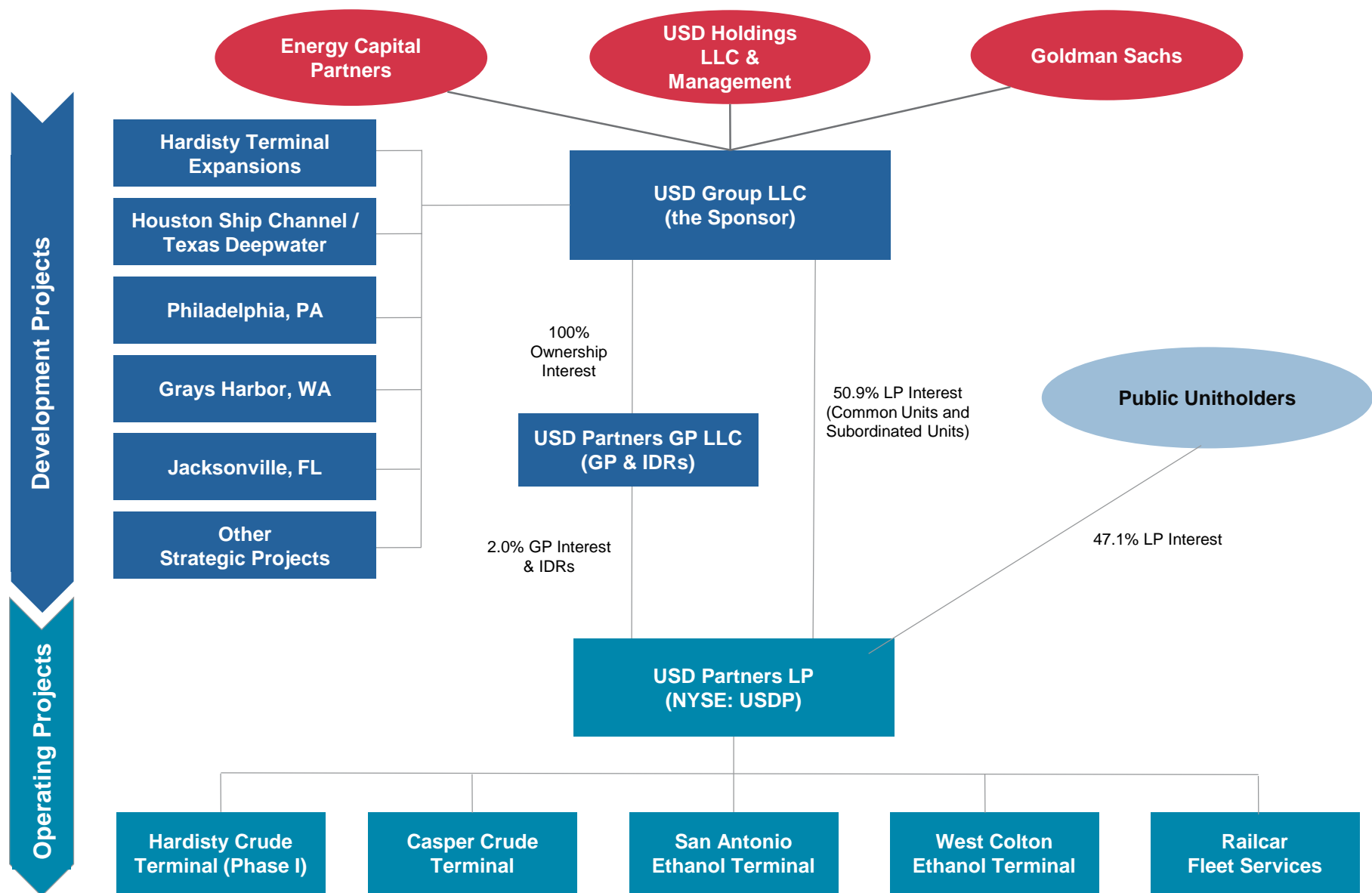


Selected Sponsor Development Projects



USD Partners LP

USD Partners LP Structure



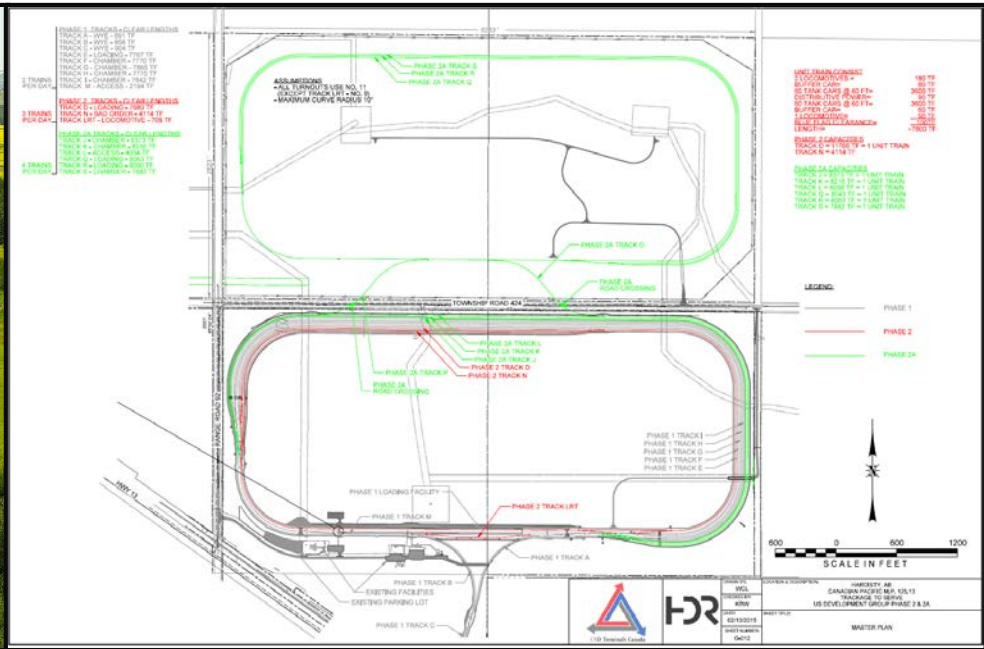
Note: Ownership interests pro forma for recent Casper terminal acquisition and GP contribution to maintain 2% interest. Public unitholders includes 185,000 Class A units (<1% of total units) beneficially owned by certain management team members subject to certain vesting and other conversion requirements and 1.7 million units (~7.5% of total units) issued to certain sellers of the Casper terminal which are restricted for one year post-closing.

Planned Hardisty Terminal Expansion



- Will add capacity for two additional unit trains per day
 - Additional rail staging track, second loading rack and batch integrity system
 - Rack and batching flexibility to target heavier grades of crude (Railbit, DRUbit and bitumen) from WCSB
- Engineering and permitting is substantially complete with 12 month execution plan
- Commercialization efforts underway with both new and existing customers
 - Seeking take-or-pay agreements under similar or longer terms than existing Hardisty contracts
 - Potential for creative small volume transloading options integrated into design / permitting and commercialization plan

Hardisty Crude by Rail Terminal

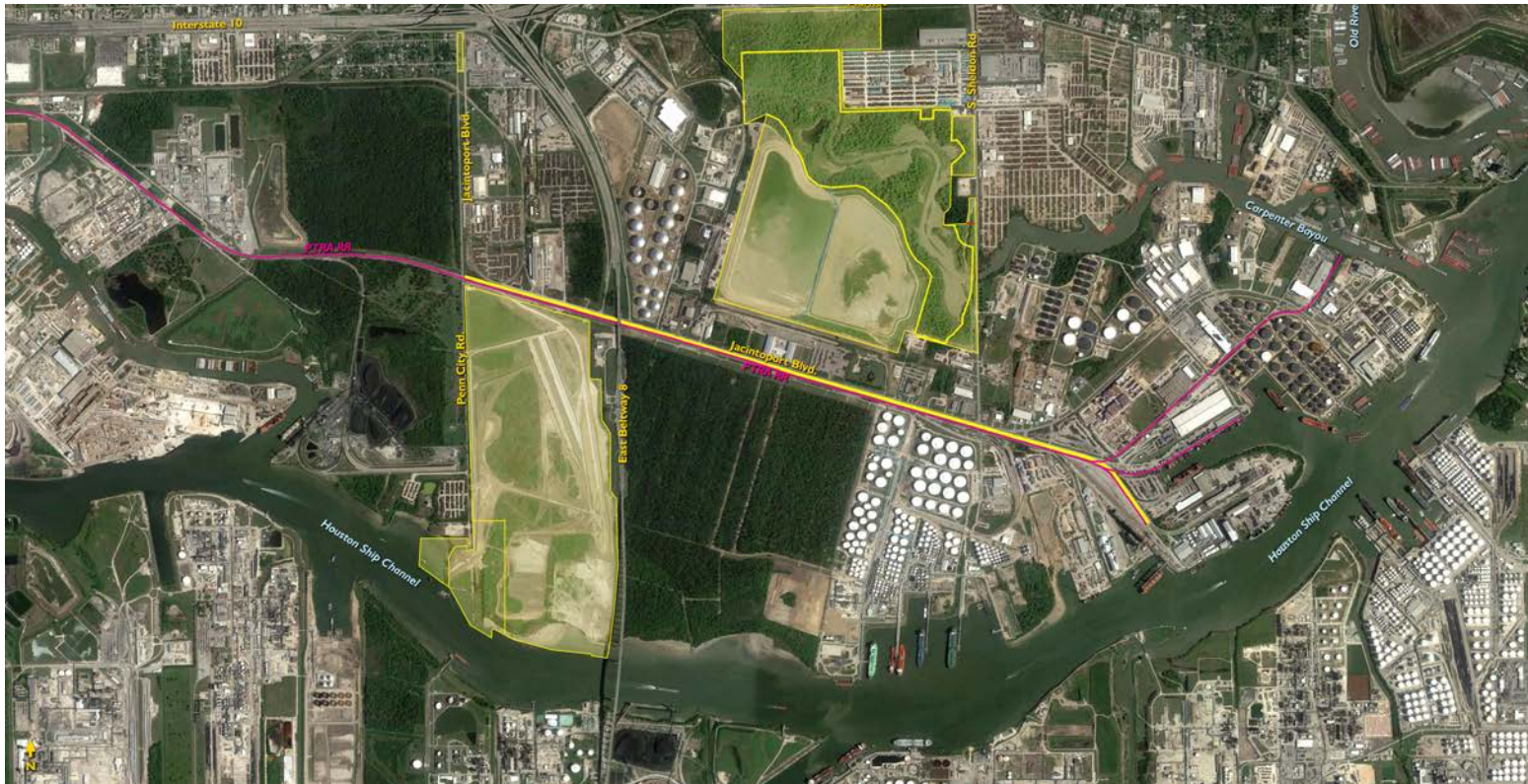


U.S. Gulf Coast Destination on the Houston Ship Channel

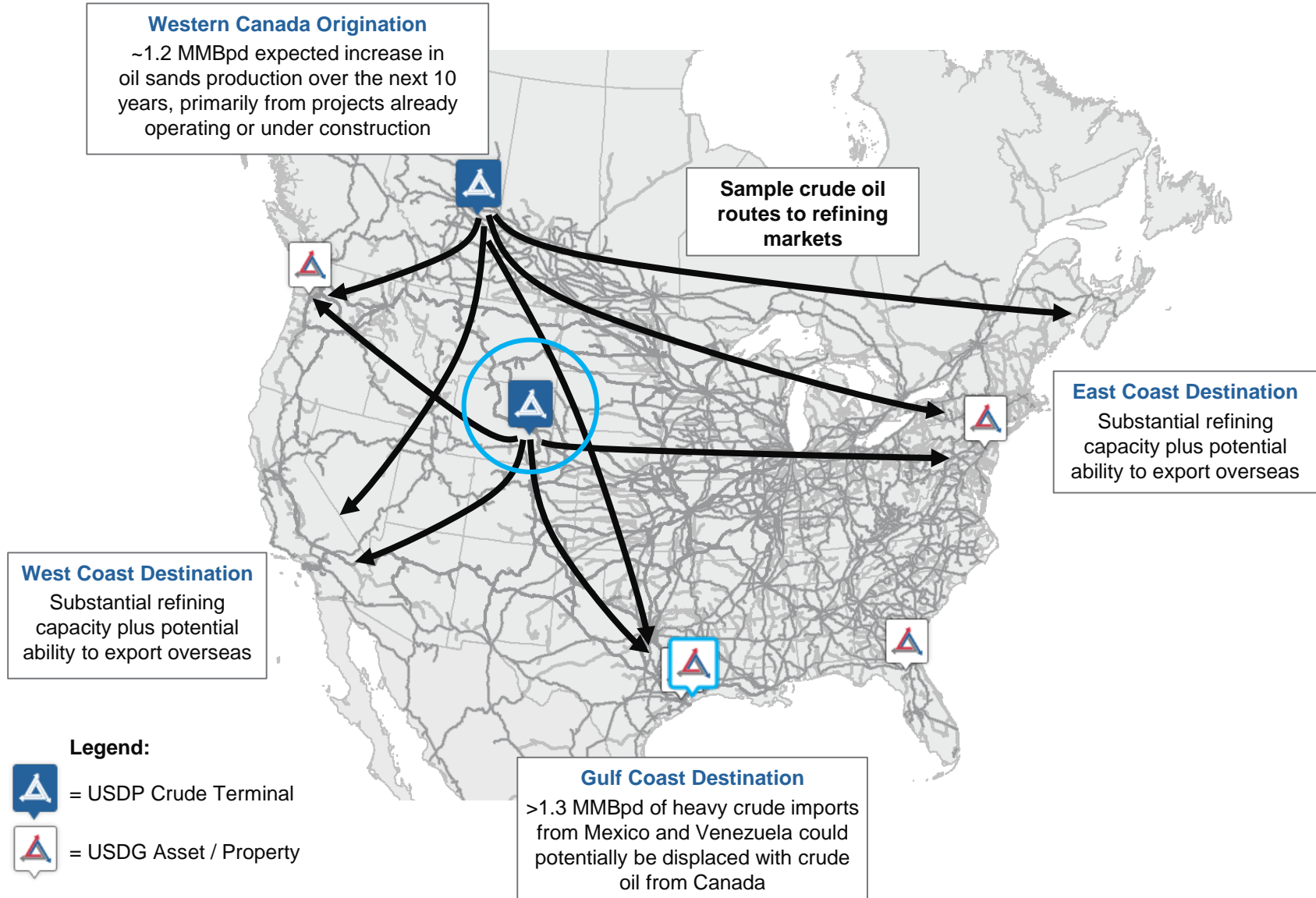


- USDG recently announced a joint venture with Pinto Realty Partners LP to develop a premier U.S. Gulf Coast destination terminal on the Houston Ship Channel
 - 988-acre property could support a multiple unit train per day rail terminal for liquid hydrocarbons, in addition to storage, blending and export operations
 - Location offers direct access to inbound pipelines and service by two Class 1 railroads (BNSF and UP), plus potential outbound pipeline and barge connectivity to the major Gulf Coast refining centers and deep water dock connectivity to international markets
- Commercial efforts have begun with multiple interested parties

Strategic Deep Water Property on the Houston Ship Channel (outlined in yellow)



Building on Our Network Strategy



Source: Canadian Association of Petroleum Producers, U.S. Energy Information Administration, Association of American Railroads

Note: Heavy sour crude oil imports from Mexico and Venezuela per the EIA as of June 2015 (latest information available as of 9/18/2015). Oil sands production growth per CAPP based on change from 2014 actual to 2024 estimated.



Strategically Located Assets

Stable and Predictable Cash Flows

Multiple Growth Levers

Financial Flexibility

Relationship with Sponsor & ECP

Appendix

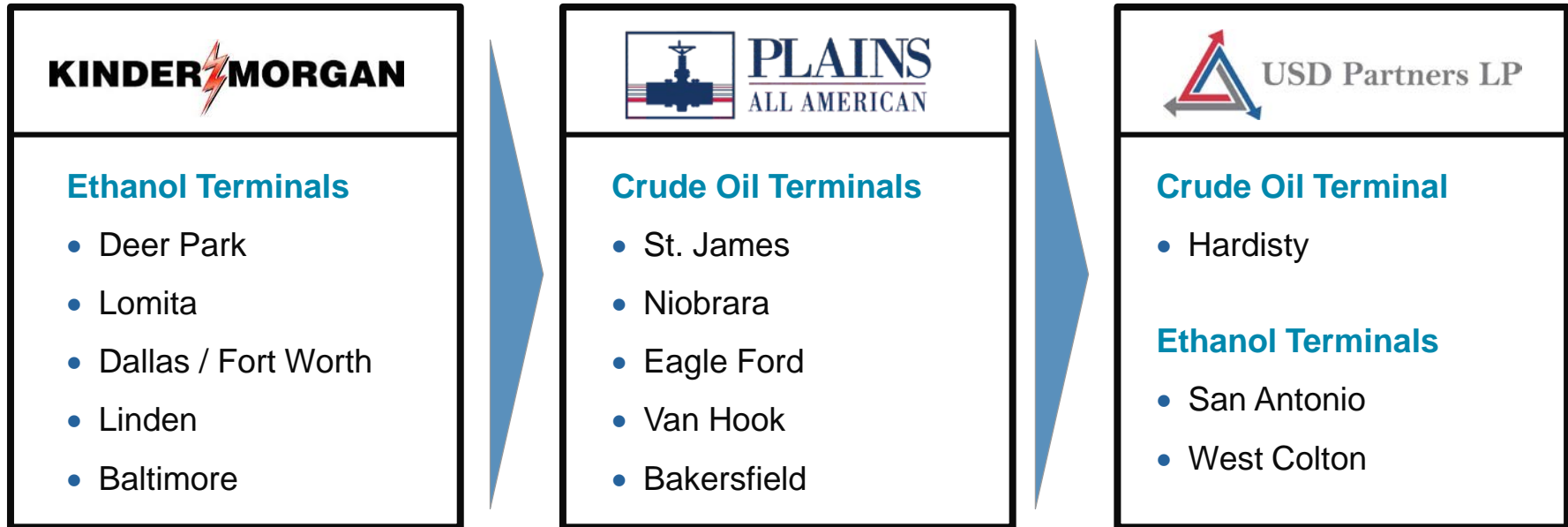


USD Partners LP



- A pioneer of the hydrocarbon-by-rail concept, USDG has a track record of providing **sustainable industry solutions**
- USDG is a proven developer of unit train-capable terminals
 - Built and/or operated 14 unit train-capable origination and destination terminals with aggregate capacity of over 725,000 bpd
 - Safely and efficiently handled ~165 million barrels of biofuels and liquid hydrocarbons

USDG monetized over **\$700 million** of assets to high quality, third party MLPs before creating USD Partners LP in October 2014



Note: All corporate logos are registered trademarks of the respective companies or their affiliates.

Strategically Located Ethanol Destination Terminals



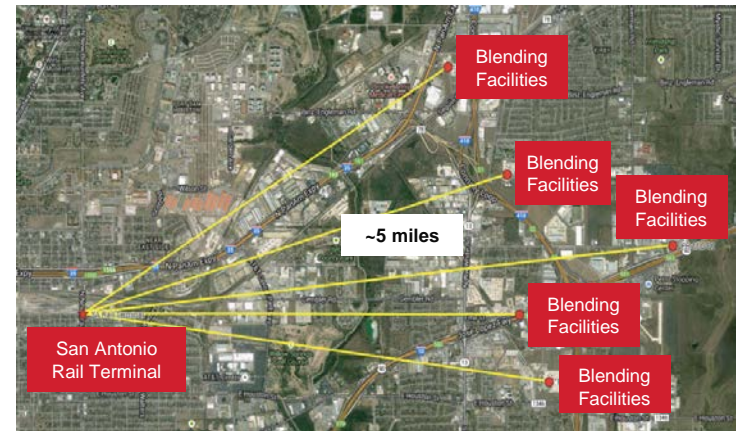
Industry Infrastructure Needs Addressed:

- Fragmented production
- Pipelines disadvantaged and trucks uneconomical
- Significant regional imbalances
- Regulatory pressures regarding gasoline blending

Overview of Ethanol Destination Terminals

- Unit train-capable
- Transload ethanol received from producers by rail onto trucks to meet local ethanol demand
 - Each terminal has 20 railcar offloading positions and three truck loading positions
 - San Antonio: 20,000 bpd max rate
 - West Colton: 13,000 bpd max rate
- Only ethanol rail terminals within a 10-mile radius of nearby gasoline blending terminals serving their respective markets
 - San Antonio and Austin, Texas
 - San Bernardino and Riverside County-Inland Empire region of Southern California

San Antonio Rail Terminal



West Colton Rail Terminal



Our Modern Railcar Fleet

- USDP provides customers access to railcars, as well as railcar-specific services related to the transportation of crude oil, ethanol and other liquid hydrocarbons, including scheduling, regulatory reporting, maintenance, etc.
- We believe this access incentivizes customers to commit to USDP's terminals, as end customers can find it difficult to procure railcars themselves without the economies of scale and relationships with railcar providers



Total Railcars (as of 9/30/15)	3,306
Newest DOT-117 Standard	200
Coiled and Insulated	2,108
Constructed in 2013 or Later	85%
Weighted Average Remaining Contract Life	~5 years



We are committed to safe, efficient and reliable operations that comply with environmental and safety regulations

- All USDP facilities meet or exceed all government health and safety regulations
- USDG has been nationally recognized by the National Safety Council for having an outstanding safety record for the last nine years
- USDG has won numerous safety awards from Class 1 railroads
- USDG has loaded and / or handled ~165 MMbbls of biofuels and liquid hydrocarbons without a DOT/PHMSA recordable spill at any of its facilities
- There has not been a “lost time injury” at any USDP facility for the past seven years
- All USDP facilities have achieved a total recordable injury rate of zero for the past two years



Leadership Advocacy
National Safety Council
RESEARCH
Education

Non-GAAP Measures



We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income before depreciation and amortization, interest and other income, interest and other expense, unrealized gains and losses associated with derivative instruments, foreign currency transaction gains and losses, income taxes, non-cash expense related to our equity compensation programs, discontinued operations, adjustments related to deferred revenue associated with minimum monthly commitment fees and other items which management does not believe reflect the underlying performance of our business. We define Distributable Cash Flow as Adjusted EBITDA less net cash paid for interest, income taxes and maintenance capital expenditures. Distributable Cash Flow does not reflect changes in working capital balances. Adjusted EBITDA and Distributable Cash Flow are both non-GAAP, supplemental financial measures used by management and by external users of our financial statements, such as investors and commercial banks, to assess:

- our operating performance as compared to those of other companies in the midstream sector, without regard to financing methods, historical cost basis or capital structure;
- the ability of our assets to generate sufficient cash flow to make distributions to our partners;
- our ability to incur and service debt and fund capital expenditures; and
- the viability of acquisitions and other capital expenditure projects and our ability to generate incremental cash flows from these opportunities.

We believe that the presentation of Adjusted EBITDA and Distributable Cash Flow provides information useful to investors in assessing our financial condition and results of operations. We believe that the presentation of Adjusted EBITDA and Distributable Cash Flow information also enhances investor understanding of our business' ability to generate cash for payment of distributions and other purposes. The GAAP measures most directly comparable to Adjusted EBITDA are Net Income and Cash Flow from Operating Activities. Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered an alternative to Net Income, Cash Flow from Operating Activities or any other measure of financial performance or liquidity presented in accordance with GAAP. Adjusted EBITDA excludes some, but not all, items that affect Net Income, and these measures may vary among other companies. As a result, Adjusted EBITDA and Distributable Cash Flow may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies.

Adjusted EBITDA and DCF Reconciliation



USD Partners LP
GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations
For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014
(unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	(in thousands)			
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 10,988	\$ (4,048)	\$ 26,277	\$ (2,381)
Add (deduct):				
Discontinued operations	-	(183)	-	(152)
Depreciation	(1,055)	(1,083)	(3,244)	(1,337)
Gain (loss) associated with derivative instruments	2,341	1,375	4,072	573
Settlement of derivative contracts ⁽¹⁾	(1,207)	-	(2,885)	-
Bad debt expense	-	(865)	-	(1,475)
Amortization of deferred financing costs	(152)	(220)	(471)	(877)
Unit based compensation expense	(767)	-	(2,168)	-
Deferred income taxes	41	-	(837)	-
Changes in accounts receivable and other assets	(2,789)	2,508	2,698	5,105
Changes in accounts payable and accrued expenses	(815)	4,838	788	2,488
Changes in deferred revenue and other liabilities	(286)	(3,684)	(12,915)	(8,545)
Change in restricted cash	26	-	(297)	-
Net income (loss)	6,325	(1,362)	11,018	(6,601)
Add (deduct):				
Interest expense	923	1,525	2,910	3,509
Depreciation	1,055	1,083	3,244	1,337
Provision for income taxes	2,142	61	4,148	85
EBITDA	10,445	1,307	21,320	(1,670)
Add (deduct):				
Gain associated with derivative instruments	(2,341)	(1,375)	(4,072)	(573)
Settlement of derivative contracts ⁽¹⁾	1,207	-	2,885	-
Unit-based compensation expense	767	-	2,168	-
Foreign currency transaction loss (gain) ⁽²⁾	2	2,991	(381)	3,679
Unrecovered reimbursable freight costs ⁽³⁾	-	865	-	1,475
Deferred revenue associated with minimum commitment fees ⁽⁴⁾	(353)	1,348	8,027	1,348
Discontinued operations	-	183	-	152
Adjusted EBITDA	9,727	5,319	29,947	4,411
Add (deduct):				
Cash paid for income taxes	(2,070)	(61)	(2,352)	(86)
Cash paid for interest	(827)	(1,261)	(2,787)	(2,396)
Maintenance capital expenditures	-	-	-	-
Distributable cash flow	\$ 6,830	\$ 3,997	\$ 24,808	\$ 1,929

- (1) The amounts presented represent the gross proceeds received at the time the derivative contracts were settled and do not consider the amounts paid in connection with the initial purchase of the derivative contracts. We purchased the derivative contracts for \$108 thousand and \$281 thousand with respect to the contracts settled in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively.
- (2) Represents the impact of exchange rate fluctuations on U.S. dollar denominated transactions incurred by the Partnership's Canadian subsidiaries, primarily related to the Partnership's Hardisty rail terminal operations.
- (3) Represents costs incurred associated with unrecovered reimbursable freight costs related to the initial delivery of railcars in support of the Hardisty rail terminal.
- (4) Represents deferred revenue associated with minimum monthly commitment fees in excess of throughput utilized, which fees are not refundable to the customers. Amounts presented are net of: (a) the corresponding prepaid Gibson pipeline fee that will be recognized as expense concurrently with the recognition of revenue; (b) approximately \$11.8 million and \$25.7 million of previously deferred revenue generated in prior periods for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively; and (c) approximately \$3.9 million and \$8.1 million of previously prepaid Gibson pipeline fees for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, which correspond with the previously deferred revenue recognized.

Reconciliation to Adjusted EBITDA



(Unaudited)	Nine Months Ended 9/30/2015	Nine Months Ended 9/30/2015 Annualized ¹	Casper Terminal Acquisition ²	Pro Forma as of 9/30/2015
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			
Net income (loss)	\$ 11,018	\$ 14,691	\$ 16,290	\$ 30,981
Add (deduct):				
Interest expense	2,910	3,880	6,500	10,380
Depreciation	3,244	4,325	2,995	7,321
Provision for income taxes	4,148	5,531	14	5,545
EBITDA	21,320	28,427	25,800	54,227
Add (deduct):				
Loss (gain) associated with derivative instruments	(4,072)	(5,429)	-	(5,429)
Settlement of derivative contracts	2,885	3,847	-	3,847
Unit-based compensation expense	2,168	2,891	-	2,891
Foreign currency transaction loss (gain)	(381)	(508)	-	(508)
Deferred revenue associated with minimum monthly commitment fees	8,027	10,703	-	10,703
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 29,947	\$ 39,929	\$ 25,800	\$ 65,729

¹ Annualized by multiplying amounts for the nine months ended 9/30/2015 by 4/3.

² Depreciation and provision for income taxes estimated based on actual results from 1/1/2015 through 5/31/2015. Interest expense estimated using a 3.75% interest rate on the portion of the purchase price expected to be funded with additional credit facility borrowings.