UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____



PEOPLES BANCORP INC.

 (Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

 Ohio
 31-0987416

 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)
 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

 138 Putnam Street, P. O. Box 738, Marietta, Ohio
 45750

 (Address of principal executive offices)
 (Zip Code)

 Registrant's telephone number, including area code:
 (740) 373-3155

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated	Accelerated filer \boxtimes	Non-accelerated filer \Box	Smaller reporting company \Box
filer □		(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🗆 No 🖾

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: 18,395,117 common shares, without par value, at July 28, 2015.

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PART I

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PEOPLES BANCORP INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Assets		
Cash and due from banks	\$ 60,370	\$ 42,230
Interest-bearing deposits in other banks	71,892	19,224
Total cash and cash equivalents	132,262	61,454
Available-for-sale investment securities, at fair value (amortized cost of \$730,632 at June 30, 2015 and \$632,967 at December 31, 2014)	736,220	636,880
Held-to-maturity investment securities, at amortized cost (fair value of \$47,626 at June 30, 2015 and \$48,442 at December 31, 2014)	47,483	48,468
Other investment securities, at cost	38,496	28,311
Total investment securities	822,199	713,659
Loans, net of deferred fees and costs	2,012,033	1,620,898
Allowance for loan losses	(18,244)	(17,881)
Net loans	1,993,789	1,603,017
Loans held for sale	4,194	4,374
Bank premises and equipment, net	50,341	40,335
Goodwill	132,252	98,562
Other intangible assets	18,917	10,596
Other assets	56,471	35,772
Total assets	\$ 3,210,425	\$ 2,567,769
Liabilities		
Non-interest-bearing deposits	\$ 681,357	\$ 493,162
Interest-bearing deposits	1,863,215	1,439,912
Total deposits	2,544,572	1,933,074
Short-term borrowings	92,711	88,277
Long-term borrowings	128,633	179,083
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	26,345	27,217
Total liabilities	2,792,261	2,227,651
Stockholders' Equity		
Preferred stock, no par value, 50,000 shares authorized, no shares issued at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014	—	—
Common stock, no par value, 24,000,000 shares authorized, 18,930,081 shares issued at June 30, 2015 and 15,599,643 shares issued at December 31, 2014, including shares in treasury	343,035	265,742
Retained earnings	89,585	90,391
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of deferred income taxes	402	(1,301)
Treasury stock, at cost, 596,045 shares at June 30, 2015 and 590,246 shares at December 31, 2014	(14,858)	(14,714)
Total stockholders' equity	418,164	340,118
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 3,210,425	\$ 2,567,769

PEOPLES BANCORP INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data) 2015 2014 2015 2014 Interest name Interest and dividends on taxable investment securities 4,553 4,140 8,916 8,480 Interest on taxable investment securities 4,553 4,140 8,916 8,480 Interest on taxable investment securities 61 (42) 101 (19) Total interest income 27,566 18,614 51,725 36,766 Interest on deposits 1,618 1,466 3,177 3,034 Interest on short-term borrowings 1,124 1,069 2,270 2,1,11 Total interest on long-term borrowings 1,124 1,069 2,270 2,1,11 Total interest expense 2,773 2,511 5,513 5,243 Net interest income after provision for loan losses 24,121 15,460 45,190 30,932 Other Income 2,284 2,227 5,143 4,338 7,595 7,559 Insurance income 2,284 2,223 3,101 Mortgage banking income 2,312		Т	hree Mon June	ths Ended 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,				
Interest and fees on loans S 22,146 S 14,100 S 27,443 Interest and dividends on taxable investment securities 806 446 1,402 8,20 Other interest income (expense) 61 (42) 101 (19) Total interest income 27,566 18,614 51,725 36,766 Interest on deposits 1,618 1,466 3,177 3,034 Interest on short-term borrowings 1,124 1,069 2,270 2,141 Total interest expense 2,771 5,513 5,243 Net interest income 24,793 16,043 46,212 31,523 Provision for loan losses 672 583 1,022 591 Net interest income 3,283 3,443 7,595 7,559 Deposit account service charges 2,844 2,227 5,143 4,338 Tust and investment securities 11 66 611 36 Net increst income 2,244 1,913 4,591 3,780 Ele	(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)		2015	2014		2015		2014	
Interest and dividends on taxable investment securities 4,553 4,140 8,916 8,480 Interest on tax-exempt investment securities 806 446 1,402 862 Other interest income 27,566 18,614 51,725 36,766 Interest on deposits 1,618 1,466 3,177 3,034 Interest on deposits 1,124 1,069 2,270 2,141 Total interest on ing-term borrowings 1,124 1,069 2,270 2,141 Total interest income 24,793 16,043 46,212 31,523 Provision for loan losses 672 583 1,022 591 Net interest income 2,843 3,443 7,595 7,559 Deposit account service charges 2,844 2,227 5,143 4,338 Trust and investment income 2,544 1,933 4,591 3,780 Electronic banking income 2,244 1,933 4,591 3,780 Frust and investment securities 11 666 611 36 <									
Interest on tax-exempt investment securities 806 446 1,402 862 Other interest income 27,566 18,614 51,725 36,766 Interest on short-term borrowings 1 1,618 1,466 3,177 3,034 Interest on short-term borrowings 1,124 1,069 2,270 2,141 Total interest expense 2,773 16,043 46,212 31,523 Provision for loan losses 672 583 1,022 591 Net interest income after provision for loan losses 24,121 15,460 45,190 30,932 Other Income 2,843 2,227 5,143 4,338 Trust and investment income 2,344 1,933 4,591 3,769 Deposit account service charges 2,848 2,227 5,143 4,338 Trust and investment income 2,312 1,562 4,292 3,101 Mortgage banking income 412 311 715 538 Net loss on asset disposals and other transactions 1166 611 36 <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> <td>\$ 14,070</td> <td>\$</td> <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td>\$</td> <td>27,443</td>		\$		\$ 14,070	\$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	27,443	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Interest and dividends on taxable investment securities		,	4,140					
Total interest income 27,566 18,614 51,725 36,766 Interest on deposits 1,618 1,466 3,177 3,034 Interest on long-term borrowings 31 36 66 68 Interest on long-term borrowings 1,124 1,069 2,270 2,141 Total interest expense 2,773 2,571 5,513 5,243 Net interest income 24,793 16,043 46,212 31,523 Provision for loan losses 24,121 15,460 45,190 30,932 Other Income 3,283 3,443 7,595 7,559 Deposit account service charges 2,848 2,227 5,143 4,338 Trust and investment income 2,312 1,562 4,292 3,101 Mort gage banking income 412 311 715 538 Net jaino nursettment securities 11 66 61 36 Net gaino nivestment securities 11,801 9,598 22,806 19,874 Other tanon-interest income	Interest on tax-exempt investment securities		806			1,402		862	
Interest expense: 1 Interest on deposits 1,618 1,466 3,177 3,034 Interest on bort-term borrowings 31 36 66 68 Interest on short-term borrowings 1,124 1,069 2,270 2,141 Total interest expense 2,773 2,571 5,513 5,243 Net interest income after provision for loan losses 672 583 1,022 591 Net interest income after provision for loan losses 24,121 15,460 45,190 30,932 Other Income: Insurance income 3,283 3,443 7,595 7,559 Deposit account service charges 2,844 2,227 5,143 4,338 Trust and investment income 2,312 1,562 4,292 3,101 Nort gas banking income 412 311 715 538 Net gain on investment securities 11 66 611 36 Net gain on investment securities 11,801 9,598 22,806 19,874 Other Income <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>									
Interest on deposits 1,618 1,466 3,177 3,034 Interest on short-term borrowings 31 36 66 68 Interest on long-term borrowings 1,124 1,069 2,270 2,141 Total interest expense 2,773 2,571 5,513 5,243 Net interest income 24,793 16,043 46,212 31,523 Provision for loan losses 24,121 15,460 45,190 30,932 Other Income 3,283 3,443 7,595 7,559 Deposit account service charges 2,848 2,227 5,143 4,338 Investment income 2,344 1,933 4,591 3,780 Electronic banking income 2,312 1,562 4,292 3,101 Mortgage banking income 412 311 715 538 Net loss on asset disposals and other transactions (136) (177) (1,239) (176) Other Income 1,301 9,598 22,806 19,874 Other Income 1,302 9,51 2,414 2,033 Net loss on asset disposa	Total interest income		27,566	18,614		51,725		36,766	
Interest on short-term borrowings 31 36 66 68 Interest on long-term borrowings 1,124 1,069 2,270 2,141 Total interest expense 2,773 2,571 5,513 5,243 Net interest income after provision for loan losses 672 583 1,022 591 Net interest income after provision for loan losses 24,173 16,043 46,212 31,523 Other Income: 1 15,460 45,190 30,932 7,559 7,559 Deposit account service charges 2,844 2,227 5,143 4,338 Trust and investment income 2,312 1,562 4,292 3,101 Mortgage banking income 4,12 311 715 558 166 611 36 Net loss on asset disposals and other transactions (136) (187) (1,239) (176) Other noome 527 243 1,098 698 Total other income 527 243 1,098 698 Total other income 11,801 9,598									
Interest on long-term borrowings 1,124 1,069 2,270 2,141 Total interest expense 2,773 2,571 5,513 5,243 Net interest income 24,793 16,043 46,212 31,523 Provision for loan losses 672 583 1,022 591 Net interest income after provision for loan losses 24,121 15,460 45,190 30,932 Other Income: 7,555 7,559 Deposit account service charges 2,848 2,227 5,143 4,338 Trust and investment income 2,312 1,562 4,292 3,101 Mottgage banking income 412 311 715 538 Net gain on investment iscentries 11 66 611 36 Net loss on asset disposals and other transactions (136) (187) (1,239) (176) Other Expense: 31,921 22,033 Net occupancy and equipment 3,138 1,739 5,433	1			1,466		3,177		3,034	
Total interest expense 2,773 2,571 5,513 5,243 Net interest income 24,793 16,043 46,212 31,523 Provision for loan losses 672 583 1,022 591 Net interest income after provision for loan losses 24,121 15,460 45,190 30,932 Other Income: Insurance 3,283 3,443 7,595 7,559 Deposit account service charges 2,848 2,227 5,143 4,338 Trust and investment income 2,544 1,933 4,591 3,780 Electronic banking income 412 311 715 538 Net gain on investment securities 11 66 611 36 Net loss on asset disposals and other transactions (136) (1877) (1,239) (176) Other Expense: Intermediate 3,138 1,739 5,433 3,555 Professional fees 1,808 1,320 4,255 2,174 Electronic banking expense 1,025 555 1,760	Interest on short-term borrowings		31	36		66		68	
Net interest income 24,793 16,043 46,212 31,523 Provision for loan losses 672 583 1,022 591 Net interest income after provision for loan losses 24,121 15,460 45,190 30,932 Other Income:	Interest on long-term borrowings								
Provision for loan losses 672 583 1,022 591 Net interest income after provision for loan losses 24,121 15,460 45,190 30,932 Other Income:	Total interest expense		2,773	2,571		5,513		5,243	
Net interest income after provision for loan losses 24,121 15,460 45,190 30,932 Other Income 3,283 3,443 7,595 7,559 Deposit account service charges 2,848 2,227 5,143 4,338 Trust and investment income 2,312 1,562 4,292 3,101 Mortgage banking income 2,312 1,562 4,292 3,101 Mortgage banking income 412 311 715 538 Net gain on investment securities 11 66 611 36 Net loss on asset disposals and other transactions (136) (187) (1,239) (176) Other non-interest income 527 243 1,098 698 Total other income 11,801 9,598 22,806 19,874 Other Expense: Statist and employee benefit costs 14,560 11,241 31,921 22,033 Net occupancy and equipment 3,138 1,739 5,433 3,555 Profesional fees 1,071 413 1,716 872	Net interest income		24,793	16,043		46,212		31,523	
Other Income:Insurance income3,2833,4437,5957,559Deposit account service charges2,8482,2275,1434,338Trust and investment income2,3441,9334,5913,780Electronic banking income2,3121,5624,2923,101Mortgage banking income412311715538Ret gain on investment securities116661136Net loss on asset disposals and other transactions(136)(187)(1,239)(176)Other non-interest income5272431,098698Total other income11,8019,59822,80619,874Other Expenses:Salaries and employee benefit costs14,56011,24131,92122,033Net occupancy and equipment3,1381,7395,4333,555Professional fees1,3209512,4442,033Amortization of other intangible assets1,1442821,817545Data processing and software1,0025551,7601,125Marketing expense530287954547Foreclosed real estate and other loan expenses551197872412Other respense2,3372,1878,3763,949Finchise tax5024421,050827Foreclosed real estate and other loan expenses551197872412Other non-interest expense2,5372,1878,3763,94	Provision for loan losses		672	583		1,022		591	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Net interest income after provision for loan losses		24,121	15,460		45,190		30,932	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Other Income:								
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Insurance income		3,283	3,443		7,595		7,559	
Electronic banking income 2,312 1,562 4,292 3,101 Mortgage banking income 412 311 715 538 Net gain on investment securities 11 66 611 36 Net loss on asset disposals and other transactions (136) (187) (1,239) (176) Other non-interest income 527 243 1,098 698 Total other income 11,801 9,598 22,806 19,874 Other come 11,801 9,598 22,806 19,874 Other Expenses: 5433 3,555 Professional fees 1,808 1,320 4,255 2,174 Electronic banking expense 1,320 951 2,444 2,033 Amortization of other intangible assets 1,171 413 1,716 872 Data processing and software 1,025 555 1,760 1,125 Marketing expense 1,071 413 1,716 872 Forelosced real estate and other loan expenses	Deposit account service charges		2,848	2,227		5,143		4,338	
Mortgage banking income 412 311 715 538 Net gain on investment securities 11 66 611 36 Net loss on asset disposals and other transactions (136) (187) (1,239) (176) Other non-interest income 527 243 1,098 698 Total other income 11,801 9,598 22,806 19,874 Other Expenses:	Trust and investment income		2,544	1,933		4,591		3,780	
Net gain on investment securities116661136Net loss on asset disposals and other transactions (136) (187) $(1,239)$ (176) Other non-interest income 527 243 $1,098$ 698 Total other income $11,801$ $9,598$ $22,806$ $19,874$ Other Expenses: 872 243 $1,098$ 698 Salaries and employee benefit costs $14,560$ $11,241$ $31,921$ $22,033$ Net occupancy and equipment $3,138$ $1,739$ $5,433$ $3,555$ Professional fees $1,808$ $1,320$ $4,255$ $2,174$ Electronic banking expense $1,320$ 951 $2,444$ $2,033$ Amortization of other intangible assets $1,144$ 282 $1,817$ 545 Data processing and software $1,025$ 555 $1,760$ $1,125$ Marketing expense $1,071$ 413 $1,716$ 872 Communication expense 592 390 $1,094$ 749 Franchise tax 502 442 $1,050$ 827 FDIC insurance 530 287 954 547 Foreclosed real estate and other loan expenses 551 197 872 412 Other non-interest expense $2,537$ $2,187$ $8,376$ $3,949$ Total other expenses $7,144$ $5,054$ $6,304$ $1,985$ Income bares $5,177$ $2,080$ $3,725$ Net Net Net income $$4,913$ $$3$	Electronic banking income		2,312	1,562		4,292		3,101	
Net loss on asset disposals and other transactions (136) (187) (1,239) (176) Other non-interest income 527 243 1,098 698 Total other income 11,801 9,598 22,806 19,874 Other Expenses:	Mortgage banking income		412	311		715		538	
Other non-interest income 527 243 1,098 698 Total other income 11,801 9,598 22,806 19,874 Other Expenses: Salaries and employee benefit costs 14,560 11,241 31,921 22,033 Net occupancy and equipment 3,138 1,739 5,433 3,555 Professional fees 1,808 1,320 4,255 2,174 Electronic banking expense 1,320 951 2,444 2,033 Amortization of other intangible assets 1,144 282 1,817 545 Data processing and software 1,025 555 1,760 1,125 Marketing expense 1,071 413 1,716 872 Communication expense 592 390 1,094 749 Franchise tax 502 442 1,050 827 FDIC insurance 530 287 954 547 Foreclosed real estate and other loan expenses 551 197	Net gain on investment securities		11	66		611		36	
Total other income 11,801 9,598 22,806 19,874 Other Expenses:	Net loss on asset disposals and other transactions		(136)	(187)		(1,239)		(176)	
Other Expenses: 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 0 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 3 3 5 5 7 6 3 3 3 3 5 5 7 6 3 1 3 1 7 9 5 4 3 3 5 5 7 6 1 2 0 1 <th1< th=""> 1 1</th1<>	Other non-interest income		527	243		1,098		698	
Salaries and employee benefit costs14,56011,24131,92122,033Net occupancy and equipment3,1381,7395,4333,555Professional fees1,8081,3204,2552,174Electronic banking expense1,3209512,4442,033Amortization of other intangible assets1,1442821,8175455Data processing and software1,0255551,7601,125Marketing expense1,0714131,716872Communication expense5923901,094749Franchise tax5024421,050827FDIC insurance530287954547Foreclosed real estate and other loan expenses551197872412Other non-interest expense28,77820,00461,69238,821Income before income taxes7,1445,0546,30411,985Income before income taxes2,2311,5772,0803,725Net income\$ 0,27\$ 0,32\$ 0,25\$ 0,77Earnings per common share - basic\$ 0,27\$ 0,32\$ 0,25\$ 0,77Earnings per common share - diluted\$ 0,27\$ 0,32\$ 0,25\$ 0,77Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic18,116,09010,755,50916,965,60310,696,129Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic18,216,9981,634\$ 5,030\$ 3,257Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding -	Total other income		11,801	9,598		22,806		19,874	
Net occupancy and equipment 3,138 1,739 5,433 3,555 Professional fees 1,808 1,320 4,255 2,174 Electronic banking expense 1,320 951 2,444 2,033 Amortization of other intangible assets 1,144 282 1,817 545 Data processing and software 1,025 555 1,760 1,125 Marketing expense 1,071 413 1,716 872 Communication expense 592 390 1,094 749 Franchise tax 502 442 1,050 827 FDIC insurance 530 287 954 547 Foreclosed real estate and other loan expenses 551 197 872 412 Other non-interest expense 2,537 2,187 8,376 3,949 Total other expenses 2,231 1,577 2,080 3,725 Net income \$ 4,913 \$ 3,477 \$ 4,224 \$ 8,260 Earnings per common share - basic \$ 0.27 \$ 0.32 \$ 0.76 0.76 Weighted-average number of common shares o	Other Expenses:								
Professional fees1,8081,3204,2552,174Electronic banking expense1,3209512,4442,033Amortization of other intangible assets1,1442821,817545Data processing and software1,0255551,7601,125Marketing expense1,0714131,716872Communication expense5923901,094749Franchise tax5024421,050827FDIC insurance530287954547Foreclosed real estate and other loan expenses551197872412Other non-interest expense2,5372,1878,3763,949Total other expenses28,77820,00461,69238,821Income before income taxes7,1445,0546,30411,985Income before income taxes2,2311,5772,0803,725Net income\$ 4,913\$ 3,477\$ 4,224\$ 8,260Earnings per common share - basic\$ 0,27\$ 0,32\$ 0,25\$ 0,77Earnings per common share - diluted\$ 0,27\$ 0,32\$ 0,24\$ 0,76Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic18,116,09010,755,50916,965,60310,696,129Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - diluted\$ 2,758\$ 1,634\$ 5,030\$ 3,257	Salaries and employee benefit costs		14,560	11,241		31,921		22,033	
Electronic banking expense1,3209512,4442,033Amortization of other intangible assets1,1442821,817545Data processing and software1,0255551,7601,125Marketing expense1,0714131,716872Communication expense5923901,094749Franchise tax5024421,050827FDIC insurance530287954547Foreclosed real estate and other loan expenses551197872412Other non-interest expense2,5372,1878,3763,949Total other expenses28,77820,00461,69238,821Income before income taxes7,1445,0546,30411,985Income\$ 4,913\$ 3,477\$ 4,224\$ 8,260Earnings per common share - basic\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.25\$ 0.77Earnings per common share - diluted\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.24\$ 0.76Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic18,116,09010,755,50916,965,60310,696,129Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - diluted18,253,91810,880,09017,094,09510,807,688Cash dividends declared\$ 2,758\$ 1,634\$ 5,030\$ 3,257			3,138					3,555	
Amortization of other intangible assets1,1442821,817545Data processing and software1,0255551,7601,125Marketing expense1,0714131,716872Communication expense5923901,094749Franchise tax5024421,050827FDIC insurance530287954547Foreclosed real estate and other loan expenses551197872412Other non-interest expense2,5372,1878,3763,949Total other expenses28,77820,00461,69238,821Income before income taxes7,1445,0546,30411,985Income tax expense2,2311,5772,0803,725Net income\$ 4,913\$ 3,477\$ 4,224\$ 8,260Earnings per common share - basic\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.25\$ 0.77Earnings per common share - diluted\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.24\$ 0.76Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic18,116,09010,755,50916,965,60310,696,129Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - diluted\$ 2,758\$ 1,634\$ 5,030\$ 3,257	Professional fees		1,808	1,320				2,174	
Data processing and software1,0255551,7601,125Marketing expense1,0714131,716872Communication expense5923901,094749Franchise tax5024421,050827FDIC insurance530287954547Foreclosed real estate and other loan expenses551197872412Other non-interest expense2,5372,1878,3763,949Total other expenses28,77820,00461,69238,821Income before income taxes7,1445,0546,30411,985Income tax expense2,2311,5772,0803,725Net income\$ 4,913\$ 3,477\$ 4,224\$ 8,260Earnings per common share - basic\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.25\$ 0.77Earnings per common share - diluted\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.24\$ 0.76Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic18,116,09010,755,50916,965,60310,696,129Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - diluted\$ 2,758\$ 1,634\$ 5,030\$ 3,257	Electronic banking expense		1,320			2,444			
Marketing expense1,0714131,716872Communication expense5923901,094749Franchise tax5024421,050827FDIC insurance530287954547Foreclosed real estate and other loan expenses551197872412Other non-interest expense2,5372,1878,3763,949Total other expenses28,77820,00461,69238,821Income before income taxes7,1445,0546,30411,985Income tax expense2,2311,5772,0803,725Net income\$ 4,913\$ 3,477\$ 4,224\$ 8,260Earnings per common share - basic\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.25\$ 0.77Earnings per common share - diluted\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.24\$ 0.76Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic18,116,09010,755,50916,965,60310,696,129Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic\$ 2,758\$ 1,634\$ 5,030\$ 3,257	Amortization of other intangible assets		1,144	282				545	
Communication expense5923901,094749Franchise tax5024421,050827FDIC insurance530287954547Foreclosed real estate and other loan expenses551197872412Other non-interest expense2,5372,1878,3763,949Total other expenses28,77820,00461,69238,821Income before income taxes7,1445,0546,30411,985Income tax expense2,2311,5772,0803,725Net income\$ 4,913\$ 3,477\$ 4,224\$ 8,260Earnings per common share - basic\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.25\$ 0.77Earnings per common share - diluted\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.24\$ 0.76Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic18,116,09010,755,50916,965,60310,696,129Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - diluted18,253,91810,880,09017,094,09510,807,688Cash dividends declared\$ 2,758\$ 1,634\$ 5,030\$ 3,257	Data processing and software		1,025	555		1,760		1,125	
Franchise tax5024421,050827FDIC insurance530287954547Foreclosed real estate and other loan expenses551197872412Other non-interest expense2,5372,1878,3763,949Total other expenses28,77820,00461,69238,821Income before income taxes7,1445,0546,30411,985Income tax expense2,2311,5772,0803,725Net income\$ 4,913\$ 3,477\$ 4,224\$ 8,260Earnings per common share - basic\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.250.77Earnings per common share - diluted\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.24\$ 0.76Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic18,116,09010,755,50916,965,60310,696,129Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - diluted18,253,91810,880,09017,094,09510,807,688Cash dividends declared\$ 2,758\$ 1,634\$ 5,030\$ 3,257	Marketing expense		1,071	413		1,716		872	
FDIC insurance530287954547Foreclosed real estate and other loan expenses551197872412Other non-interest expense2,5372,1878,3763,949Total other expenses28,77820,00461,69238,821Income before income taxes7,1445,0546,30411,985Income tax expense2,2311,5772,0803,725Net income\$ 4,913\$ 3,477\$ 4,224\$ 8,260Earnings per common share - basic\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.25\$ 0.77Earnings per common share - diluted\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.24\$ 0.76Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic18,116,09010,755,50916,965,60310,696,129Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - diluted\$ 2,758\$ 1,634\$ 5,030\$ 3,257	Communication expense		592	390		1,094		749	
Foreclosed real estate and other loan expenses551197872412Other non-interest expense2,5372,1878,3763,949Total other expenses28,77820,00461,69238,821Income before income taxes7,1445,0546,30411,985Income tax expense2,2311,5772,0803,725Net income\$ 4,913\$ 3,477\$ 4,224\$ 8,260Earnings per common share - basic\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.25\$ 0.77Earnings per common share - diluted\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.24\$ 0.76Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic18,116,09010,755,50916,965,60310,696,129Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - diluted18,253,91810,880,09017,094,09510,807,688Cash dividends declared\$ 2,758\$ 1,634\$ 5,030\$ 3,257	Franchise tax		502	442		1,050		827	
Other non-interest expense2,5372,1878,3763,949Total other expenses28,77820,00461,69238,821Income before income taxes7,1445,0546,30411,985Income tax expense2,2311,5772,0803,725Net income\$ 4,913\$ 3,477\$ 4,224\$ 8,260Earnings per common share - basic\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.25\$ 0.77Earnings per common share - diluted\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.24\$ 0.76Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic18,116,09010,755,50916,965,60310,696,129Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - diluted18,253,91810,880,09017,094,09510,807,688Cash dividends declared\$ 2,758\$ 1,634\$ 5,030\$ 3,257	FDIC insurance		530	287		954		547	
Total other expenses28,77820,00461,69238,821Income before income taxes7,1445,0546,30411,985Income tax expense2,2311,5772,0803,725Net income\$ 4,913\$ 3,477\$ 4,224\$ 8,260Earnings per common share - basic\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.25\$ 0.77Earnings per common share - diluted\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.24\$ 0.76Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic18,116,09010,755,50916,965,60310,696,129Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - diluted18,253,91810,880,09017,094,09510,807,688Cash dividends declared\$ 2,758\$ 1,634\$ 5,030\$ 3,257	Foreclosed real estate and other loan expenses		551	197		872		412	
Income before income taxes7,1445,0546,30411,985Income tax expense2,2311,5772,0803,725Net income\$ 4,913\$ 3,477\$ 4,224\$ 8,260Earnings per common share - basic\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.25\$ 0.77Earnings per common share - diluted\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.24\$ 0.76Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic18,116,09010,755,50916,965,60310,696,129Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - diluted18,253,91810,880,09017,094,09510,807,688Cash dividends declared\$ 2,758\$ 1,634\$ 5,030\$ 3,257	Other non-interest expense		2,537	2,187		8,376		3,949	
Income tax expense2,2311,5772,0803,725Net income\$ 4,913\$ 3,477\$ 4,224\$ 8,260Earnings per common share - basic\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.25\$ 0.77Earnings per common share - diluted\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.24\$ 0.76Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic18,116,09010,755,50916,965,60310,696,129Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - diluted18,253,91810,880,09017,094,09510,807,688Cash dividends declared\$ 2,758\$ 1,634\$ 5,030\$ 3,257	Total other expenses		28,778	20,004		61,692		38,821	
Net income\$ 4,913\$ 3,477\$ 4,224\$ 8,260Earnings per common share - basic\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.25\$ 0.77Earnings per common share - diluted\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.24\$ 0.76Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic18,116,09010,755,50916,965,60310,696,129Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - diluted18,253,91810,880,09017,094,09510,807,688Cash dividends declared\$ 2,758\$ 1,634\$ 5,030\$ 3,257	Income before income taxes		7,144	5,054		6,304		11,985	
Earnings per common share - basic\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.25\$ 0.77Earnings per common share - diluted\$ 0.27\$ 0.32\$ 0.24\$ 0.76Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic18,116,09010,755,50916,965,60310,696,129Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - diluted18,253,91810,880,09017,094,09510,807,688Cash dividends declared\$ 2,758\$ 1,634\$ 5,030\$ 3,257	Income tax expense		2,231	1,577		2,080		3,725	
Earnings per common share - diluted\$ 0.27 \$ 0.32 \$ 0.24 \$ 0.76Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic18,116,090 10,755,509 16,965,603 10,696,129Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - diluted18,253,918 10,880,090 17,094,095 10,807,688Cash dividends declared\$ 2,758 \$ 1,634 \$ 5,030 \$ 3,257	Net income		4,913	\$ 3,477	\$	4,224	\$	8,260	
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic18,116,09010,755,50916,965,60310,696,129Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - diluted18,253,91810,880,09017,094,09510,807,688Cash dividends declared\$ 2,758\$ 1,634\$ 5,030\$ 3,257	Earnings per common share - basic	\$	0.27	\$ 0.32	\$	0.25	\$	0.77	
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - diluted 18,253,918 10,880,090 17,094,095 10,807,688 Cash dividends declared \$ 2,758 \$ 1,634 \$ 5,030 \$ 3,257	Earnings per common share - diluted				\$	0.24	\$	0.76	
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - diluted 18,253,918 10,880,090 17,094,095 10,807,688 Cash dividends declared \$ 2,758 \$ 1,634 \$ 5,030 \$ 3,257	Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic	18	8,116,090	10,755,509	16	<u>,965,603</u>	10	,696,129	
, , , , ,		18	8,253,918	10,880,090	17	,094,095	10	,807,688	
Cash dividends declared per common share \$ 0.15 \$ 0.15 \$ 0.30 \$ 0.30	Cash dividends declared	\$	2,758	\$ 1,634	\$	5,030	\$	3,257	
	Cash dividends declared per common share	\$	0.15	\$ 0.15	\$	0.30	\$	0.30	

PEOPLES BANCORP INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		s Ended	Six Months Ended			
		June 30),	June 30,			
(Dollars in thousands)		2015	2014		2015	2014	
Net income	\$	4,913 \$	3,477	\$	4,224 \$	8,260	
Other comprehensive (loss) income:							
Available-for-sale investment securities:							
Gross unrealized holding (loss) gain arising in the period		(6,596)	7,258		2,287	15,898	
Related tax benefit (expense)		2,308	(2,541)		(800)	(5,565)	
Less: reclassification adjustment for net gain included in net income		11	66		611	36	
Related tax expense		(4)	(24)		(214)	(13)	
Net effect on other comprehensive (loss) income		(4,295)	4,675		1,090	10,310	
Defined benefit plans:							
Net income (loss) arising during the period		533	(126)		507	(1,179)	
Related tax (expense) benefit		(186)	43		(177)	413	
Amortization of unrecognized loss and service cost on benefit plans		30	34		62	65	
Related tax expense		(9)	(12)		(21)	(23)	
Recognition of loss due to settlement and curtailment		103	536		372	1,022	
Related tax expense		(36)	(188)		(130)	(358)	
Net effect on other comprehensive income (loss)		435	287		613	(60)	
Total other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax (expense) benefit		(3,860)	4,962		1,703	10,250	
Total comprehensive income	\$	1,053 \$	8,439	\$	5,927 \$	18,510	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)	(Common Stock	 etained arnings	С	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)		easury tock	Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$	265,742	\$ 90,391	\$	(1,301) \$	\$ ((14,714)	\$ 340,118
Net income			4,224					4,224
Other comprehensive income, net of tax					1,703			1,703
Cash dividends declared			(5,030)					(5,030)
Reissuance of treasury stock for common stock option exercises							—	—
Tax benefit from exercise of stock options		63						63
Reissuance of treasury stock for deferred compensation plan for Boards of Directors							155	155
Purchase of treasury stock							(593)	(593)
Common shares issued under dividend reinvestment plan		204						204
Common shares issued under compensation plan for Board of Directors		(6)					115	109
Common shares issued under employee stock purchase plan		(21)					179	158
Stock-based compensation expense		1,026						1,026
Issuance of common shares related to acquisition of NB&T Financial Group, Inc.		76,027						76,027
Balance, June 30, 2015	\$	343,035	\$ 89,585	\$	402	\$ ((14,858)	\$ 418,164

PEOPLES BANCORP INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30,						
(Dollars in thousands)	 2015	2014					
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 14,216 \$	14,442					
Investing activities:							
Available-for-sale investment securities:							
Purchases	(64,105)	(62,800)					
Proceeds from sales	47,567	76,409					
Proceeds from principal payments, calls and prepayments	59,875	36,443					
Held-to-maturity investment securities:							
Purchases		(1,017)					
Proceeds from principal payments	762	642					
Net increase in loans	(4,653)	(62,802)					
Net expenditures for premises and equipment	(5,107)	(3,355)					
Proceeds from sales of other real estate owned	191	138					
Proceeds from bank owned life insurance contracts	—	6,322					
Business acquisitions, net of cash received	98,147	(2,742)					
Investment in (return of) limited partnership and tax credit funds	(108)	358					
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	132,569	(12,404)					
Financing activities:							
Net increase in non-interest-bearing deposits	62,759	1,078					
Net (decrease) increase in interest-bearing deposits	(80,493)	1,079					
Net increase in short-term borrowings	4,434	2,279					
Payments on long-term borrowings	(57,362)	(3,023)					
Cash dividends paid	(4,785)	(3,053)					
Purchase of treasury stock	(593)	(359)					
Proceeds from issuance of common shares		26					
Excess tax benefit from share-based payments	63	77					
Net cash used in financing activities	 (75,977)	(1,896)					
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	70,808	142					
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	61,454	53,820					
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 132,262 \$	53,962					

PEOPLES BANCORP INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation: The accompanying Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements of Peoples Bancorp Inc. and its subsidiaries ("Peoples" refers to Peoples Bancorp Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries collectively, except where the context indicates the reference relates solely to Peoples Bancorp Inc.) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("US GAAP") for interim financial information and the instructions for Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, these financial statements do not contain all of the information and footnotes required by US GAAP for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with Peoples' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014 ("2014 Form 10-K").

The accounting and reporting policies followed in the presentation of the accompanying Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements are consistent with those described in Note 1 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Peoples' 2014 Form 10-K, as updated by the information contained in this Form 10-Q. Management has evaluated all significant events and transactions that occurred after June 30, 2015, for potential recognition or disclosure in these consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of management, these consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments necessary to present fairly such information for the periods and dates indicated. Such adjustments are normal and recurring in nature. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2014, contained herein has been derived from the audited Consolidated Balance Sheet included in Peoples' 2014 Form 10-K.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year, due in part to seasonal variations and unusual or infrequently occurring items.

New Accounting Pronouncements: From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by FASB or other standard setting bodies that are adopted by Peoples as of the required effective dates. Unless otherwise discussed, management believes the impact of any recently issued standards, including those issued but not yet effective, will not have a material impact on Peoples' financial statements taken as a whole.

Note 2. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Available-for-sale securities measured at fair value on a recurring basis comprised the following:

			Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using									
(Dollars in thousands)	F	[°] air Value	Ā	uoted Prices in active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	ve Markets Other Identical Observable Assets Inputs			Significant nobservable Inputs (Level 3)				
June 30, 2015												
Obligations of:												
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	\$		\$	—	\$	—	\$	—				
U.S. government sponsored agencies		3,934				3,934		—				
States and political subdivisions		114,213		—		114,213		—				
Residential mortgage-backed securities		579,701		—		579,701		—				
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		27,200		—		27,200		—				
Bank-issued trust preferred securities		4,668				4,668		—				
Equity securities		6,504		6,295		209		—				
Total available-for-sale securities	\$	736,220	\$	6,295	\$	729,925	\$	—				
December 31, 2014												
Obligations of:												
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	\$	1	\$	—	\$	1	\$	—				
U.S. government sponsored agencies		5,950				5,950						
States and political subdivisions		64,743		—		64,743		—				
Residential mortgage-backed securities		527,291				527,291		—				
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		27,847		—		27,847		—				
Bank-issued trust preferred securities		5,645				5,645						
Equity securities		5,403		5,204		199						
Total available-for-sale securities	\$	636,880	\$	5,204	\$	631,676	\$					

Held-to-maturity securities reported at fair value comprised the following:

			Fair Value at Reporting Date Using									
			Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets			Significant Other Observable Inputs		Significant nobservable Inputs				
(Dollars in thousands)		Fair Value		(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)				
June 30, 2015												
Obligations of:												
States and political subdivisions	\$	4,228	\$		\$	4,228	\$					
Residential mortgage-backed securities		35,893				35,893						
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		7,505		—		7,505						
Total held-to-maturity securities	\$	47,626	\$		\$	47,626	\$					
December 31, 2014												
Obligations of:												
States and political subdivisions	\$	4,282	\$		\$	4,282	\$					
Residential mortgage-backed securities		36,740				36,740						
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		7,420		—		7,420		—				
Total held-to-maturity securities	\$	48,442	\$		\$	48,442	\$					

The fair values used by Peoples are obtained from an independent pricing service and represent either quoted market prices for the identical securities (Level 1 inputs) or fair values determined by pricing models using a market approach that considers observable market data, such as interest rate volatilities, LIBOR yield curves, credit spreads and prices from market makers and live trading systems (Level 2). Management reviews the valuation methodology and quality controls utilized by

the pricing services in their overall assessment of the reasonableness of the fair values provided, and challenges prices when they believe a material discrepancy in pricing exists.

Certain financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis; that is, the instruments are not measured at fair value on an ongoing basis but are subject to fair value adjustments in certain circumstances (for example, when there is evidence of impairment). Financial assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis included the following:

Impaired Loans: Impaired loans are measured and reported at fair value when the amounts to be received are less than the carrying value of the loans. One of the allowable methods for determining the amount of impairment is estimating fair value using the fair value of the collateral for collateral-dependent loans. Management's determination of the fair value for these loans uses a market approach representing the estimated net proceeds to be received from the sale of the collateral based on observable market prices or market value provided by independent, licensed or certified appraisers (Level 2 inputs). At June 30, 2015, impaired loans with an aggregate outstanding principal balance of \$0.5 million were measured and reported at a fair value of \$0.4 million. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, Peoples recognized \$130,000 and \$167,000 of losses on impaired loans, respectively, through the allowance for loan losses.

The following table presents the fair values of financial assets and liabilities carried on Peoples' Consolidated Balance Sheets, including those financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured and reported at fair value on a recurring basis or non-recurring basis:

	 June 30, 2015				December 31, 2014			
(Dollars in thousands)	Carrying Amount		Fair Value		Carrying Amount		air Value	
Financial assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 132,262	\$	132,262	\$	61,454	\$	61,454	
Investment securities	822,199		822,342		713,659		713,633	
Loans	1,997,983		1,962,441		1,607,391		1,581,813	
Financial liabilities:								
Deposits	\$ 2,544,572	\$	2,550,034	\$	1,933,074	\$	1,938,021	
Short-term borrowings	92,711		92,711		88,277		88,277	
Long-term borrowings	128,633		134,188		179,083		183,878	

The methodologies for estimating the fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis are discussed above. For certain financial assets and liabilities, carrying value approximates fair value due to the nature of the financial instrument. These instruments include cash and cash equivalents, demand and other non-maturity deposits, and overnight borrowings. Peoples used the following methods and assumptions in estimating the fair value of the following financial instruments:

Loans: The fair value of portfolio loans assumes sale of the notes to a third-party financial investor. Accordingly, this value is not necessarily the value to Peoples if the notes were held to maturity. Peoples considered interest rate, credit and market factors in estimating the fair value of loans (Level 3 inputs). In the current whole loan market, financial investors are generally requiring a much higher rate of return than the return inherent in loans if held to maturity given the lack of market liquidity. This divergence accounts for the majority of the difference in carrying amount over fair value.

Deposits: The fair value of fixed maturity certificates of deposit is estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation based on current rates offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities (Level 2 inputs).

Long-term Borrowings: The fair value of long-term borrowings is estimated using a discounted cash flow analysis based on rates currently available to Peoples for borrowings with similar terms (Level 2 inputs).

Bank premises and equipment, customer relationships, deposit base, banking center networks, and other information required to compute Peoples' aggregate fair value are not included in the above information. Accordingly, the above fair values are not intended to represent the aggregate fair value of Peoples.

Note 3. Investment Securities

Available-for-sale

The following table summarizes Peoples' available-for-sale investment securities:

(Dollars in thousands)	Amortized Unre		Gross Inrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses		Fair Value	
June 30, 2015							
Obligations of:							
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	\$	—	\$		\$	— \$	—
U.S. government sponsored agencies		3,885		49			3,934
States and political subdivisions		112,186		2,430		(403)	114,213
Residential mortgage-backed securities		580,579		6,655		(7,533)	579,701
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		27,262		122		(184)	27,200
Bank-issued trust preferred securities		5,134				(466)	4,668
Equity securities		1,586		4,992		(74)	6,504
Total available-for-sale securities	\$	730,632	\$	14,248	\$	(8,660) \$	736,220
December 31, 2014							
Obligations of:							
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	\$	1	\$		\$	— \$	1
U.S. government sponsored agencies		5,836		114		—	5,950
States and political subdivisions		62,292		2,510		(59)	64,743
Residential mortgage-backed securities		529,245		5,910		(7,864)	527,291
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		28,021		112		(286)	27,847
Bank-issued trust preferred securities		6,132		3		(490)	5,645
Equity securities		1,440		4,044		(81)	5,403
Total available-for-sale securities	\$	632,967	\$	12,693	\$	(8,780) \$	636,880

Peoples' investment in equity securities was comprised largely of common stocks issued by various unrelated bank holding companies at both June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014. At June 30, 2015, there were no securities of a single issuer, other than U.S. Treasury and government agencies, and U.S. government sponsored agencies/enterprises, that exceeded 10% of stockholders' equity.

The gross gains and gross losses realized by Peoples from sales of available-for-sale securities for the periods ended June 30 were as follows:

	Th	Six Months Ended					
		June 30,					
(Dollars in thousands)	2	015	2014		2015		2014
Gross gains realized	\$	32 \$	220	\$	632	\$	734
Gross losses realized		21	154		21		698
Net gain realized	\$	11 \$	66	\$	611	\$	36

The cost of investment securities sold, and any resulting gain or loss, was based on the specific identification method and recognized as of the trade date.

	Les	s than 12 Mo	12	Months	or N	Т	Total			
(Dollars in thousands)	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	No. of Securities	Fair Value	Unreal Los		No. of Securities	Fair Value	Un	realized Loss
June 30, 2015										
Obligations of:										
States and political subdivisions	\$ 34,827	\$ 392	56	\$ 210	\$	11	1	\$ 35,037	\$	403
Residential mortgage-backed securities	180,761	2,836	48	119,803	4	,697	35	300,564		7,533
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	19,422	184	4	—		_	—	19,422		184
Bank-issued trust preferred securities	2,131	5	—	2,537		461	3	4,668		466
Equity securities	41	1	2	102		73	1	143		74
Total	\$237,182	\$ 3,418	110	\$122,652	\$ 5	,242	40	\$359,834	\$	8,660
December 31, 2014										
Obligations of:										
States and political subdivisions	\$ 2,602	\$ 12	4	\$ 5,788	\$	47	8	\$ 8,390	\$	59
Residential mortgage-backed securities	114,018	1,091	21	216,224	6	,773	57	330,242		7,864
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	—	—	—	19,404		286	4	19,404		286
Bank-issued trust preferred securities				2,509		490	3	2,509		490
Equity securities	40	2	2	96		79	1	136		81
Total	\$116,660	\$ 1,105	27	\$244,021	\$ 7	,675	73	\$360,681	\$	8,780

The following table presents a summary of available-for-sale investment securities that had an unrealized loss:

Management systematically evaluates available-for-sale investment securities for other-than-temporary declines in fair value on a quarterly basis. At June 30, 2015, management concluded no individual securities were other-than-temporarily impaired since Peoples did not have the intent to sell, nor was it more likely than not that Peoples would be required to sell any of the securities with an unrealized loss prior to recovery. Further, the unrealized losses at both June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, were largely attributable to changes in market interest rates and spreads since the securities were purchased.

At June 30, 2015, approximately 99% of the mortgage-backed securities that had been at an unrealized loss position for twelve months or more were issued by U.S. government sponsored agencies. The remaining 1%, or three positions, consisted of privately issued mortgage-backed securities with all of the underlying mortgages originated prior to 2004. Two of the three positions had a fair value less than 90% of their book value, with an aggregate book and fair value of \$0.8 million and \$0.5 million, respectively. Management has analyzed the underlying credit quality of these securities and concluded the unrealized losses were primarily attributable to the floating rate nature of these investments and the low number of loans remaining in these securities.

Furthermore, the three bank-issued trust preferred securities that had been in an unrealized loss position for twelve months or more at June 30, 2015 were primarily attributable to the floating nature of those investments, the current interest rate environment and spreads within that sector.

The table below presents the amortized cost, fair value and total weighted-average yield of available-for-sale securities by contractual maturity at June 30, 2015. The weighted-average yields are based on the amortized cost. In some cases, the issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations without call or prepayment penalties prior to the contractual maturity date. Rates are calculated on a fully tax-equivalent basis using a 35% federal income tax rate.

(Dollars in thousands)		/ithin 1 Year		1 to 5 Years		5 to 10 Years	Over 10 Years	Total
Amortized cost								
Obligations of:								
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	\$	—	\$		\$		\$ —	\$ —
U.S. government sponsored agencies				987			2,898	3,885
States and political subdivisions		248		6,367		30,911	74,660	112,186
Residential mortgage-backed securities				10,643		34,309	535,627	580,579
Commercial mortgage-backed securities						22,916	4,346	27,262
Bank-issued trust preferred securities							5,134	5,134
Equity securities								1,586
Total available-for-sale securities	\$	248	\$	17,997	\$	88,136	\$ 622,665	\$ 730,632
Fair value								
Obligations of:								
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	\$		\$		\$		\$	\$
U.S. government sponsored agencies		—		999		—	2,935	3,934
States and political subdivisions		251		6,632		31,596	75,734	114,213
Residential mortgage-backed securities				10,679		34,542	534,480	579,701
Commercial mortgage-backed securities						22,771	4,429	27,200
Bank-issued trust preferred securities							4,668	4,668
Equity securities								6,504
Total available-for-sale securities	\$	251	\$	18,310	\$	88,909	\$ 622,246	\$ 736,220
Total weighted-average yield		4.79%	ó	2.69%	ó	2.83%	6 2.67%	<u>6</u> 2.70%

Held-to-Maturity

The following table summarizes Peoples' held-to-maturity investment securities:

(Dollars in thousands)	 nortized Cost	U	Gross nrealized Gains	Gross nrealized Losses	Fair Value
June 30, 2015					
Obligations of:					
States and political subdivisions	\$ 3,836	\$	398	\$ (6) 5	\$ 4,228
Residential mortgage-backed securities	36,084		301	(492)	35,893
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	7,563		_	(58)	7,505
Total held-to-maturity securities	\$ 47,483	\$	699	\$ (556) \$	\$ 47,626
December 31, 2014					
Obligations of:					
States and political subdivisions	\$ 3,841	\$	448	\$ (7) \$	\$ 4,282
Residential mortgage-backed securities	36,945		189	(394)	36,740
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	7,682		9	(271)	7,420
Total held-to-maturity securities	\$ 48,468	\$	646	\$ (672) \$	\$ 48,442

There were no gross gains or gross losses realized by Peoples from sales of held-to-maturity securities for the three or the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

12 Months or More Less than 12 Months Total Fair Unrealized Fair Unrealized Fair Unrealized No. of No. of (Dollars in thousands) Securities Value Securities Loss Loss Value Loss Value June 30, 2015 Obligations of: - \$ \$ 320 \$ 6 1 \$ 320 \$ States and political subdivisions \$ ____ 6 Residential mortgage-backed 2 3,787 81 10,269 411 2 14,056 492 securities Commercial mortgage-backed 993 8 58 6,512 50 1 7,505 securities Total \$ 4,780 \$ 89 2 \$ 17,101 \$ 467 4 \$ 21,881 \$ 556 December 31, 2014 Obligations of: 323 \$ 7 7 States and political subdivisions \$ - \$ \$ 1 \$ 323 \$ Residential mortgage-backed \$ \$ 394 394 \$ 18,242 \$ 5 \$ 18,242 \$ securities Commercial mortgage-backed 271 6,356 271 1 6,356 securities \$ \$ Total \$ 24,921 \$ 672 7 \$ 24,921 \$ 672

The following table presents a summary of held-to-maturity investment securities that had an unrealized loss:

The table below presents the amortized cost, fair value and total weighted-average yield of held-to-maturity securities by contractual maturity at June 30, 2015. The weighted-average yields are based on the amortized cost. In some cases, the issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations without call or prepayment penalties prior to the contractual maturity date. Rates are calculated on a fully tax-equivalent basis using a 35% federal income tax rate.

(Dollars in thousands)		ithin 1 Year		1 to 5 Years		5 to 10 Years	(Over 10 Years		Total
Amortized cost										
Obligations of:										
States and political subdivisions	\$		\$	327	\$		\$	3,509	\$	3,836
Residential mortgage-backed securities						497		35,587		36,084
Commercial mortgage-backed securities								7,563		7,563
Total held-to-maturity securities	\$		\$	327	\$	497	\$	46,659	\$	47,483
Fair value										
Obligations of:										
States and political subdivisions	\$		\$	320	\$		\$	3,908	\$	4,228
Residential mortgage-backed securities						495		35,398		35,893
Commercial mortgage-backed securities								7,505		7,505
Total held-to-maturity securities	\$		\$	320	\$	495	\$	46,811	\$	47,626
Total weighted-average yield		%	ó	3.14%	ó	2.28%	ó	2.75%	6	2.75%

Other Securities

Peoples' other investment securities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets consist largely of shares of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Cincinnati (the "FHLB") and the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland (the "FRB").

Pledged Securities

Peoples had pledged available-for-sale investment securities with carrying values of \$471.9 million and \$352.8 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, and held-to-maturity investment securities with carrying values of \$23.9 million and \$22.9 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, to secure public and trust department deposits, and repurchase agreements in accordance with federal and state requirements. Peoples also pledged available-for-sale investment securities with carrying values of \$12.4 million and \$13.5 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, and held-to-maturity securities with carrying values of \$23.9 million at \$13.5 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, and held-to-maturity securities with carrying values of \$23.9 million and \$24.5 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, and held-to-maturity securities with carrying values of \$23.9 million and \$24.5 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, and held-to-maturity securities with carrying values of \$23.9 million and \$24.5 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, to secure additional borrowing capacity at the FHLB and the FRB.

Note 4. Loans

Peoples' loan portfolio has consisted of various types of loans originated primarily as a result of lending opportunities within Peoples' primary market areas of northeastern, central, southwestern and southeastern Ohio, west central West Virginia, and northeastern Kentucky. Acquired loans consist of loans purchased in 2012 or thereafter in a business combination. The major classifications of loan balances, excluding loans held for sale, were as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2015	D	ecember 31, 2014
Originated loans:			
Commercial real estate, construction	\$ 50,168	\$	37,901
Commercial real estate, other	449,163		434,660
Commercial real estate	499,331		472,561
Commercial and industrial	256,080		249,975
Residential real estate	263,129		254,169
Home equity lines of credit	67,384		62,463
Consumer	196,306		169,913
Deposit account overdrafts	3,263		2,933
Total originated loans	\$ 1,285,493	\$	1,212,014
Acquired Loans:			
Commercial real estate, construction	\$ 11,220	\$	1,051
Commercial real estate, other	293,369		121,475
Commercial real estate	304,589		122,526
Commercial and industrial	71,013		30,056
Residential real estate	302,639		225,274
Home equity lines of credit	36,607		18,232
Consumer	11,692		12,796
Deposit account overdrafts	_		—
Total acquired loans	\$ 726,540	\$	408,884
Loans, net of deferred fees and costs	\$ 2,012,033	\$	1,620,898

Peoples has acquired various loans through business combinations for which there was, at acquisition, evidence of deterioration of credit quality since origination, and for which it was probable that all contractually required payments would not be collected. The carrying amounts of these loans included in the loan balances above are summarized as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2015	Dee	cember 31, 2014
Commercial real estate, other	\$ 18,321	\$	7,762
Commercial and industrial	3,538		1,041
Residential real estate	29,145		15,183
Consumer	272		306
Total outstanding balance	\$ 51,276	\$	24,292
Net carrying amount	\$ 39,371	\$	19,067

Changes in the accretable yield for the six months ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	Accr	etable Yield
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$	3,172
Additions:		
Reclassification from nonaccretable to accretable		2,066
NB&T Financial Group, Inc.		3,622
Accretion		(826)
Balance, June 30, 2015	\$	8,034

Cash flows expected to be collected on acquired impaired loans are estimated semi-annually by incorporating several key assumptions similar to the initial estimate of fair value. These key assumptions include probability of default, and the amount of actual prepayments after the acquisition date. Prepayments affect the estimated life of the loans and could change the amount of interest income, and possibly principal expected to be collected. In reforecasting future estimated cash flows, credit loss expectations are adjusted as necessary.

Peoples has pledged certain loans secured by 1-4 family and multifamily residential mortgages under a blanket collateral agreement to secure borrowings from the FHLB. The amount of such pledged loans totaled \$557.2 million and \$457.1 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. Peoples also had pledged commercial loans to secure borrowings with the FRB. The outstanding balances of these loans totaled \$135.3 million and \$150.7 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

Nonaccrual and Past Due Loans

A loan is considered past due if any required principal and interest payments have not been received as of the date such payments were required to be made under the terms of the loan agreement. A loan may be placed on nonaccrual status regardless of whether or not such loan is considered past due.

The recorded investments in loans on nonaccrual status and loans delinquent for 90 days or more and accruing were as follows:

		Nonaccru	ual	Loans	Loans 90+ Days Past Due and Accruing						
- (Dollars in thousands)		June 30, December 31, 2015 2014			June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014					
Originated loans:											
Commercial real estate, construction	\$	—	\$		\$	—	\$	—			
Commercial real estate, other		1,912		2,575		—		—			
Commercial real estate		1,912		2,575							
Commercial and industrial		13,736		1,286		—		—			
Residential real estate		3,266		3,049		101		818			
Home equity lines of credit		418		341		—		20			
Consumer		53		19		4		2			
Total originated loans	\$	19,385	\$	7,270	\$	105	\$	840			
Acquired loans:											
Commercial real estate, construction	\$	—	\$	96	\$	—	\$	—			
Commercial real estate, other		86		9		984		567			
Commercial real estate		86		105		984		567			
Commercial and industrial		549		708		488		301			
Residential real estate		764		304		1,550		1,083			
Home equity lines of credit		39		19		17		_			
Consumer				_		21		8			
Total acquired loans	\$	1,438	\$	1,136	\$	3,060	\$	1,959			
Total loans	\$	20,823	\$	8,406	\$	3,165	\$	2,799			

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The following table presents the aging of the recorded investment in past due loans:

$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					Loans F					Current			Total
Originated loans: S −S −S 928 S 49,240 S 50,1 Commercial real estate, other 8,863 123 822 9,088 439,355 449,0 Commercial real estate 9,791 123 822 10,736 488,595 499,2 Commercial real estate 9,791 123 822 10,736 488,595 499,2 Commercial real estate 2,620 648 1,117 4,385 258,744 263,1 Deposit account overdrafts 227 47 224 498 66,886 67,3 Commercial real estate, construction 8 11,038 8 2,255 8 19,501 196,2 Commercial real estate, other 1,472 837 991 3,300 290,669 293,2 Commercial real estate, other 1,472 837 10,901 3,369 301,220 304,2 Commercial real estate 1,472 837 991 3,300 290,669 293,2		30	- 59 days	6	0 - 89 days	9	0 + Days		Total		Loans		Loans
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	6												
Commercial real estate 9,791 123 822 10,736 488,595 499,795 Commercial and industrial 4,273 10,000 54 14,327 241,753 256,744 263,744 263,744 263,744 263,744 263,744 264,753 258,744 263,744 264,753 258,744 263,744 264,753 258,744 263,745 263,745 263,745 263,755 31,074 81,151,15 11,151,15 11,151,15 11,151,15 11,151,15 11,151,15 11,151,15 11,171,15 11,171,15 11,151,15 11,151,15 11,151,15 11,151,15 11,151,15 11,151,15 11,151,15 11,151,15 11,151,	Commercial real estate, construction	\$	928	\$	—	\$	—	\$		\$	49,240	\$	50,168
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Commercial real estate, other		8,863		123		822		9,808		439,355		449,163
Residential real estate 2,620 648 1,117 4,385 258,744 263,1 Home equity lines of credit 227 47 224 498 66,886 67,2 Consumer 847 220 38 1,105 195,201 196,3 Deposit account overdrafts 23 - - - 23 3,240 3,2 Total originated loans S 17,781 S 11,038 S 2,255 S 31,074 S 1,254,419 S 1,255,419 S 1,285,4 Commercial real estate, construction S - S 69 S 69 S 11,151 S 1,151 S 1,151 S 1,172 290,069 293,3 Commercial real estate, constructin 1,472 837 1901 3,309 290,069 293,2 Go/ta 4,88 71,02,0 304,4 Consumer 202,7 1961 937 3,125 67,888 711,0 Eopesit accountovendrafts 5 3,535 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>9,791</td> <td></td> <td>123</td> <td></td> <td>822</td> <td></td> <td>10,736</td> <td></td> <td>488,595</td> <td></td> <td>499,331</td>			9,791		123		822		10,736		488,595		499,331
Home equity lines of credit2274722449866,88667,3Consumer847220381,105195,201196,3Deposit account overdrafts23——23,2403,3Total originated loans\$17,781\$11,038\$2,255\$31,074\$1,285,419 <td>Commercial and industrial</td> <td></td> <td>4,273</td> <td></td> <td>10,000</td> <td></td> <td>54</td> <td></td> <td>14,327</td> <td></td> <td>241,753</td> <td></td> <td>256,080</td>	Commercial and industrial		4,273		10,000		54		14,327		241,753		256,080
Consumer 847 220 38 1,105 195,201 196,3 Deposit account overdrafts 23 — — 23 3,240 3,2 Total originated loans \$ 17,781 \$ 11,038 \$ 2,255 \$ 3,1074 \$ 1,2419 \$ 1,2419 \$ 1,2419 \$ 1,2419 \$ 1,2419 \$ 1,2419 \$ 1,2419 \$ 1,2419 \$ 1,2419 \$ 1,2419 \$ 1,242 \$ 3,300 209,069 293,37 Commercial real estate, other 1,472 837 1991 3,300 209,069 293,37 Commercial real estate 1,472 837 1990 4,772 297,867 302,01 Commercial real estate 1,584 1,258 1,930 4,772 297,867 302,01 36,447 36,62 Consumer 153 14 21 1188 11,504 11,014 714,926 \$ 726,5 Total acquired loans \$ 3,535 \$ 4,093 \$ 39	Residential real estate		2,620		648		1,117		4,385		258,744		263,129
Deposit account overdrafts 23 23 3,240 3,2 Tota originated loans \$ 17,781 \$ 11,038 \$ 2,255 \$ 31,074 \$ 1,254,419 \$ 1,285,4 Acquired loans:	Home equity lines of credit		227		47		224		498		66,886		67,384
Total originated loans\$17,781\$11,038\$2,255\$31,074\$1,254,419\$1,285,4Commercial real estate, construction\$ $-$ \$ $-$ \$69\$69\$11,151\$11,2Commercial real estate, construction\$ $-$ \$ $-$ \$69\$90,059293,3Commercial real estate1,4728379913,300290,069293,3Commercial real estate1,4728371,0603,369301,220304,2Commercial real estate1,5841,2581,9304,772297,867302,0Home equity lines of credit9923381603,647736,0Consumer153142118811,50411,6Deposit account overdrafts $ -$ Cotal acquired loans\$3,5354,093\$3,986\$11,614\$714,926\$726,5Total acquired loans\$3,535\$4,093\$3,986\$11,614\$714,926\$726,5Commercial real estate, construction\$ $-$ \$\$\$\$\$7,0491\$37,5Commercial real estate, other5652851,2202,070432,590434,6	Consumer		847		220		38		1,105		195,201		196,306
Acquired loans:	Deposit account overdrafts		23				—		23		3,240		3,263
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Total originated loans	\$	17,781	\$	11,038	\$	2,255	\$	31,074	\$	1,254,419	\$	1,285,493
Commercial real estate, other $1,472$ 837 991 $3,300$ $290,069$ $293,2$ Commercial real estate $1,472$ 837 $1,060$ $3,369$ $301,220$ $304,50$ Commercial and industrial 227 $1,961$ 937 $3,125$ $67,888$ $71,067$ Residential real estate $1,584$ $1,228$ $1,930$ $4,772$ $297,867$ $302,067$ Home equity lines of credit 99 23 38 160 $36,447$ $36,67$ Consumer 153 14 21 188 $11,504$ $11,067$ Deposit account overdrafts $ -$ Total acquired loans S $3,535$ $4,093$ S $3,986$ S $11,614$ S $714,926$ S $726,57$ Total loans S $21,316$ S $15,131$ S $6,241$ S $42,688$ S $1,969,345$ S $20,21,26$ December 31, 2014Originated loans: $ -$ <td>Acquired loans:</td> <td></td>	Acquired loans:												
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Commercial real estate, construction	\$		\$		\$	69	\$	69	\$	11,151	\$	11,220
Commercial and industrial2271,9619373,12567,88871,0Residential real estate1,5841,2581,9304,772297,867302,0Home equity lines of credit99233816036,44736,6Consumer153142118811,50411,6Deposit account overdrafts—————Total acquired loans\$3,535\$4,093\$3,986\$11,614\$714,926\$726,5Total construction\$2,1316\$15,131\$6,6241\$42,688\$1,969,345\$2,012,0December 31, 2014December 31, 2014Commercial real estate, construction\$—\$—\$\$\$3,7,901 <td< td=""><td>Commercial real estate, other</td><td></td><td>1,472</td><td></td><td>837</td><td></td><td>991</td><td></td><td>3,300</td><td></td><td>290,069</td><td></td><td>293,369</td></td<>	Commercial real estate, other		1,472		837		991		3,300		290,069		293,369
Residential real estate1,5841,2581,9304,772297,867302,0Home equity lines of credit99233816036,44736,0Consumer153142118811,50411,6Deposit account overdrafts—————Total acquired loans\$3,535\$4,093\$3,986\$11,614\$714,926\$726,5Total loans\$21,316\$15,131\$6,241\$42,688\$1,969,345\$2,012,0December 31, 2014Originated loans:-\$-\$-\$\$37,901\$3	Commercial real estate		1,472		837		1,060		3,369		301,220		304,589
Home equity lines of credit992338160 $36,447$ $36,60$ Consumer1531421188 $11,504$ $11,604$ Deposit account overdrafts—————Total acquired loans\$ $3,535$ \$ $4,093$ \$ $3,986$ \$ $11,614$ \$ $714,926$ \$ $726,57$ Total loans\$ $21,316$ \$ $15,131$ \$ $6,241$ \$ $42,688$ \$ $1,969,345$ \$ $2,012,67$ December 31, 2014 $714,926$ \$ $726,57$ $714,926$ \$ $726,57$ $714,926$ \$ $726,57$ Commercial real estate, construction\$—\$—\$ $-$ \$\$ $714,926$ \$ $726,57$ Commercial real estate, other 565 285 $1,220$ $2,070$ $432,590$ $434,695$ $249,597$ Commercial real estate 565 285 $1,220$ $2,070$ $470,491$ $472,57$ Commercial real estate $4,502$ $1,062$ $1,902$ $7,466$ $246,703$ $254,18$ Home equity lines of credit 344 425 129 898 $61,565$ $62,26$ Consumer $1,136$ 157 2 $1,295$ $168,618$ $169,5$ Deposit account overdrafts 65 — $ 65$ $2,868$ $2,96$ Total originated loans: $ -$ \$ 96 \$ 955 \$ $1,067$ Commercial rea	Commercial and industrial		227		1,961		937		3,125		67,888		71,013
Consumer 153 14 21 188 11,504 11,604 Deposit account overdrafts — … 11,614 \$ 714,926 \$ 726,5 Total partition partin partition partition partition partition partin p	Residential real estate		1,584		1,258		1,930		4,772		297,867		302,639
Deposit account overdraftsTotal acquired loans\$3,535\$4,093\$3,986\$11,614\$714,926\$726,5Total loans\$21,316\$15,131\$6,241\$42,688\$1,969,345\$2,012,0December 31, 2014 \mathbf{C} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{S} $-$ \$ $-$ \$ $-$ \$ \mathbf{C} \$ \mathbf{S} $2,070$ $432,590$ $4342,670$ Originated loans: \mathbf{C} \mathbf{S} $-$ \$ $-$ \$ $-$ \$ $-$ \$ \mathbf{S} $3,7,901$ \$ $3,7,901$ </td <td>Home equity lines of credit</td> <td></td> <td>99</td> <td></td> <td>23</td> <td></td> <td>38</td> <td></td> <td>160</td> <td></td> <td>36,447</td> <td></td> <td>36,607</td>	Home equity lines of credit		99		23		38		160		36,447		36,607
Total acquired loans \$ 3,535 4,093 \$ 3,986 \$ 11,614 \$ 714,926 \$ 726,5 Total loans \$ 21,316 \$ 15,131 \$ 6,241 \$ 42,688 \$ 1,969,345 \$ 2,012,0 December 31, 2014	Consumer		153		14		21		188		11,504		11,692
Total loans \$ 21,316 \$ 15,131 \$ 6,241 \$ 42,688 \$ 1,969,345 \$ 2,012,0 December 31, 2014 Originated loans:	Deposit account overdrafts												
December 31, 2014Originated loans:Commercial real estate, construction $\$$ $-\$$ $-\$$ $-\$$ $-\$$ $\$$ $37,9$ Commercial real estate, other5652851,2202,070432,590434,6Commercial real estate, other5652851,2202,070432,590434,6Commercial real estate5652851,2202,070470,491472,5Commercial and industrial17181,2451,280248,695249,5Residential real estate4,5021,0621,9027,466246,703254,1Home equity lines of credit3444251,2989861,56562,2Consumer1,13615721,291,291,8681,29Poposit account overdrafts6,6291,947\$1,921,947\$1,96999999999999<	Total acquired loans	\$	3,535	\$	4,093	\$	3,986	\$	11,614	\$	714,926	\$	726,540
Originated loans: Commercial real estate, construction \$ $$ \$ $$ \$ $$ \$ $37,901$	Total loans	\$	21,316	\$	15,131	\$	6,241	\$	42,688	\$	1,969,345	\$	2,012,033
Commercial real estate, construction\$ $$ \$ $$ \$ $$ \$ $37,901$ <t< td=""><td>December 31, 2014</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	December 31, 2014												
Commercial real estate, other5652851,2202,070432,590434,6Commercial real estate5652851,2202,070470,491472,5Commercial and industrial17181,2451,280248,695249,59Residential real estate4,5021,0621,9027,466246,703254,1Home equity lines of credit34442512989861,56562,4Consumer1,13615721,295168,618169,5Deposit account overdrafts65——652,8682,5Total originated loans\$ 6,629\$ 1,947\$ 4,498\$ 13,074\$ 1,198,940\$ 1,212,0Acquired loans:—\$—96\$ 96\$ 955\$ 1,00Commercial real estate, construction\$—\$—\$ 1,777119,698121,2Commercial real estate, other1,0671435671,777119,698121,2Commercial real estate1,0671436631,873120,653122,5Commercial real estate4,0261,3311,1796,536218,738225,2Home equity lines of credit919—2818,20418,2Consumer24527828012,51612,7Deposit account overdrafts——————Deposit account overdrafts————28 <td< td=""><td>Originated loans:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Originated loans:												
Commercial real estate, other5652851,2202,070432,590434,6Commercial real estate5652851,2202,070470,491472,5Commercial and industrial17181,2451,280248,695249,59Residential real estate4,5021,0621,9027,466246,703254,1Home equity lines of credit34442512989861,56562,4Consumer1,13615721,295168,618169,5Deposit account overdrafts65——652,8682,5Total originated loans\$ 6,629\$ 1,947\$ 4,498\$ 13,074\$ 1,198,940\$ 1,212,0Acquired loans:—\$—96\$ 96\$ 955\$ 1,00Commercial real estate, construction\$—\$—\$ 1,777119,698121,2Commercial real estate, other1,0671435671,777119,698121,2Commercial real estate1,0671436631,873120,653122,5Commercial real estate4,0261,3311,1796,536218,738225,2Home equity lines of credit919—2818,20418,2Consumer24527828012,51612,7Deposit account overdrafts——————Deposit account overdrafts————28 <td< td=""><td>Commercial real estate, construction</td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td>37,901</td><td>\$</td><td>37,901</td></td<>	Commercial real estate, construction	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	37,901	\$	37,901
Commercial and industrial 17 18 1,245 1,280 248,695 249,5 Residential real estate 4,502 1,062 1,902 7,466 246,703 254,1 Home equity lines of credit 344 425 129 898 61,565 62,2 Consumer 1,136 157 2 1,295 168,618 169,5 Deposit account overdrafts 65 - - 65 2,868 2,55 Total originated loans \$ 6,629 \$ 1,947 \$ 4,498 \$ 13,074 \$ 1,198,940 \$ 1,212,0 Acquired loans \$ 6,629 \$ 1,947 \$ 4,498 \$ 13,074 \$ 1,98,940 \$ 1,212,0 Acquired loans: - \$ - \$ 96 \$ 96 \$ 955 \$ 1,0 Commercial real estate, other 1,067 143 567 1,777 119,698 121,2 Commercial real estate 4,026 1,331 1,179 6,536 21			565		285		1,220		2,070		432,590		434,660
Commercial and industrial17181,2451,280248,695249,59Residential real estate4,5021,0621,9027,466246,703254,1Home equity lines of credit34442512989861,56562,2Consumer1,13615721,295168,618169,5Deposit account overdrafts65652,8682,55Total originated loans\$6,629\$1,947\$4,498\$13,074\$1,198,940\$1,212,05Acquired loans:\$96\$96\$1,9531,212,05Commercial real estate, construction\$\$\$96\$955\$1,067Commercial real estate, other1,0671435671,777119,698122,55Commercial real estate4,0261,3311,1796,536218,738225,52Home equity lines of credit9192818,20418,22Consumer24527828012,51612,756Deposit account overdrafts	Commercial real estate		565		285		1,220		2,070		470,491		472,561
Home equity lines of credit 344 425 129 898 $61,565$ $62,4$ Consumer1,136 157 2 $1,295$ $168,618$ $169,5$ Deposit account overdrafts 65 $$ $$ 65 $2,868$ $2,5$ Total originated loans\$ $6,629$ \$ $1,947$ \$ $4,498$ \$ $13,074$ \$ $1,198,940$ \$ $1,212,6$ Acquired loans:Commercial real estate, construction\$ $$ \$ 96 \$ 96 \$ 955 \$ $1,067$ Commercial real estate, other $1,067$ 143 567 $1,777$ $119,698$ $121,42$ Commercial real estate $1,067$ 143 663 $1,873$ $120,653$ $122,52$ Commercial and industrial 46 6 815 867 $29,189$ $30,063$ Residential real estate $4,026$ $1,331$ $1,179$ $6,536$ $218,738$ $225,27$ Home equity lines of credit 9 19 $$ 28 $18,204$ $18,27$ Deposit account overdrafts $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$	Commercial and industrial		17		18		1,245		1,280		248,695		249,975
Consumer1,13615721,295168,618169,5Deposit account overdrafts65652,8682,9Total originated loans\$6,629\$1,947\$4,498\$13,074\$1,198,940\$1,212,0Acquired loans:Commercial real estate, construction\$-\$-\$96\$96\$955\$1,067Commercial real estate, other1,0671435671,777119,698121,4Commercial real estate1,0671436631,873120,653122,5Commercial and industrial46681586729,18930,0Residential real estate4,0261,3311,1796,536218,738225,2Home equity lines of credit919-2818,20418,2Deposit account overdraftsDeposit account overdrafts	Residential real estate		4,502		1,062		1,902		7,466		246,703		254,169
Consumer1,13615721,295168,618169,5Deposit account overdrafts65652,8682,95Total originated loans\$6,629\$1,947\$4,498\$13,074\$1,198,940\$1,212,0Acquired loans:Commercial real estate, construction\$-\$-\$96\$96\$955\$1,067Commercial real estate, other1,0671435671,777119,698121,4Commercial real estate1,0671436631,873120,653122,5Commercial and industrial46681586729,18930,0Residential real estate4,0261,3311,1796,536218,738225,2Home equity lines of credit919-2818,20418,2Deposit account overdrafts	Home equity lines of credit		344		425		129		898		61,565		62,463
Deposit account overdrafts 65 $ 65$ $2,868$ $2,568$ Total originated loans\$ $6,629$ \$ $1,947$ \$ $4,498$ \$ $13,074$ \$ $1,198,940$ \$ $1,212,00$ Acquired loans:Commercial real estate, construction\$ $-$ \$ $-$ \$96\$96\$955\$ $1,007$ Commercial real estate, other $1,067$ 143 567 $1,777$ $119,698$ $121,40$ Commercial real estate $1,067$ 143 663 $1,873$ $120,653$ $122,52$ Commercial and industrial 46 6 815 867 $29,189$ $30,00$ Residential real estate $4,026$ $1,331$ $1,179$ $6,536$ $218,738$ $225,22$ Home equity lines of credit 9 19 $ 28$ $18,204$ $18,227$ Deposit account overdrafts $ -$			1,136		157				1,295				169,913
Total originated loans \$ 6,629 \$ 1,947 \$ 4,498 \$ 13,074 \$ 1,198,940 \$ 1,212,0 Acquired loans:	Deposit account overdrafts				_		_						2,933
Acquired loans: Commercial real estate, construction \$ \$ 96 \$ 96 \$ 955 \$ 1,0 Commercial real estate, other 1,067 143 567 1,777 119,698 121,4 Commercial real estate 1,067 143 663 1,873 120,653 122,5 Commercial real estate 1,067 143 663 1,873 120,653 122,5 Commercial and industrial 46 6 815 867 29,189 30,0 Residential real estate 4,026 1,331 1,179 6,536 218,738 225,2 Home equity lines of credit 9 19 28 18,204 18,2 Consumer 245 27 8 280 12,516 12,7 Deposit account overdrafts	-	\$	6,629	\$	1,947	\$	4,498	\$	13,074	\$		\$	1,212,014
Commercial real estate, construction\$ $-$ \$96\$955\$1,0Commercial real estate, other1,0671435671,777119,698121,4Commercial real estate1,0671436631,873120,653122,5Commercial and industrial46681586729,18930,0Residential real estate4,0261,3311,1796,536218,738225,2Home equity lines of credit9192818,20418,2Deposit account overdrafts		_	· · · ·		· ·				· · · · ·				
Commercial real estate, other $1,067$ 143 567 $1,777$ $119,698$ $121,4$ Commercial real estate $1,067$ 143 663 $1,873$ $120,653$ $122,5$ Commercial and industrial 46 6 815 867 $29,189$ $30,0$ Residential real estate $4,026$ $1,331$ $1,179$ $6,536$ $218,738$ $225,2$ Home equity lines of credit 9 19 $$ 28 $18,204$ $18,22$ Consumer 245 27 8 280 $12,516$ $12,77$ Deposit account overdrafts $$ $$ $$ $$ $$	-	\$		\$		\$	96	\$	96	\$	955	\$	1,051
Commercial real estate1,0671436631,873120,653122,5Commercial and industrial46681586729,18930,0Residential real estate4,0261,3311,1796,536218,738225,2Home equity lines of credit919—2818,20418,2Consumer24527828012,51612,7Deposit account overdrafts—————													121,475
Commercial and industrial 46 6 815 867 29,189 30,0 Residential real estate 4,026 1,331 1,179 6,536 218,738 225,2 Home equity lines of credit 9 19 — 28 18,204 18,2 Consumer 245 27 8 280 12,516 12,7 Deposit account overdrafts — — — — — —									,				122,526
Residential real estate 4,026 1,331 1,179 6,536 218,738 225,2 Home equity lines of credit 9 19 — 28 18,204 18,2 Consumer 245 27 8 280 12,516 12,7 Deposit account overdrafts — — — — — —													30,056
Home equity lines of credit 9 19 28 18,204 18,2 Consumer 245 27 8 280 12,516 12,7 Deposit account overdrafts													225,274
Consumer 245 27 8 280 12,516 12,7 Deposit account overdrafts -<													18,232
Deposit account overdrafts — — — — — —							8						12,796
	-	\$	5.393	\$	1.526	\$	2.665	\$	9.584	S	399.300	\$	408,884
		_		_				_					1,620,898

Credit Quality Indicators

As discussed in Note 1 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Peoples' 2014 Form 10-K, Peoples categorizes the majority of its loans into risk categories based upon an established risk grading matrix using a scale of 1 to 8. A description of the general characteristics of the risk grades used by Peoples is as follows:

"Pass" (grades 1 through 4): Loans in this risk category involve borrowers of acceptable-to-strong credit quality and risk who have the apparent ability to satisfy their loan obligations. Loans in this risk grade would possess sufficient mitigating factors, such as adequate collateral or strong guarantors possessing the capacity to repay the loan if required, for any weakness that may exist.

"Watch" (grade 5): Loans in this risk grade are the equivalent of the regulatory definition of "Other Assets Especially Mentioned" classification. Loans in this category possess some credit deficiency or potential weakness, which requires a high level of management attention. Potential weaknesses include declining trends in operating earnings and cash flows and/or reliance on the secondary source of repayment. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in noticeable deterioration of the repayment prospects for the loan or in Peoples' credit position.

"Substandard" (grade 6): Loans in this risk grade are inadequately protected by the borrower's current financial condition and payment capability or of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified have one or more well-defined weaknesses that jeopardize the orderly repayment of the loan. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that Peoples will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

"Doubtful" (grade 7): Loans in this risk grade have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as substandard, with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or orderly repayment in full, on the basis of current existing facts, conditions and values, highly questionable and improbable. Possibility of loss is extremely high, but because of certain important and reasonably specific factors that may work to the advantage and strengthening of the exposure, its classification as an estimate loss is deferred until its more exact status may be determined.

"Loss" (grade 8): Loans in this risk grade are considered to be non-collectible and of such little value that their continuance as bankable assets is not warranted. This does not mean the loan has absolutely no recovery value, but rather it is neither practical nor desirable to defer writing off the loan, even though partial recovery may be obtained in the future. Charge-offs against the allowance for loan losses are taken in the period in which the loan becomes uncollectible. Consequently, Peoples typically does not maintain a recorded investment in loans within this category.

Consumer loans and other smaller-balance loans are evaluated and categorized as "substandard", "doubtful" or "loss" based upon the regulatory definition of these classes and consistent with regulatory requirements. All other loans not evaluated individually, nor meeting the regulatory conditions to be categorized as described above, would be considered as being "not rated".

The following table summarizes the risk category of Peoples' loan portfolio based upon the most recent analysis performed:

(Dollars in thousands)		ass Rated rades 1 - 4)	•	Vatch rade 5)		standard rade 6)	Doubtful (Grade 7)	Not Rated	Total Loans
June 30, 2015									
Originated loans:									
Commercial real estate, construction	\$	49,726	\$		\$		\$	\$ 442	\$ 50,168
Commercial real estate, other		431,822		9,260		8,081		_	449,163
Commercial real estate	_	481,548		9,260		8,081		442	499,331
Commercial and industrial		231,339		7,135		17,605	1		256,080
Residential real estate		21,036		1,107		13,694	119	227,173	263,129
Home equity lines of credit		754				759		65,871	67,384
Consumer		54				5		196,247	196,306
Deposit account overdrafts		_				_		3,263	3,263
Total originated loans	\$	734,731	\$	17,502	\$	40,144	\$ 120	\$ 492,996	\$ 1,285,493
Acquired loans:									
Commercial real estate, construction	\$	11,161	\$		\$	_	\$;	\$ 59	\$ 11,220
Commercial real estate, other		246,105		18,239		17,458	118	11,449	293,369
Commercial real estate		257,266		18,239		17,458	118	11,508	304,589
Commercial and industrial		58,855		3,812		5,210	342	2,794	71,013
Residential real estate		19,218		2,124		1,144		280,153	302,639
Home equity lines of credit		318					_	36,289	36,607
Consumer		316				1		11,375	11,692
Deposit account overdrafts							_		,
Total acquired loans	\$	335,973	\$	24,175	\$	23,813	\$ 460	\$ 342,119	\$ 726,540
Total loans	\$	1,070,704	_	41,677		63,957		,	\$ 2,012,033
December 31, 2014									, ,
Originated loans:									
Commercial real estate, construction	\$	37,637	\$		\$	_	\$	\$ 264	\$ 37,901
Commercial real estate, other		405,224		12,316		17,120	·	· 	434,660
Commercial real estate		442,861		12,316		17,120		264	472,561
Commercial and industrial		239,168		8,122		2,684	1		249,975
Residential real estate		21,296		1,195		11,601	56	220,021	254,169
Home equity lines of credit		767				965		60,731	62,463
Consumer		60		1		8		169,844	169,913
Deposit account overdrafts				_		_		2,933	2,933
Total originated loans	\$	704,152	\$	21,634	\$	32,378	\$ 57		\$ 1,212,014
Acquired loans:	+	,	-		+	,			• -,,•
Commercial real estate, construction	\$	955	\$	_	\$	_	\$	\$ 96	\$ 1,051
Commercial real estate, other	Ŧ	106,115	-	7,100	Ŧ	8,260			121,475
Commercial real estate		107,070		7,100		8,260		96	122,526
Commercial and industrial		27,313		255		2,294	194		30,056
Residential real estate		13,458		833		1,540		209,443	225,274
Home equity lines of credit		98					_	18,134	18,232
Consumer		279						12,517	12,796
Deposit account overdrafts				_		_			
*	•					_	_		
Total acquired loans	\$	148,218	S	8,188	S	12,094	\$ 194	\$ 240,190	\$ 408,884

Impaired Loans

The following table summarizes loans classified as impaired:

	Т	J npaid	Recorded Investment		_	Total		Average			Interest		
(Dollars in thousands)	P	rincipal Balance	Al	With lowance	Vithout llowance	Recorded Investment		Related Allowance		R	lecorded	Income	
June 30, 2015													
Commercial real estate, construction	\$	21,385	\$	—	\$ 21,385	\$	21,385	\$	—	\$	4,338	\$	389
Commercial real estate, other		11,057		915	9,969		10,884		286		3,039		297
Commercial real estate		32,442	\$	915	\$ 31,354	\$	32,269	\$	286	\$	7,377	\$	686
Commercial and industrial		26,267		13,898	9,825		23,723		3,556		5,661		206
Residential real estate		9,252		50	8,399		8,449		6		4,471		182
Home equity lines of credit		313		—	310		310		_		190		6
Consumer		318		—	310		310		_		138		13
Total	\$	68,592	\$	14,863	\$ 50,198	\$	65,061	\$	3,848	\$	17,837	\$	1,093
December 31, 2014													
Commercial real estate, construction	\$	9,914	\$	—	\$ 9,909		9,909	\$		\$	2,020	\$	540
Commercial real estate, other		8,668		653	7,742		8,395		189		2,951		248
Commercial real estate		18,582	\$	653	\$ 17,651	\$	18,304	\$	189	\$	4,971	\$	788
Commercial and industrial		3,747		1,945	1,767		3,712		816		766		73
Residential real estate		6,889		53	6,372		6,425		9		3,543		272
Home equity lines of credit		500			498		498		_		298		18
Consumer		391		—	386		386				156		24
Total	\$	30,109	\$	2,651	\$ 26,674	\$	29,325	\$	1,014	\$	9,734	\$	1,175

At June 30, 2015, Peoples' impaired loans shown in the table above included loans that were classified as troubled debt restructurings ("TDRs").

In assessing whether or not a borrower is experiencing financial difficulties, Peoples considers information currently available regarding the financial condition of the borrower. This information includes, but is not limited to, whether (i) the borrower is currently in payment default on any of the borrower's debt; (ii) a payment default is probable in the foreseeable future without the modification; (iii) the borrower has declared or is in the process of declaring bankruptcy; and (iv) the borrower's projected cash flow is insufficient to satisfy contractual payments due under the original terms of the loan without a modification.

Peoples considers all aspects of the modification to loan terms to determine whether or not a concession has been granted to the borrower. Key factors considered by Peoples include the borrower's ability to access funds at a market rate for debt with similar risk characteristics, the significance of the modification relative to the unpaid principal balance or collateral value of the debt, and the significance of a delay in the timing of payments relative to the original contractual terms of the loan. The most common concessions granted by Peoples generally include one or more modifications to the terms of the debt, such as (i) a reduction in the interest rate for the remaining life of the debt, (ii) an extension of the maturity date at an interest rate lower than the current market rate for new debt with similar risk, (iii) a temporary period of interest-only payments, and (iv) a reduction in the contractual payment amount for either a short period or the remaining term of the loan.

The following table summarizes the loans that were modified as a TDR during the three and six months ended June 30.

		Thr	ee Months End	ed		Six Months Ended							
		Recor	ded Investmen	t (1)	•	Recorded Investment (1)							
(Dollars in thousands)	Number of Contracts	Pre- Modification	Post- Modification			Pre- Modification	Post- Modification	Remaining Recorded Investment					
June 30, 2015													
Originated loans:													
Commercial real estate, other		\$ —	\$ —	\$ —		\$ —	\$ —	\$ —					
Residential real estate	2	184	184	184	2	184	184	184					
Home equity lines of credit	4	92	92	91	9	308	309	306					
Consumer	2	10	10	10	3	16	16	16					
Acquired loans:													
Commercial real estate, other	1	24	24	24	1	24	24	24					
Home equity lines of credit	1	8	8	8	1	8	8	8					
Residential real estate	2	35	35	35	2	35	35	35					
June 30, 2014													
Originated loans:													
Commercial real estate, construction	1	\$ 96	\$ 96	\$ 96	1	\$ 96	\$ 96	\$ 96					
Commercial real estate, other					1	511	511	497					
Residential real estate	10	450	449	449	18	946	946	935					
Home equity lines of credit	2	39	39	39	4	86	86	86					
Consumer	18	76	76	76	20	97	97	96					

(1) The amounts shown are inclusive of all partial paydowns and charge-offs. Loans modified in a TDR that were fully paid down, charged-off or foreclosed upon by period end are not reported.

The following table presents those loans for the six months ended June 30 that were modified as a TDR during the last twelve months that subsequently defaulted (i.e., 90 days or more past due following a modification).

		June 30, 2015		June 30, 2014						
(Dollars in thousands)	Number of Contracts	Recorded Investment (1)	Impact on the Allowance for Loan Losses	Number of Contracts	Recorded Investment (1)	Impact on the Allowance for Loan Losses				
Acquired loans:										
Commercial and industry	2	\$ 196	—		\$	\$				
Residential real estate	—	—	—	1	\$ 40	\$				
Total	2	196		1	\$ 40	\$				

(1) The amounts shown are inclusive of all partial paydowns and charge-offs. Loans modified in a TDR that were fully paid down, charged-off or foreclosed upon by period end are not reported.

Peoples did not have any originated loans that were modified as a TDR during the last twelve months that subsequently defaulted. Peoples had no additional commitments to lend additional funds to the related debtors whose terms have been modified in a TDR.

Allowance for Loan Losses

Changes in the allowance for loan losses in the periods ended June 30, were as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	 mmercial al Estate	(Commercial and Industrial	Residential Real Estate]	Home Equity Lines of Credit	С	Consumer	Deposit Account verdrafts	T	otal
Balance, January 1, 2015	\$ 9,825	\$	4,036	\$ 1,627	\$	694	\$	1,587	\$ 112 \$	5 1	17,881
Charge-offs	(44)		(343)	(282)		(81)		(482)	(323)		(1,555)
Recoveries	137		93	161		80		332	93		896
Net recoveries (charge-offs)	93		(250)	(121))	(1)		(150)	(230)		(659)
(Recovery of) provision for loan losses	(2,733)		3,408	(207))	45		237	272		1,022
Balance, June 30, 2015	\$ 7,185	\$	7,194	\$ 1,299	\$	5 738	\$	1,674	\$ 154 \$	5 1	18,244
Period-end amount allocated to:											
Loans individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 286	\$	3,556	\$ 6	\$	5 —	\$	_	\$ — \$	5	3,848
Loans collectively evaluated for impairment	6,899		3,638	1,293		738		1,674	154	1	14,396
Ending balance	\$ 7,185	\$	7,194	\$ 1,299	\$	5 738	\$	1,674	\$ 154 \$	5 1	18,244
Balance, January 1, 2014	\$ 13,215	\$	2,174	\$ 881	\$	343	\$	316	\$ 136 \$	5 1	17,065
Charge-offs	_		(49)	(272))	(45)		(552)	(201)		(1,119)
Recoveries	208		59	117		12		351	100		847
Net recoveries (charge-offs)	208		10	(155))	(33)		(201)	(101)		(272)
(Recovery of) provision for loan losses	(3,156)		1,035	1,092		346		1,183	91		591
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$ 10,267	\$	3,219	\$ 1,818	\$	656	\$	1,298	\$ 126 \$	5 1	17,384
Period-end amount allocated to:											
Loans individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 158	\$	9	\$ _	\$	6 —	\$	_	\$ — \$	5	167
Loans collectively evaluated for impairment	10,109		3,210	1,818		656		1,298	126	1	17,217
Ending balance	\$ 10,267	\$	3,219	\$ 1,818	\$	656	\$	1,298	\$ 126 \$	5 1	17,384

The reduction in the allowance for loan losses allocated to commercial real estate, and related recovery of loan losses recorded during 2015 compared to 2014 was driven by net recoveries in recent years reducing the historical loss rates. Increases in commercial and industrial, residential real estate, home equity lines of credit and consumer categories of the allowance for loan losses, and related provision for loan losses recorded during 2015 were driven by net charge-off activity and increases in these respective loan portfolios.

Note 5. Long-Term Borrowings

The following table summarizes Peoples' long-term borrowings:

	June 30), 2015	December 31, 2014			
(Dollars in thousands)	 Balance	Weighted- Average Rate	Balance	Weighted- Average Rate		
Term note payable (parent company)	\$ 11,978	3.50 % \$	14,369	3.50%		
Callable national market repurchase agreements	40,000	3.63 %	40,000	3.63 %		
FHLB putable, non-amortizing, fixed rate advances	50,000	3.32%	83,995	3.30%		
FHLB amortizing, fixed rate advances	20,018	2.61 %	40,719	2.13 %		
Subordinated debt	6,637	1.76%		<u> </u>		
Total long-term borrowings	\$ 128,633	3.24% \$	179,083	3.12%		

On December 18, 2012, Peoples entered into a Loan Agreement (the "Loan Agreement") to obtain a \$24 million unsecured term loan from an unaffiliated financial institution with an original maturity of five years. On August 4, 2014, the Loan Agreement was amended (as amended, the "Amended Loan Agreement"). Under the Amended Loan Agreement, the interest rate on the term loan was reduced from 3.80% to 3.50%, and certain loan covenants related to the operations of Peoples' business were modified under the Amended Loan Agreement. Peoples is required to make quarterly principal and interest payments until the earlier of either full prepayment by Peoples or the stated maturity date. This note may be prepaid at any time prior to maturity without penalties, so long as no default has occurred. Concurrently, Peoples also entered into a Negative Pledge Agreement that precludes Peoples from selling, transferring, assigning, mortgaging, encumbering, pledging, or entering into a negative pledge agreement with respect to or otherwise disposing of any interest in the capital stock or other ownership interests owned by Peoples in its subsidiaries without prior written approval. Peoples is also subject to certain covenants under the Amended Loan Agreement, which include restrictions on ownership interests of its subsidiaries; cash and cash equivalents; transfers of criticized, classified or nonperforming assets; additional indebtedness; certain material transactions; and other financial covenants which include:

- Peoples and Peoples Bank, National Association ("Peoples Bank") must maintain, as of the last day of each fiscal quarter, sufficient capital to qualify as "well capitalized" under applicable regulatory guidance;
- Peoples Bank must maintain a "Total Risk-Based Capital Ratio" (as defined in the Loan Agreement) equal to or in excess of 12.50%, measured as of the last day of each fiscal quarter;
- Peoples Bank must maintain a ratio of "Nonperforming Assets" to the sum of "Tangible Capital" plus the "Allowance for Loan Losses" (as each term is defined in the Loan Agreement) of not more than 20%, measured as of the last day of each fiscal quarter;
- Peoples must maintain a "Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio" (as defined in the Amended Loan Agreement) that equals or exceeds 1.25 to 1.00, commencing with the quarter ended December 31, 2012 and for each quarter thereafter, with the items used in the ratio determined on a trailing 12-month basis;
- issuance of dividends from Peoples Bank may not exceed the amount permitted by law without requiring regulatory approval;
- minimum liquidity position of \$2 million at Peoples; and
- Peoples Bank must maintain a ratio of "Allowance for Loan Losses" to "Nonperforming Loans" (as each term is defined in the Amended Loan Agreement) of not less than 70% measured as of the last day of each fiscal quarter.

As of June 30, 2015, Peoples was in compliance with the applicable material covenants imposed by the Amended Loan Agreement. On July 24, 2015, Peoples repaid the term note payable that had an outstanding principal balance of \$12.0 million as of June 30, 2015 and the Amended Loan Agreement terminated as of July 24, 2015 as a result. The related Negative Pledge Agreement terminated contemporaneously with the termination of the Amended Loan Agreement. There were no early termination fees associated with the repayment.

Peoples' callable national market repurchase agreements consist of agreements with unrelated financial service companies and have original maturities ranging from five to ten years. In general, these agreements may not be terminated by Peoples prior to maturity without incurring additional costs. The callable agreements contain call option features, in

which the buyer has the right, at its discretion, to terminate the repurchase agreement after an initial period ranging from three months to five years. After the initial call period, the buyer has a one-time option to terminate the agreement. If the buyer exercises its option, Peoples would be required to repay the agreement in whole at the quarterly date. Peoples is required to make quarterly interest payments.

The putable, non-amortizing, fixed rate FHLB advances have original maturities ranging from ten to twenty years that may be repaid prior to maturity, subject to termination fees. The FHLB has the option, solely at its discretion, to terminate the advance after the initial fixed rate periods ranging from three months to five years, requiring full repayment of the advance by Peoples, prior to the stated maturity. If the advance is terminated prior to maturity, the FHLB will offer Peoples replacement funding at the then-prevailing rate on an advance product then offered by the FHLB, subject to normal FHLB credit and collateral requirements. These advances require monthly interest payments, with no repayment of principal until the earlier of either an option exercise by the FHLB or the stated maturity. The amortizing, fixed rate FHLB advances have a fixed rate for the term of the loan, with maturities ranging from ten to twenty years. These advances require monthly principal and interest payments, with some having a constant prepayment rate requiring an additional principal payment annually. These advances are not eligible for optional prepayment prior to maturity. During the first quarter of 2015, Peoples repaid several FHLB advances including putable, non-amortizing, fixed rate advances and amortizing, fixed-rate advances, totaling approximately \$52.1 million that resulted in early termination fees of \$520,000, and had a weighted-average cost of 1.49%.

On March 6, 2015, Peoples completed its acquisition of NB&T Financial Group, Inc. ("NB&T"), which included the assumption of Fixed/Floating Rate Junior Subordinated Debt Securities due 2037 (the "junior subordinated debt securities") at an acquisition-date fair value of \$6.6 million held in a wholly-owned statutory trust whose common securities were wholly-owned by NB&T. The sole assets of the statutory trust are the junior subordinated debt securities and related payments. The junior subordinated debt securities and the back-up obligations, in the aggregate, constitute a full and unconditional guarantee of the obligations of the statutory trust under the Capital Securities held by third-party investors. Distributions on the Capital Securities are payable at the annual rate of 1.50% over the 3-month LIBOR. Distributions on the Capital Securities are included in interest expense in the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements. These securities are considered Tier I capital (with certain limitations applicable) under current regulatory guidelines. The junior subordinated debt securities are subject to mandatory redemption, in whole or in part, upon repayment of the Capital Securities at maturity or their earlier redemption at the liquidation amount. Subject to prior approval of the Federal Reserve, the Capital Securities are redeemable prior to the maturity date of September 6, 2037, and are redeemable at par. Distributions on the Capital Securities can be deferred from time to time for a period not to exceed 20 consecutive semi-annual periods.

(Dollars in thousands)	E	Balance	Weighted- Average Rate
Six Months Ending December 31, 2015	\$	5,377	2.78%
Year Ending December 31, 2016		7,734	3.07 %
Year Ending December 31, 2017		7,126	3.16%
Year Ending December 31, 2018		42,390	3.33%
Year Ending December 31, 2019		41,426	3.59%
Thereafter		24,580	2.69%
Total long-term borrowings	\$	128,633	3.24%

The aggregate minimum annual retirements of long-term borrowings in future periods are as follows:

Note 6. Stockholders' Equity

The following table details the progression in Peoples' common shares and treasury stock during the six months ended June 30, 2015:

	Common Stock	Treasury Stock
Shares at December 31, 2014	15,599,643	590,246
Changes related to stock-based compensation awards:		
Grant of restricted common shares	113,561	
Release of restricted common shares		22,131
Cancellation of restricted common shares	(2,397)	
Exercise of stock options for common shares		
Grant of common shares	2,810	
Changes related to deferred compensation plan for Boards of Directors:		
Purchase of treasury stock		3,326
Reissuance of treasury stock		(8,125)
Common shares issued under dividend reinvestment plan	8,766	—
Common shares issued under compensation plan for Board of Directors		(4,512)
Common shares issued under employee stock purchase plan		(7,021)
Issuance of common shares related to the acquisition of		
NB&T Financial Group, Inc.	3,207,698	_
Shares at June 30, 2015	18,930,081	596,045

On March 6, 2015, Peoples completed its acquisition of NB&T, and issued 3,207,698 common shares reflecting \$76.0 million of consideration, with the remainder paid in cash. Additional information regarding the NB&T acquisition can be found in Note 10 - Acquisitions in the Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Form 10-Q.

Under its Amended Articles of Incorporation, Peoples is authorized to issue up to 50,000 preferred shares, in one or more series, having such voting powers, designations, preferences, rights, qualifications, limitations and restrictions as determined by Peoples' Board of Directors. At June 30, 2015, Peoples had no preferred shares issued or outstanding.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The following table details the change in the components of Peoples' accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2015:

(Dollars in thousands)	 alized Gain Securities	Net I	recognized Pension and tretirement Costs	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$ 2,542	\$	(3,843)	\$ (1,301)
Reclassification adjustments to net income:				
Realized gain on sale of securities, net of tax	(397))		(397)
Realized loss due to settlement and curtailment, net of tax			242	242
Other comprehensive income, net of reclassifications and tax	1,487		371	1,858
Balance, June 30, 2015	\$ 3,632	\$	(3,230)	\$ 402

Note 7. Employee Benefit Plans

Peoples sponsors a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees hired before January 1, 2010. The plan provides retirement benefits based on an employee's years of service and compensation. For employees hired before January 1, 2003, the amount of postretirement benefit is based on the employee's average monthly compensation pay over the highest five consecutive years out of the employee's last ten years with Peoples while an eligible employee. For employees hired on or after January 1, 2003, the amount of postretirement benefit is based on 2% of the employee's annual compensation plus accrued interest. Effective January 1, 2010, the pension plan was closed to new entrants. Effective March 1, 2011, the accrual of pension plan benefits for all participants was frozen. Peoples recognized this freeze as a curtailment as of December 31, 2010 and March 1, 2011, under the terms of the pension plan. Peoples also provides post-retirement health and life insurance benefits to former employees and directors. Only those individuals who retired before January 27, 2012 were eligible for life insurance benefits. As of January 1, 2011, all retirees who desire to participate in the Peoples Bank medical plan do so by electing COBRA, which provides up to 18 months of coverage; retirees over the age of 65 also have the option to participate in a group Medicare supplemental plan. Peoples' policy is to fund the cost of the health benefits as they arise.

The following tables detail the components of the net periodic cost for the plans:

	Pension Benefits								
	,	Three Months	Ended	Six Months Ended					
		June 30	,	June 30,					
(Dollars in thousands)		2015	2014		2015	2014			
Interest cost	\$	109 \$	131	\$	224 \$	274			
Expected return on plan assets		(121)	(150)		(251)	(319)			
Amortization of net loss		31	36		64	69			
Settlement of benefit obligation		103	536		372	1,022			
Net periodic cost	\$	122 \$	553	\$	409 \$	1,046			

	Postretirement Benefits								
	Th	ree Months E June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,						
(Dollars in thousands)	2	015 2	014	2015	2	014			
Interest cost	\$	1 \$	2	\$	2 \$	3			
Amortization of net gain		(1)	(2)		(2)	(4)			
Net periodic benefit	\$	— \$		\$	— \$	(1)			

Under US GAAP, Peoples is required to recognize a settlement gain or loss when the aggregate amount of lump-sum distributions to participants equals or exceeds the sum of the service and interest cost components of the net periodic pension cost. The amount of settlement gain or loss recognized is the pro rata amount of the unrealized gain or loss existing immediately prior to the settlement. In general, both the projected benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets are required to be remeasured in order to determine the settlement gain or loss.

In the six months of 2015, the total lump-sum distributions made to participants caused the total settlements to exceed the recognition threshold for settlement gains or losses. As a result, Peoples remeasured its pension obligation and plan assets as of April 1, 2015 as part of the calculation of the settlement loss recognized.

The following table summarizes the change in pension obligation and funded status as a result of this remeasurement and the aggregate settlement for the three months ended June 30, 2015:

		As of			une 30, 2015				
(Dollars in thousands) Funded status:	December 31, 2014			Before Settlement		Impact of Settlements	After Settlements		
Projected benefit obligation	\$	13,695	\$	12,695	\$	(258)	\$	12,437	
Fair value of plan assets		8,259		7,794		(258)		7,536	
Funded status	\$	(5,436)	\$	(4,901)	\$	_	\$	(4,901)	
Gross unrealized loss (gain)	\$	5,979	\$	5,139	\$	(103)	\$	5,036	
Assumptions:									
Discount rate		3.50%	,)	3.70%	, D			3.70%	
Expected return on plan assets		7.50%	,)	7.50%	Ď			7.50%	

Note 8. Earnings Per Common Share

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per common share were as follows:

	Three Months Ended			s Ended	Six Months Ended					
	June 30,					June 30,				
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)		2015		2014		2015		2014		
Distributed earnings allocated to common shareholders	\$	2,726	\$	1,609	\$	4,969	\$	3,213		
Undistributed earnings (loss) allocated to common shareholders		2,154		1,836		(787))	4,986		
Net earnings allocated to common shareholders	\$	4,880	\$	3,445	\$	4,182	\$	8,199		
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	1	8,116,090	1	0,755,509	1	6,965,603		10,696,129		
Effect of potentially dilutive common shares		137,828		124,581		128,492		111,559		
Total weighted-average diluted common shares outstanding	1	8,253,918	1	0,880,090	1	7,094,095		10,807,688		
Earnings per common share:										
Basic	\$	0.27	\$	0.32	\$	0.25	\$	0.77		
Diluted	\$	0.27	\$	0.32	\$	0.24	\$	0.76		
Anti-dilutive shares excluded from calculation:										
Stock options and SARs		44,045		52,587		48,614		57,303		

Note 9. Stock-Based Compensation

Under the Peoples Bancorp Inc. Second Amended and Restated 2006 Equity Plan (the "2006 Equity Plan"), Peoples may grant, among other awards, nonqualified stock options, incentive stock options, restricted stock awards, stock appreciation rights and unrestricted share awards to employees and non-employee directors. The total number of common shares available under the 2006 Equity Plan is 1,081,260. The maximum number of common shares that can be issued for incentive stock options is 800,000 common shares. Prior to 2007, Peoples granted nonqualified and incentive stock options to employees and non-employee directors under the 2006 Equity Plan and predecessor plans. Since February 2007, Peoples has granted a combination of restricted common shares and stock appreciation rights ("SARs") to be settled in common shares to employees and restricted common shares to non-employee directors subject to the terms and conditions prescribed by the 2006 Equity Plan. In general, common shares issued in connection with stock-

based awards are issued from treasury shares to the extent available. If no treasury shares are available, common shares are issued from authorized but unissued common shares.

Stock Options

Under the provisions of the 2006 Equity Plan and predecessor stock option plans, the exercise price per share of any stock option granted may not be less than the grant date fair market value of the underlying common shares. All stock options granted to both employees and non-employee directors expire ten years from the date of grant. The most recent stock option grants to employees and non-employee directors occurred in 2006. The stock options granted to employees vested three years after the grant date, while the stock options granted to non-employee directors vested six months after the grant date.

The following table summarizes the changes to Peoples' stock options for the six months ended June 30, 2015:

	Number of Common Shares Subject to Options	Av	Weighted- erage Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Life	Aş Intri	ggregate nsic Value
Outstanding at January 1	38,577	\$	28.09			
Expired	14,880		27.04			
Outstanding at June 30	23,697	\$	28.75	0.7	\$	
Exercisable at June 30	23,697	\$	28.75	0.7	\$	_

The following table summarizes Peoples' stock options outstanding at June 30, 2015:

			Options	Options Outstanding & Exercisable								
Range of	Exerci	se Prices	Common Shares Subject to Options Outstanding & Exercisable	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Life	Weighted- Average Exercise Price							
	\$28.25		13,697	0.6 years	28.25							
\$28.56	to	\$30.00	10,000	0.9 years	29.43							
Total			23,697	0.7 years	\$ 28.75							

Stock Appreciation Rights

SARs granted to employees have an exercise price equal to the fair market value of Peoples' common shares on the date of grant and will be settled using common shares of Peoples. Additionally, the SARs granted to employees vested three years after the grant date and are to expire ten years from the date of grant. The most recent grant of SARs occurred in 2008. The following table summarizes the changes to Peoples' SARs for the six months ended June 30, 2015:

	Number of Common Shares Subject to SARs	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Life	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at January 1	21,292	\$ 25.96		
Outstanding at June 30	21,292	\$ 25.96	1.9	\$ 160
Exercisable at June 30	21,292	\$ 25.96	1.9	\$ 160

The following table summarizes Peoples' SARs outstanding at June 30, 2015:

	Exercise Price	Number of Common Shares Subject to SARs Outstanding & Exercisable	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Life			
	\$23.26	2,000	2.1			
	\$23.77	10,582	2.3			
	\$29.25	8,710	1.5			
-	Total	21,292	1.9			

Restricted Common Shares

Under the 2006 Equity Plan, Peoples may award restricted common shares to officers, key employees and nonemployee directors. In general, the restrictions on restricted common shares awarded to non-employee directors expire after six months, while the restrictions on restricted common shares awarded to employees expire after periods ranging from one to three years. In the first quarter of 2015, Peoples granted restricted common shares subject to performance-based vesting to officers and key employees with restrictions that will lapse three years after the grant date provided that in order for the restricted common shares to vest, Peoples must have reported positive net income and maintained a well capitalized status by regulatory standards for each of the three fiscal years preceding the vesting date.

The following table summarizes the changes to Peoples' restricted common shares for the six months ended June 30, 2015:

	Time-Base	ed Vesting	Performance-Based Vesting				
	Number of Common Shares	Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value	Number of Common Shares	Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value			
Outstanding at January 1	47,591	\$ 19.48	125,079	\$ 21.73			
Awarded	5,600	23.19	107,961	23.63			
Released	24,045	15.78	49,058	21.74			
Forfeited	500	15.64	2,217	21.84			
Outstanding at June 30	28,646	\$ 23.37	181,765	\$ 22.85			

For the six months ended June 30, 2015, the total intrinsic value of restricted common shares released was \$1.7 million.

Stock-Based Compensation

Peoples recognized stock-based compensation expense, which is included as a component of Peoples' salaries and employee benefit costs, based on the estimated fair value of the awards on the grant date. The following table summarizes the amount of stock-based compensation expense and related tax benefit recognized:

	Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended					
	June 30,				June 30,					
(Dollars in thousands)	2	2015	2014		2015	2014				
Total stock-based compensation	\$	461 \$	464	\$	1,026 \$	954				
Recognized tax benefit		(161)	(162)		(359)	(334)				
Net expense recognized	\$	300 \$	302	\$	667 \$	620				

Total unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to unvested awards was \$2.5 million at June 30, 2015, which will be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.1 years.

Note 10. Acquisitions

On March 6, 2015, Peoples completed its acquisition of NB&T for total consideration of \$102.7 million which reflected the conversion of each of the 3,442,329 outstanding NB&T common shares into \$7.75 in cash and 0.9319 in Peoples' common shares. NB&T merged into Peoples and NB&T's wholly-owned subsidiary, The National Bank and Trust Company, which operates 22 full-service branches in southwest Ohio, merged into Peoples Bank. The acquisition was accounted for as a business combination under the acquisition method of accounting under US GAAP. The assets purchased, liabilities assumed, and related identifiable intangible assets were recorded at their acquisition date fair values. Per the applicable accounting guidance for business combinations, these fair values are preliminary and subject to refinement for up to one year after the closing date of the acquisition as additional information relative to closing date fair values becomes available. The goodwill recognized will not be deductible for income tax purposes.

As a result of the NB&T acquisition, Peoples acquired loans of \$384.9 million and deposits of \$629.5 million after preliminary acquisition accounting adjustments. The balances and operations related to the acquisition are included in Peoples' Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements from the date of the acquisition.

The following table is a preliminary summary of changes in goodwill and intangible assets during the preliminary purchase price calculation as of the date of acquisition for NB&T, and the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their estimated fair values.

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)	NB&T
Purchase Price	
Common shares outstanding of acquired company at acquisition date	3,442,329
Cash purchase price per share	\$ 7.75
Cash consideration	26,678
Number of common shares of Peoples issued for each common share of acquired company	0.9319
Price per Peoples common share, based on closing stock price on acquisition date	\$ 23.70
Common share consideration	76,027
Total purchase price	\$ 102,705
Net Assets at Fair Value	
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 124,825
Investment securities	156,392
Loans, including loans held for sale, net of deferred fees and costs	384,859
Bank premises and equipment, net	10,702
Other intangible assets	10,130
Other assets	24,181
Total assets	711,089
Liabilities	
Deposits	629,512
Borrowings	6,570
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	5,992
Total liabilities	 642,074
Net assets	\$ 69,015
Goodwill	\$ 33,690

The estimated fair values presented in the above table reflect additional information that was obtained during the three months ended June 30, 2015, which resulted in changes to certain fair value estimates made as of the date of acquisition. Material adjustments to acquisition date estimated fair values are recorded in the period in which the acquisition occurred and, as a result, previously recorded results have changed. After considering this additional information, the cash acquired decreased \$5.4 million, the estimated fair value of loans decreased \$5.1 million, the intangible assets acquired increased \$1.3 million, the other assets increased \$0.1 million, and the estimated fair value of accrued expenses and other liabilities decreased \$1.6 million as of the date of acquisition from that originally reported in the three months ended March 31, 2015. The change in accrued expenses and other liabilities was mainly due to a decrease in the net deferred tax asset of \$1.2 million as a result of these revised fair values. These revised fair value estimates resulted in a net increase to goodwill of \$7.6 million from that originally reported for the three months ended March 31, 2015 to \$33.7 million, which is recognized in the June 30, 2015 consolidated balance sheet.

Acquired loans are reported net of the unamortized fair value adjustment. The following table details the preliminary fair value adjustment for acquired loans as of the acquisition date:

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data) NB&T		NB&T
Nonimpaired Loans		
Contractual cash flows	\$	497,451
Nonaccretable difference		45,830
Expected cash flows		451,621
Accretable yield		90,346
Fair value	\$	361,275
Purchase Credit Impaired Loans		
Contractual cash flows	\$	40,259
Nonaccretable difference		13,053
Expected cash flows		27,206
Accretable yield		3,622
Fair value	\$	23,584

Peoples recorded non-interest expenses related to acquisitions, mainly the NB&T acquisition, of \$9.7 million and net losses on asset disposals related to the NB&T acquisition of \$0.6 million in the Consolidated Statement of Income for the six months ended June 30, 2015. The \$9.7 million was included in the following line items on the Consolidated Statement of Income for the six months ended June 30, 2015, salaries and employee benefit costs contained \$4.4 million, professional fees contained \$1.7 million, and other non-interest expenses contained \$3.6 million.

The following table is a preliminary summary of the changes in goodwill and intangible assets during the period ended June 30, 2015:

(Dollars in thousands)	Goodwill	Gross Goodwill Depo		Gross Custo Relationshi	
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$ 98,562	\$	13,546 \$	8	,859
Acquired intangible assets	33,690		8,623	1	,262
Balance, June 30, 2015	\$ 132,252	\$	22,169 \$	10	,121
(Dollars in thousands)	Gross Intangible Assets	è	Accumulated Amortization	Net Inta Asse	0
June 30, 2015					
Core deposits	\$ 22,169	9 §	(9,130)	\$	13,039
Customer relationships	10,121	L	(6,734)		3,387
Total acquired intangible assets	\$ 32,290) §	(15,864)	\$	16,426
Servicing rights					2,491
Total other intangible assets				\$	18,917

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following data should be read in conjunction with the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements and the Management's Discussion and Analysis that follows:

		At or For Month		ded	At		Ideo	-
		2015	000	2014		2015		2014
SIGNIFICANT RATIOS				-				-
Return on average stockholders' equity		4.69%	,)	5.91%		2.19%	<i></i> 0	7.20%
Return on average assets		0.61%	,)	0.67%		0.28%	0	0.80%
Net interest margin		3.46%	,)	3.39%		3.46%	<i></i> 0	3.37%
Efficiency ratio (a)		74.20%	,)	75.59%		84.83%	0	73.36%
Pre-provision net revenue to average assets (b)		0.99%	, D	1.10%		0.54%	<i></i> 0	1.24%
Average stockholders' equity to average assets		13.04%	,)	11.29%		13.00%	0	11.18%
Average loans to average deposits		77.96%	,)	78.82%		79.61%	<i></i> 0	77.90%
Dividend payout ratio		56.14%	,)	47.05%		119.08%	0	39.44%
ASSET QUALITY RATIOS								
Nonperforming loans as a percent of total loans (c)(d)		1.19%	,)	0.86%		1.19%	ó	0.86%
Nonperforming assets as a percent of total assets (c)(d)		0.79%	, D	0.57%		0.79%	<i></i> 0	0.57%
Nonperforming assets as a percent of total loans and other real estate owned $(c)(d)$		1.25%	,)	0.93%		1.25%	⁄0	0.93%
Allowance for loan losses as a percent of originated loans, net of deferred fees and costs (d)		1.42%	,)	1.49%		1.42%	<i></i>	1.49%
Allowance for loan losses as a percent of nonperforming loans (c)(d)		76.05%	,)	152.57%		76.05%	0	152.57%
Provision for loan losses as a percent of average total loans		0.13%	,)	0.19%		0.11%	<i></i> 0	0.10%
Net charge-offs as a percentage of average total loans (annualized)		0.10%	,)	0.02%		0.07%	0	0.04%
CAPITAL RATIOS (d)			_				_	
Common Equity Tier 1		13.65%	,)	N/A		13.65%	⁄ 0	N/A
Tier 1		13.98%	,)	12.33%		13.98%	<i>_</i> 0	12.33%
Total (Tier 1 and Tier 2)		14.99%	,)	13.65%		14.99%	0	13.65%
Tier 1 leverage		9.22%	,)	8.76%		9.22%	<i></i> 0	8.76%
Tangible equity to tangible assets (e)		8.73%	,)	7.90%		8.73%	0	7.90%
PER COMMON SHARE DATA								
Earnings per common share – Basic	\$	0.27	\$	0.32	\$	0.25	\$	0.77
Earnings per common share – Diluted		0.27		0.32		0.24		0.76
Cash dividends declared per common share		0.15		0.15		0.30		0.30
Book value per common share (d)		22.74		22.36		22.74		22.36
Tangible book value per common share (d)(e)	\$	14.52	\$	15.07	\$	14.52	\$	15.07
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - Basic	18	3,116,090	10),755,509	16	,965,603		10,696,129
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - Diluted	18	3,253,918	10),880,090	17	,094,095		10,807,688
Shares outstanding at end of period	18	3,391,575	10),926,436	18	,391,575		10,926,436

(a) Non-interest expense (less amortization of other intangible assets) as a percentage of fully tax-equivalent net interest income plus non-interest income (excluding gains or losses on investment securities and asset disposals and other transactions).

(b) This amount represents a non-GAAP financial measure since it excludes the provision for loan losses and gains or losses on investment securities and asset disposals and other transactions included in earnings. Additional information regarding the calculation of these measures can be found later in this section under the caption "Pre-Provision Net Revenue".

(c) Nonperforming loans include loans 90 days past due and accruing, renegotiated loans and nonaccrual loans. Nonperforming assets include nonperforming loans and other real estate owned.

(d) Data presented as of the end of the period indicated.

(e) These amounts represent non-GAAP financial measures since they exclude the balance sheet impact of intangible assets acquired through acquisitions on both total stockholders' equity and total assets. Additional information regarding the calculation of these measures can be found later in this discussion under the caption "Capital/Stockholders' Equity".

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements in this Form 10-Q, which are not historical fact, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act, Section 21E of the Exchange Act, and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Words such as "anticipates", "estimates", "may", "feels", "expects", "believes", "plans", "will", "would", "should", "could" and similar expressions are intended to identify these forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially. Factors that might cause such a difference include, but are not limited to:

- (1) the success, impact, and timing of the implementation of Peoples' business strategies, including the successful integration of recently completed acquisitions and the expansion of consumer lending activity;
- (2) Peoples' ability to integrate the Midwest Bancshares, Inc., Ohio Heritage Bancorp, Inc., North Akron Savings Bank and NB&T acquisitions and any future acquisitions may be unsuccessful, or may be more difficult, time-consuming or costly than expected;
- (3) Peoples may issue equity securities in connection with future acquisitions, which could cause ownership and economic dilution to Peoples' current shareholders;
- (4) local, regional, national and international economic conditions and the impact they may have on Peoples, its customers and its counterparties, and Peoples' assessment of the impact, which may be different than anticipated;
- (5) competitive pressures among financial institutions or from non-financial institutions may increase significantly, including product and pricing pressures, third-party relationships and revenues, and Peoples' ability to attract, develop and retain qualified professionals;
- (6) changes in the interest rate environment due to economic conditions and/or the fiscal policies of the U.S. government and Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System ("Federal Reserve Board"), which may adversely impact interest rates, interest margins and interest rate sensitivity;
- (7) changes in prepayment speeds, loan originations, levels of non-performing assets, delinquent loans and charge-offs, which may be less favorable than expected and adversely impact the amount of interest income generated;
- (8) adverse changes in the economic conditions and/or activities, including, but not limited to, impacts from the implementation of the Budget Control Act of 2011 and the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012, as well as continued economic uncertainty in the U.S., the European Union, Asia, and other areas, which could decrease sales volumes and increase loan delinquencies and defaults;
- (9) legislative or regulatory changes or actions, including in particular the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010 and the regulations promulgated and to be promulgated thereunder by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency ("OCC"), the Federal Reserve Board and the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, which may subject Peoples, its subsidiaries, or one or more acquired companies to a variety of new and more stringent legal and regulatory requirements which adversely affect their respective businesses;
- (10) deterioration in the credit quality of Peoples' loan portfolio, which may adversely impact the provision for loan losses;
- (11) changes in accounting standards, policies, estimates or procedures which may adversely affect Peoples' reported financial condition or results of operations;
- (12) Peoples' assumptions and estimates used in applying critical accounting policies, which may prove unreliable, inaccurate or not predictive of actual results;
- (13) adverse changes in the conditions and trends in the financial markets, including political developments, which may adversely affect the fair value of securities within Peoples' investment portfolio, the interest rate sensitivity of Peoples' consolidated balance sheet, and the income generated by Peoples' trust and investment activities;
- (14) Peoples' ability to receive dividends from its subsidiaries;
- (15) Peoples' ability to maintain required capital levels and adequate sources of funding and liquidity;
- (16) the impact of new minimum capital thresholds established as a part of the implementation of Basel III;

- (17) the impact of larger or similar sized financial institutions encountering problems, which may adversely affect the banking industry and/or Peoples' business generation and retention, funding and liquidity;
- (18) the costs and effects of regulatory and legal developments, including the outcome of potential regulatory or other governmental inquiries and legal proceedings and results of regulatory examinations;
- (19) Peoples' ability to secure confidential information through the use of computer systems and telecommunications networks, including those of Peoples' third-party vendors and other service providers, may prove inadequate, which could adversely affect customer confidence in Peoples and/or result in Peoples incurring a financial loss;
- (20) the overall adequacy of Peoples' risk management program;
- (21) the impact on Peoples' businesses, as well as on the risks described above, of various domestic or international military or terrorist activities or conflicts; and
- (22) other risk factors relating to the banking industry or Peoples as detailed from time to time in Peoples' reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), including those risk factors included in the disclosures under the heading "ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS" of Peoples' 2014 Form 10-K.

All forward-looking statements speak only as of the filing date of this Form 10-Q and are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements. Although management believes the expectations in these forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions within the bounds of management's knowledge of Peoples' business and operations, it is possible that actual results may differ materially from these projections. Additionally, Peoples undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the filing date of this Form 10-Q or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events except as may be required by applicable legal requirements. Copies of documents filed with the SEC are available free of charge at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov and/or from Peoples' website – www.peoplesbancorp.com under the "Investor Relations" section.

This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the audited Consolidated Financial Statements, and Notes thereto, contained in Peoples' 2014 Form 10-K, as well as the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements, Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements, ratios, statistics and discussions contained elsewhere in this Form 10-Q.

Business Overview

The following discussion and analysis of Peoples' Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements is presented to provide insight into management's assessment of the financial condition and results of operations.

Peoples offers diversified financial products and services through 81 financial service locations and 81 ATMs in northeastern, central, southwestern and southeastern Ohio, west central West Virginia and northeastern Kentucky through its financial service units – Peoples Bank and Peoples Insurance Agency, LLC ("Peoples Insurance"), a subsidiary of Peoples Bank. Peoples Bank is subject to regulation and examination primarily by the OCC and secondarily by the Federal Reserve Board and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC"). Peoples Insurance is subject to regulation by the Ohio Department of Insurance and the state insurance regulatory agencies of those states in which it may do business.

Peoples' products and services include traditional banking products, such as deposit accounts, lending products and trust services. Peoples provides services through traditional offices, ATMs, and telephone and internet-based banking. Peoples also offers a complete array of insurance products and makes available custom-tailored fiduciary, employee benefit plans and asset management services. Brokerage services are offered by Peoples exclusively through an unaffiliated registered broker-dealer.

Critical Accounting Policies

The accounting and reporting policies of Peoples conform to US GAAP and to general practices within the financial services industry. The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates. Management has identified the accounting policies that, due to the judgments, estimates and assumptions inherent in those policies, are critical to understanding Peoples' Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements, and Management's Discussion and Analysis at June 30, 2015, which were unchanged from the policies disclosed in Peoples' 2014 Form 10-K.

Summary of Recent Transactions and Events

The following is a summary of recent transactions and events that have impacted or are expected to impact Peoples' results of operations or financial condition:

- At the close of business on March 6, 2015, Peoples completed the acquisition of NB&T and the 22 full-service offices of its subsidiary The National Bank and Trust Company in southwestern Ohio. Under the terms of the merger agreement, Peoples paid 0.9319 of Peoples' common shares and \$7.75 in cash for each common share of NB&T, or total consideration of \$102.7 million. The acquisition added \$384.9 million of loans and \$629.5 million of deposits at the acquisition date, after initial acquisition accounting adjustments.
- At the close of business on October 24, 2014, Peoples completed the acquisition of North Akron Savings Bank ("North Akron") and its 4 full-service offices in Akron, Cuyahoga Falls, Munroe and Norton, Ohio. Under the terms of the merger agreement, Peoples paid \$7,655 of consideration per share of North Akron common stock, or \$20.1 million, of which 80% was paid in Peoples' common shares and the remaining 20% in cash. The acquisition added \$111.5 million of loans and \$108.1 million of deposits at the acquisition date, after acquisition accounting adjustments.
- On August 7, 2014, Peoples announced the completion of the sale of 1,847,826 common shares at \$23.00 per share to institutional investors through a private placement (the "Private Equity Issuance"). Peoples received net proceeds of \$40.2 million from the sale, and used the proceeds, in part, to fund the cash consideration for the NB&T acquisition.
- At the close of business on August 22, 2014, Peoples completed the acquisition of Ohio Heritage Bancorp, Inc. ("Ohio Heritage") and the 6 full-service offices of its subsidiary Ohio Heritage Bank in Coshocton, Newark, Heath, Mount Vernon and New Philadelphia, Ohio. Under the terms of the agreement, Peoples paid \$110.00 of consideration per share of Ohio Heritage common stock, or \$37.7 million, of which 85% was paid in Peoples' common shares and the remaining 15% in cash. The acquisition added \$175.8 million of loans and \$174.9 million of deposits at the acquisition date, after acquisition accounting adjustments.
- At the close of business on May 30, 2014, Peoples completed the acquisition of Midwest Bancshares, Inc. ("Midwest") and the 2 full-service offices of its subsidiary First National Bank of Wellston in Wellston and Jackson, Ohio. Under the terms of the agreement, Peoples paid \$65.50 of consideration per share of Midwest common stock, or \$12.6 million, of which 50% was paid in cash and the remaining 50% in Peoples' common shares. The acquisition added \$58.7 million of loans and \$77.9 million of deposits at the acquisition date, after acquisition accounting adjustments.
- In the second quarter of 2015, Peoples incurred \$732,000 of acquisition-related expenses, compared to \$9.6 million in the first quarter of 2015 and \$1.4 million in the second quarter of 2014, which were primarily severance costs, fees for legal costs, other professional services, deconversion costs and write-offs associated with assets acquired. For the year, Peoples incurred \$10.3 million of acquisition-related expenses in 2015, compared to \$1.6 million for the first six months of 2014.
- As described in Note 7 Employee Benefit Plans of the Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Form 10-Q, Peoples incurred settlement charges of \$103,000 in the second quarter of 2015 due to the aggregate amount of lump-sum distributions to participants in Peoples' defined benefit pension plan exceeding the threshold for recognizing such charges during the first quarter of 2015. Settlement charges of \$269,000 and \$536,000 were recognized during the first quarter of 2015 and second quarter of 2014. For the year, settlement charges of \$372,000 were recognized, compared to \$1,022,000 for the first six months of 2014.
- Peoples' net interest income and net interest margin are impacted by changes in market interest rates based upon actions taken by the Federal Reserve Board, either directly or through its Open Market Committee. These actions include changing its target Federal Funds Rate (the interest rate at which banks lend money to each other), Discount Rate (the interest rate charged to banks for money borrowed from the Federal Reserve Bank) and longer-term market interest rates (primarily U.S. Treasury securities). Longer-term market interest rates also are affected by the demand for U.S. Treasury securities. The resulting changes in the yield curve slope have a direct impact on reinvestment rates for Peoples' earning assets.
- The Federal Reserve Board has maintained its target Federal Funds Rate at a historically low level of 0% to 0.25% since December 2008 and has maintained the Discount Rate at 0.75% since December 2010. The Federal Reserve Board has indicated the possibility these short-term rates could start to be raised as early as the second half of 2015.

From late 2008 until year-end 2014, the Federal Reserve Board took various actions to lower longer-term market interest rates as a means of stimulating the economy – a policy commonly referred to as "quantitative easing". These actions included the buying and selling of mortgage-backed and other debt securities through its open market operations. In December 2013, the Federal Reserve Board announced plans to taper its quantitative easing efforts. As a result, the slope of the U.S. Treasury yield curve has fluctuated significantly. Substantial flattening occurred in late 2008, in mid-2010 and early third quarter of 2011 through 2012, while moderate steepening occurred in the second half of 2009, late 2010 and mid-2013. The curve remained relatively steep throughout the second half of 2013, primarily as a reaction to the Federal Reserve Board's announcement of a reduction in monthly asset purchases and generally improving economic conditions. The curve flattened gradually throughout 2014 and early 2015, primarily in response to the slowing global economy, geopolitical uncertainty and lower yields on sovereign debt throughout the world.

The impact of these transactions and events, where material, is discussed in the applicable sections of this Management's Discussion and Analysis.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Peoples recorded net income for the quarter ended June 30, 2015 of \$4.9 million, or \$0.27 per diluted common share, compared to net income of \$3.5 million and \$0.32 per diluted common share a year ago, and a net loss of \$0.7 million or \$0.04 per diluted common share in the first quarter of 2015. Adjusted for non-core charges, net income decreased \$0.5 million due to an increase in non-interest expenses.

Peoples' provision for loan losses for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$672,000, compared to \$583,000 during the three months ended June 30, 2014 and \$350,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2015. Net charge-offs for the second quarter of 2015 were \$516,000 compared to net charge-offs of \$69,000 in the prior year second quarter and \$143,000 in the first quarter of 2015. Asset quality metrics remained favorable during the second quarter of 2015, but nonperforming assets increased during the quarter due mainly to one large commercial and industrial relationship being placed on nonaccrual status.

Net interest income was \$24.8 million in the second quarter of 2015, compared to \$16.0 million for the second quarter of 2014 and \$21.4 million for the first quarter of 2015, while net interest margin was 3.46%, 3.39% and 3.46%, respectively. The net interest margin, excluding the impact of amortization and accretion from the acquisitions, improved 3 basis points compared to the linked quarter due largely to the continued decline in funding costs. The accretion income and amortization expense from the acquisitions added 15 basis points of net interest margin in the second quarter of 2015, compared to 8 basis points in the second quarter of 2014 and 18 basis points in the first quarter of 2015.

For the second quarter of 2015, total non-interest income grew 23% compared to the prior year second quarter and 4% compared to the linked quarter. The growth over the linked quarter was due to service charges on deposit accounts, trust and investment income, and electronic banking income, all of which have benefited from the acquisitions. The growth compared to the linked quarter was partially offset by lower insurance income due to the annual performance-based insurance income being recognized in the first quarter each year. On a year-to-date basis, all categories comprising total non-interest income were higher compared to the first six months of 2014, most notably electronic banking income, trust and investment income, and service charge income on deposit accounts, which grew 38%, 21% and 19%, respectively.

Non-interest expenses, adjusted for non-core charges, were 19% higher than the linked quarter and 43% higher than the first six months of 2014. The majority of the increase compared to the linked quarter was due to a full quarter impact of the NB&T acquisition, while the increase year-to-date was largely due to the four acquisitions that were completed since May 30, 2014. Non-core charges for the second quarter and year-to-date 2015 consisted of acquisition costs of \$0.7 million and \$9.7 million, respectively, pension settlement charges of \$103,000 and \$372,000, respectively, and other items totalling \$285,000 and \$385,000, respectively.

At June 30, 2015, total assets were \$3.21 billion, up \$642.8 million from year-end 2014. This increase was primarily the result of the NB&T acquisition. The allowance for loan losses was \$18.2 million, or 1.42% of originated loans (net of deferred fees and costs), compared to \$17.9 million and 1.48% at December 31, 2014. The NB&T acquisition added approximately \$384.9 million of loans at acquisition date, after preliminary acquisition accounting adjustments.

Total liabilities were \$2.79 billion at June 30, 2015, up \$565.0 million since year-end 2014. Retail interest-bearing deposit balances grew 30%, or \$424.9 million, and non-interest bearing deposits increased 38%, or \$188.2 million, since year-end 2014, primarily driven by the deposits acquired from NB&T. Peoples continues to focus on its strategy of reducing high-cost funding with increases in low-cost core deposits.

At June 30, 2015, total stockholders' equity was \$418.2 million, up \$77.8 million since December 31, 2014. During the first quarter of 2015, Peoples issued \$76.0 million of common shares as part of the consideration for the NB&T acquisition. Regulatory capital ratios remained significantly higher than "well capitalized" minimums. Peoples' Tier 1 ratio remained stable at 13.98% at June 30, 2015, versus 14.32% at December 31, 2014, while the Total Risk-Based Capital ratio was 14.99% versus 15.48% at December 31, 2014. In addition, Peoples' tangible equity to tangible asset ratio was 8.73% and tangible book value per common share was \$14.52 at June 30, 2015, versus 9.39% and \$15.57 at December 31, 2014, respectively.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net Interest Income

Net interest income, the amount by which interest income exceeds interest expense, remains Peoples' largest source of revenue. The amount of net interest income earned by Peoples each quarter is affected by various factors, including changes in market interest rates due to the Federal Reserve Board's monetary policy, the level and degree of pricing competition for both loans and deposits in Peoples' markets, and the amount and composition of Peoples' earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities.

The following tables detail Peoples' average balance sheets for the periods presented:

				For the Th	ree Months						
	Jur	e 30, 2015		Mar	ch 31, 201	5	June 30, 2014				
(Dollars in thousands)	Average Balance	Income/ Expense	Yield/ Cost	Average Balance	Income/ Expense	Yield/ Cost	Average Balance	Income/ Expense	Yield/ Cost		
Short-term investments	\$ 94,376	\$ 57	0.25 %	\$ 62,858	\$ 37	0.23 %	\$ 7,075	\$ (44)	(2.49)%		
Other long-term investments	1,345	4	1.19%	1,345	3	0.90%	2,170	2	0.37 %		
Investment Securities (1):											
Taxable	722,969	4,599	2.54%	673,949	4,407	2.62 %	610,225	4,185	2.74 %		
Nontaxable (2)	115,212	1,241	4.31%	84,313	917	4.35%	58,494	687	4.70 %		
Total investment securities	838,181	5,840	2.79%	758,262	5,324	2.81%	668,719	4,872	2.91 %		
Loans (3):											
Commercial real estate, construction	59,297	637	4.25 %	45,224	488	4.32%	53,615	514	3.79 %		
Commercial real estate, other	736,194	8,194	4.40%	599,432	6,994	4.66%	465,691	5,287	4.49 %		
Commercial and industrial	325,393	3,386	4.12%	293,777	3,196	4.35 %	240,726	2,687	4.42 %		
Residential real estate (4)	573,041	6,355	4.44%	504,354	5,595	4.44 %	286,330	3,285	4.59 %		
Home equity lines of credit	102,897	1,235	4.81 %	85,592	855	4.05 %	60,349	562	3.74 %		
Consumer	203,176	2,385	4.71%	188,395	2,076	4.47 %	155,314	1,780	4.60 %		
Total loans	1,999,998	22,192	4.41 %	1,716,774	19,204	4.48 %	1,262,025	14,115	4.45 %		
Less: Allowance for loan losses	(17,918)			(17,888))		(17,126)				
Net loans	1,982,080	22,192	4.45%	1,698,886	19,204	4.53 %	1,244,899	14,115	4.51 %		
Total earning assets	2,915,982	28,093	3.84%	2,521,351	24,568	3.90%	1,922,863	18,945	3.92 %		
Intangible assets	151,736			121,556			78,037				
Other assets	152,205			121,330			89,852				
Total assets	\$ 3,219,923			\$2,764,237			\$2,090,752				
Deposits:											
Savings accounts	\$ 407,713	\$ 55	0.05 %	\$ 326,385	\$ 43	0.05 %	\$ 230,431	\$ 31	0.05 %		
Governmental deposit accounts	307,535	165	0.22 %	211,607	123	0.24 %	159,476	113	0.28 %		
Interest-bearing demand accounts	234,602	48	0.08%	181,322	39	0.09%	138,745	29	0.08 %		
Money market accounts	397,217	158	0.16%	350,455	140	0.16%	268,480	107	0.16 %		
Brokered deposits	38,114	354	3.73%	38,434	352	3.71%	42,976	383	3.57 %		
Retail certificates of deposit	489,604	838	0.69%	444,602	862	0.78 %	356,286	803	0.90 %		
Total interest-bearing deposits	1,874,785	1,618	0.35%	1,552,805	1,559	0.41%	1,196,394	1,466	0.49 %		
Borrowed Funds:	, ,	y		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		j j	,			
Short-term FHLB advances	_		_%	6,867	3	0.18%	56,341	14	0.10 %		
Retail repurchase agreements	76,242	31	0.16%	77,961	32	0.16%	55,564	22	0.17 %		
Total short-term borrowings	76,242	31	0.16%	84,828	35	0.17%	111,905	36	0.13 %		
Long-term FHLB advances	70,116	545	3.12%	122,099	624	2.08 %	62,108	523	3.38 %		
Wholesale repurchase agreements	40,000	367	3.67%	40,000	363	3.63 %	40,000	367	3.67 %		
Other borrowings	19,775	212	4.24%	16,257	159	3.91%	17,943	179	3.95 %		
Total long-term borrowings	129,891	1,124	3.47%	178,356	1,146	2.59%	120,051	1,069	3.56 %		
Total borrowed funds	206,133	1,155	2.25 %	263,184	1,181	1.81 %	231,956	1,105	1.91 %		
Total interest-bearing liabilities	2,080,918	2,773	0.53 %	1,815,989	2,740	0.61%	1,428,350	2,571	0.72 %		
Non-interest-bearing deposits	690,483	_,,,,,	0.0070	550,318		0.0170	405,282	_,0 / 1	0.72 70		
Other liabilities	28,709			39,692			20,952				
Total liabilities	2,800,110			2,405,999			1,854,584				
Total stockholders' equity	419,813			358,238			236,168				
Total liabilities and	117,015			550,250			_00,100				
stockholders' equity	\$ 3,219,923			\$2,764,237			\$2,090,752				
Interest rate spread		\$ 25,320	3.31%		\$ 21,828	3.29%		\$ 16,374	3.20 %		
Net interest margin			3.46%			3.46%			3.39 %		

	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2015 June 30, 2014												
		Jı	ine 30, 2015										
(Dollars in thousands)		Average Balance	Income/ Expense	Yield/ Cost		Average Balance	Income/ Expense	Yield/ Cost					
Short-term investments	\$	78,704	\$ 94	0.24%	\$	7,067	\$ (24)	(0.68)%					
Other long-term investments		1,345	7	1.05 %		2,211	4	0.36 %					
Investment Securities (1):													
Taxable		698,594	9,006	2.58%		616,799	8,571	2.78 %					
Nontaxable (2)		99,848	2,157	4.32%		55,199	1,326	4.80 %					
Total investment securities		798,442	11,163	2.80 %		671,998	9,897	2.95 %					
Loans (3):													
Commercial real estate, construction		52,299	1,125	4.28%		52,732	1,012	3.82 %					
Commercial real estate, other		668,192	15,189	4.52 %		459,931	10,402	4.50 %					
Commercial and industrial		309,672	6,582	4.23 %		238,744	5,258	4.38 %					
Residential real estate (4)		538,887	11,950	4.44%		278,577	6,355	4.56 %					
Home equity lines of credit		94,293	2,090	4.47 %		60,190	1,107	3.71 %					
Consumer		195,826	4,461	4.59%		148,301	3,393	4.61 %					
Total loans		1,859,169	41,397	4.45%		1,238,475	27,527	4.44 %					
Less: Allowance for loan losses		(17,903))			(17,177))						
Net loans		1,841,266	41,397	4.49%	_	1,221,298	27,527	4.50 %					
Total earning assets		2,719,757	52,661	3.87%		1,902,574	37,404	3.93 %					
Intangible assets		136,729	,			77,744	· ·						
Other assets		136,853				90,470							
Total assets	\$				\$	2,070,788							
Deposits:													
Savings accounts	\$	367,274	\$ 98	0.05 %	\$	225,709	\$ 61	0.05 %					
Governmental deposit accounts		259,836	289	0.22%		154,295	236	0.31 %					
Interest-bearing demand accounts		208,109	87	0.08%		137,890	57	0.08 %					
Money market accounts		373,965	298	0.16%		273,419	218	0.16 %					
Brokered deposits		38,273	706	3.72%		45,143	818	3.65 %					
Retail certificates of deposit		467,227	1,699	0.73%		358,360	1,644	0.93 %					
Total interest-bearing deposits		1,714,684	3,177	0.37%	_	1,194,816	3,034	0.51 %					
Borrowed Funds:			,										
Short-term FHLB advances		3,414	3	0.18%		60,017	30	0.10 %					
Retail repurchase agreements		77,097	63	0.16%		47,398	38	0.16 %					
Total short-term borrowings		80,511	66	0.16%	_	107,415	68	0.13 %					
Long-term FHLB advances		95,964	1,170	2.46%		62,243	1,045	3.39 %					
Wholesale repurchase agreements		40,000	729	3.65 %		40,000	729	3.65 %					
Other borrowings		18,025	371	4.09%		18,537	367	3.94 %					
Total long-term borrowings		153,989	2,270	2.96%	_	120,780	2,141	3.56 %					
Total borrowed funds		234,500	2,336	2.00%	_	228,195	2,209	1.94 %					
Total interest-bearing liabilities		1,949,184	5,513	0.57%	_	1,423,011	5,243	0.74 %					
Non-interest-bearing deposits		620,788	5,515	0.5770		395,431	5,215	0.717					
Other liabilities		34,171				20,915							
Total liabilities		2,604,143				1,839,357							
Total stockholders' equity		389,196				231,431							
Total liabilities and		567,170				251,751							
stockholders' equity	\$	2,993,339			\$	2,070,788							
Interest rate spread	φ	2,775,557	\$ 47,148	3.30%	φ	2,070,700	\$ 32,161	3.19 %					
Net interest margin			φ τ /,140	<u> </u>			· 52,101	3.19 %					
inci mur cor mai gill				J.+U /0				5.517					

Average balances are based on carrying value.
 Interest income and yields are presented on a fully tax-equivalent basis using a 35% federal statutory tax rate.

- (3) Average balances include nonaccrual and impaired loans. Interest income includes interest earned on nonaccrual loans prior to the loans being placed on nonaccrual status. Loan fees included in interest income were immaterial for all periods presented.
- (4) Loans held for sale are included in the average loan balance listed. Related interest income on loans originated for sale prior to the loan being sold is included in loan interest income.

Net interest margin, which is calculated by dividing fully tax-equivalent ("FTE") net interest income by average interestearning assets, serves as an important measurement of the net revenue stream generated by the volume, mix and pricing of earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities. FTE net interest income is calculated by increasing interest income to convert tax-exempt income earned on obligations of states and political subdivisions to the pre-tax equivalent of taxable income using a 35% federal statutory tax rate. The following table details the calculation of FTE net interest income:

	Th	ree	Months End	ł		Ended			
	June 30,	June 30,		June	e 30),			
(Dollars in thousands)	2015		2015		2014		2015		2014
Net interest income, as reported	\$ 24,793	\$	21,419	\$	16,043	\$	46,212	\$	31,523
Taxable equivalent adjustments	527		409		331		936		638
Fully tax-equivalent net interest income	\$ 25,320	\$	21,828	\$	16,374	\$	47,148	\$	32,161

The following table provides an analysis of the changes in FTE net interest income:

	Thre	e Months	Ended Ju	ed to	C	ompared	to		
(Dollars in thousands)	Ma	rch 31, 2	015	Ju	ne 30, 201	4	Ju	ine 30, 20	14
Increase (decrease) in:	Rate	Volume	Total ⁽¹⁾	Rate	Volume	Total ⁽¹⁾	Rate	Volume	Total ⁽¹⁾
INTEREST INCOME:									
Short-term investments	\$ 2	\$ 18	\$ 20	\$ 364	\$ (263)	\$ 101	\$ 129	\$ (11)	\$ 118
Other long-term investments	1	—	1	7	(5)	2	8	(5)	3
Investment Securities: (2)									
Taxable	(646)	838	192	(1,629)	2,043	414	378	59	437
Nontaxable	(61)	385	324	(376)	930	554	413	418	831
Total investment income	(707)	1,223	516	(2,005)	2,973	968	791	477	1,268
Loans:									
Commercial real estate, construction	(50)	199	149	65	58	123	137	(24)	113
Commercial real estate, other	(2,297)	3,497	1,200	(699)	3,606	2,907	53	4,734	4,787
Commercial and industrial	(856)	1,046	190	(1,095)	1,794	699	(514)	1,838	1,324
Residential real estate	(12)	772	760	(750)	3,820	3,070	(527)	6,122	5,595
Home equity lines of credit	182	198	380	196	477	673	261	722	983
Consumer	126	183	309	44	561	605		1,068	1,068
Total loan income	(2,907)	5,895	2,988	(2,239)	10,316	8,077	(590)	14,460	13,870
Total interest income	(3,611)	7,136	3,525	(3,873)	13,021	9,148	338	14,921	15,259
INTEREST EXPENSE:									
Deposits:									
Savings accounts	—	12	12	—	24	24	(3)	40	37
Government deposit accounts	(66)	108	42	(164)	216	52	(171)	224	53
Interest-bearing demand accounts	(14)	23	9	(4)	23	19	1	29	30
Money market accounts	(14)	32	18	(1)	52	51		80	80
Brokered certificates of deposit	7	(5)	2	91	(120)	(29)	42	(154)	(112)
Retail certificates of deposit	(401)	377	(24)	(927)	962	35	(794)	849	55
Total deposit cost	(488)	547	59	(1,005)	1,157	152	(925)	1,068	143
Borrowed funds:									
Short-term borrowings	(1)	(3)	(4)	(10)	5	(5)	39	(41)	(2)
Long-term borrowings	1,146	(1,168)	(22)	(182)	237	55	(700)	829	129
Total borrowed funds cost	1,145	(1,171)	. ,	(192)		50	(661)		127
Total interest expense	657	(624)		(1,197)		202	(1,586)	1,856	270
Net interest income	\$ (4,268)	\$ 7,760	\$ 3,492	\$ (2,676)	\$ 11,622	\$ 8,946	\$ 1,924	\$13,065	\$14,989

(1) The change in interest due to both rate and volume has been allocated to rate and volume changes in proportion to the relationship of the dollar amounts of the changes in each.

(2) Presented on a fully tax-equivalent basis.

Net interest income increased 16% in the second quarter of 2015 compared to the prior quarter and 55% compared to the prior year second quarter. During the second quarter of 2015, net interest income and net interest margin benefited from normal accretion income, net of amortization expense, of \$1.1 million related to the completed acquisitions, which added 15 basis points to net interest margin, compared to \$1.2 million, or 18 basis points, during the linked quarter and \$388,000, or 8 basis points, during the prior year second quarter. On a year-to-date basis, accretion income and amortization expense from the acquisitions added 17 basis points for the six months of 2015 and 7 basis points for the six months of 2014.

The net interest margin, excluding the impact of amortization and accretion from the acquisitions completed, improved 3 basis points compared to the linked quarter due largely to the continued decline in funding costs. Funding costs declined 8

basis points during the second quarter of 2015 compared to the prior quarter, and 19 basis points from the prior year second quarter. Peoples continues to execute its strategy of replacing higher-cost funding with low-cost deposits.

Additional information regarding changes in the Unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheets can be found under appropriate captions of the "FINANCIAL CONDITION" section of this discussion. Additional information regarding Peoples' interest rate risk and the potential impact of interest rate changes on Peoples' results of operations and financial condition can be found later in this discussion under the caption "Interest Rate Sensitivity and Liquidity".

Provision for Loan Losses

The following table details Peoples' provision for loan losses:

	 Th	l	5	Six Mon	Ended				
	June 30,	March 31,			June 30,		Jun	e 3(),
(Dollars in thousands)	2015		2015		2014		2015		2014
Provision for checking account overdrafts	\$ 172	\$	100	\$	83	\$	272	\$	91
Provision for other loan losses	500		250		500		750		500
Net provision for loan losses	\$ 672	\$	350	\$	583	\$	1,022	\$	591
As a percentage of average total loans (a)	0.13%)	0.08%	Ď	0.19%		0.11%	Ď	0.10%

(a) Presented on an annualized basis

The provision for loan losses recorded represents the amount needed to maintain the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses based on management's quarterly analysis of the loan portfolio and procedural methodology that estimates the amount of probable credit losses. This process considers various factors that affect losses, such as changes in Peoples' loan quality, historical loss experience and current economic conditions. The provision for loan losses recorded during the second quarter of 2015 was primarily due to an increase in nonperforming assets due to a commercial relationship that was placed on nonaccrual status. The provision for loan losses recorded during the first quarter of 2015 was primarily due to an increase in criticized assets due to same commercial relationship noted above being downgraded. The provision for loan losses recorded during the second quarter of 2015, net charge-offs remained well below the long-term historical averages.

Additional information regarding changes in the allowance for loan losses and loan credit quality can be found later in this discussion under the caption "Allowance for Loan Losses".

Net Loss on Asset Disposals and Other Transactions

The following table details the net loss on asset disposals and other transactions recognized by Peoples:

		Thre	e Months Ende	Six Months Ended				
	_	June 30,	March 31,	June 30,		June 3	0,	
(Dollars in thousands)		2015	2015	2014		2015	2014	
Net (loss) gains on OREO	\$	(73) \$	§ (8) \$	—	\$	(81) \$	18	
Net loss on debt extinguishment			(520)			(520)		
Net loss on bank premises and equipment		(63)	(575)	(187)		(638)	(194)	
Net loss on asset disposals and other transactions	\$	(136) \$	6 (1,103) \$	(187)	\$	(1,239) \$	(176)	

The net loss on OREO during the second quarter of 2015 was due to the sale of one OREO property and the write-off of another OREO property. The net loss on bank premises and equipment for the second quarter of 2015 was due mainly to a write-off of obsolete fixed assets and the write-down of a closed office location that is available for sale. The loss on bank premises and equipment recorded during the first quarter of 2015 was due to asset write-offs associated with the NB&T acquisition. Also during the first quarter of 2015, Peoples recognized a loss on debt extinguishment from the prepayment of several FHLB advances, and a loss on OREO from decreases in the market value of residential properties that were sold. The loss on bank premises and equipment recorded during the second quarter of 2014 included \$149,000 of losses due to asset write-offs associated with the Midwest acquisition. The remaining \$38,000 of losses was the result of relocation of banking and insurance offices during the second quarter of 2014.

Non-Interest Income

Insurance income comprised the largest portion of second quarter 2015 non-interest income. The following table details Peoples' insurance income:

		Th	ree	Six Months Ended					
		June 30,	N	Iarch 31,	June 30,		June	e 30	,
(Dollars in thousands)	_	2015		2015	2014		2015		2014
Property and casualty insurance commissions	\$	2,665	\$	2,412	\$ 2,709	\$	5,077	\$	5,162
Performance-based commissions		30		1,463	249		1,493		1,432
Life and health insurance commissions		474		381	393		855		818
Credit life and A&H insurance commissions		26		1	9		27		16
Other fees and charges		88		55	83		143		131
Total insurance income	\$	3,283	\$	4,312	\$ 3,443	\$	7,595	\$	7,559

The decrease in insurance income was primarily driven by performance-based commissions recorded during the first quarter of 2015. The bulk of performance-based commissions typically are recorded annually in the first quarter and are based on a combination of factors, such as loss experience of insurance policies sold, production volumes, and overall financial performance of the individual insurance carriers.

Deposit account service charges continued to comprise a sizable portion of Peoples' non-interest income. The following table details Peoples' deposit account service charges:

	Th	re	e Months End	l	Six Months Ended				
	June 30,		March 31,		June 30,		June 3	30,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2015		2015		2014		2015	2014	
Overdraft and non-sufficient funds fees	\$ 2,259	\$	1,650	\$	1,772	\$	3,909 \$	3,316	
Account maintenance fees	521		451		413		972	790	
Other fees and charges	68		194		42		262	232	
Total deposit account service charges	\$ 2,848	\$	2,295	\$	2,227	\$	5,143 \$	4,338	

The amount of deposit account service charges, particularly fees for overdrafts and non-sufficient funds, is largely dependent on the timing and volume of customer activity. Peoples typically experiences a lower volume of overdraft and non-sufficient funds fees annually in the first quarter attributable to customers receiving income tax refunds, while volumes generally increase in the fourth quarter in connection with the holiday shopping season.

Peoples' fiduciary and brokerage revenues continue to be based primarily upon the value of assets under management, with additional income generated from transaction commissions. The following tables detail Peoples' trust and investment income and related assets under management:

		Th	ree	Months End	lec	1	Six Months Ended				
		June 30,		March 31,		June 30,		June	e 30),	
(Dollars in thousands)		2015		2015		2014		2015		2014	
Fiduciary	\$	1,838	\$	1,492	\$	1,434	\$	3,330	\$	2,763	
Brokerage		706		555		499		1,261		1,017	
Total trust and investment income	\$	2,544	\$	2,047	\$	1,933	\$	4,591	\$	3,780	

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2015	March 31, 2015	De	cember 31, 2014	Sep	otember 30, 2014	June 30, 2014
Trust assets under management	\$ 1,303,792	\$ 1,319,423	\$	1,022,189	\$	999,822 \$	1,014,865
Brokerage assets under management	576,412	501,635		525,089		511,400	513,890
Total managed assets	\$ 1,880,204	\$ 1,821,058	\$	1,547,278	\$	1,511,222 \$	1,528,755
Quarterly average	\$ 1,864,579	\$ 1,622,287	\$	1,540,246	\$	1,520,615 \$	1,505,433

The increase in brokerage assets under management during the second quarter was due to the NB&T acquisition, which contributed to the increase in brokerage income during the quarter. During the first quarter of 2015, trust assets under management increased 29% compared to the prior quarter, mainly due to the NB&T acquisition, which also contributed to the overall increase in trust and investment income during the first and second quarters of 2015 compared to the second quarter of 2014. In recent years, Peoples added experienced financial advisors in underserved market areas, and generated new business and revenue related to retirement plans for which it manages the assets and provides services.

Peoples' electronic banking services include ATM and debit cards, direct deposit services, internet and mobile banking, and remote deposit capture, and serve as alternative delivery channels to traditional sales offices for providing services to clients. During the second quarter of 2015 compared to the linked quarter, electronic banking income grew 17% and compared to the prior year second quarter grew 48%. The growth in electronic banking income was primarily due to an increase in the volume of debit card transactions and ATM surcharges.

Mortgage banking income increased 36% compared to the linked quarter, and 32% compared to the prior year second quarter due to the sale of loans to the secondary market, which is driven by mortgage interest rates available and customers' preference for long-term, fixed-rate loans. In the second quarter of 2015, Peoples sold approximately \$19.7 million of loans to the secondary market compared to \$12.9 million in the first quarter of 2015 and \$11.3 million in the second quarter of 2014. In the first six months of 2015, Peoples sold approximately \$32.6 million compared to \$19.1 million in the first half of 2014.

Non-Interest Expense

Salaries and employee benefit costs remain Peoples' largest non-interest expense, accounting for approximately one-half of total non-interest expense.

	Th	ree		Six Months Ended				
	June 30,]	March 31,		June 30,		June 3	0,
(Dollars in thousands)	2015		2015		2014		2015	2014
Base salaries and wages	\$ 10,080	\$	12,273	\$	7,037	\$	22,353 \$	13,550
Sales-based and incentive compensation	1,725		1,828		1,587		3,553	3,090
Employee benefits	1,634		1,581		1,791		3,215	3,551
Stock-based compensation	461		565		464		1,026	954
Deferred personnel costs	(430)		(257)		(353)		(687)	(719)
Payroll taxes and other employment costs	1,090		1,371		715		2,461	1,607
Total salaries and employee benefit costs	\$ 14,560	\$	17,361	\$	11,241	\$	31,921 \$	22,033
Full-time equivalent employees:							·	
Actual at end of period	831		847		576		831	576
Average during the period	838		735		563		778	556

The following table details Peoples' salaries and employee benefit costs:

For the three months ended March 31, 2015,\$3.9 million of severance and retention payouts associated with the NB&T acquisition were included in base salaries and wages, and were non-recurring in the second quarter of 2015. Excluding the severance and retention payouts, base salaries and wages increased during the second quarter due mainly to the full quarter of expense related to the associates acquired and retained from the NB&T acquisition. Sales-based and incentive compensation are tied to corporate incentive plans and commissions from sales production. Employee benefits increased due to higher employee medical benefit costs, compared to the previous quarter. Peoples recognized \$103,000 of settlement costs during the second quarter of 2015, compared to \$269,000 during the first quarter of 2015 and \$536,000 in the second quarter of 2014. Given the nature of the pension settlement, it is inherently difficult to estimate the amount or exact timing of future pension settlement charges. Stock-based compensation decreased compared to the linked quarter as Peoples recorded the true-up of awards that vested during the first quarter. Payroll taxes and other employment costs decreased from the prior quarter as a result of severance costs associated with the NB&T acquisition and the annual vesting of stock-based awards that occurred during the first quarter of 2015, that were not recurring during the second quarter.

Professional fees expense represents the cost of accounting, legal and other third-party professional services utilized by Peoples. The decrease compared to the linked quarter, and a majority of the increase year-to-date, was due mainly to acquisition-related activities. Professional fees incurred as a result of acquisition-related activities were \$0.3 million in the

second quarter of 2015 and \$1.4 million in the first quarter of 2015. Year-to-date 2014 included \$0.5 million of acquisition-related charges.

Peoples' net occupancy and equipment expense was comprised of the following:

	Three Months Ended								Six Months Ended				
	June 30,			March 31,		June 30,		June 30		0,			
(Dollars in thousands)		2015		2015		2014		2015		2014			
Depreciation	\$	1,139	\$	962	\$	677	\$	2,101	\$	1,362			
Repairs and maintenance costs		851		578		451		1,429		909			
Net rent expense		222		211		219		433		461			
Property taxes, utilities and other costs		926		544		392		1,470		823			
Total net occupancy and equipment expense	\$	3,138	\$	2,295	\$	1,739	\$	5,433	\$	3,555			

Net occupancy and equipment expense increased during the second quarter of 2015 compared to the linked quarter and prior year second quarter, mostly due to higher depreciation and maintenance costs coupled with increases in real estate taxes and utilities due to the expansion of Peoples' footprint as a result of the acquisitions.

Electronic banking expense, which is comprised of bankcard, internet and mobile banking costs, increased during the second quarter of 2015 compared to the linked quarter and the prior year second quarter. During the second quarter of 2015 compared to the linked quarter, electronic banking expense grew 17% and compared to the prior year second quarter grew 39%. The increases from the prior periods were largely related to a higher volume of transactions completed by customers and additional services provided. The increase in the electronic banking expense was directionally consistent with the growth in electronic banking income.

Other non-interest expense has decreased substantially compared to the prior quarter and increased substantially year-todate compared to the first six months of 2014, primarily driven by acquisition-related costs, which include deconversion costs. During the second quarter of 2015, there were \$17,000 in acquisition expenses recognized within other non-interest expense by Peoples compared to \$3.6 million in the prior quarter. Year-to-date 2015, Peoples recognized \$3.6 million compared to \$0.5 million in the first six months of 2014.

Peoples' efficiency ratio, calculated as non-interest expense less amortization of other intangible assets divided by FTE net interest income plus non-interest income, was 74.20% for the second quarter of 2015, lower than the prior quarter of 96.71% and the prior year second quarter of 75.59%, primarily due to acquisition-related costs and pension settlement charges being lower. Management continues to target an efficiency ratio in the range below 65% for the second half of 2015, absent acquisition-related costs and other non-core charges, such as pension settlement charges.

Income Tax Expense

For the six months ended June 30, 2015, Peoples recorded income tax expense of \$2.1 million, which included acquisition-related costs that are not tax deductible of approximately \$160,000. Peoples' current estimate of the tax rate for the entire year of 2015 is between 30.0% and 31.0%. In comparison, Peoples recorded income tax expense of \$3.7 million for the same period in 2014, for an effective tax rate of 31.1%.

Pre-Provision Net Revenue

Pre-provision net revenue ("PPNR") has become a key financial measure used by federal bank regulatory agencies when assessing the capital adequacy of financial institutions. PPNR is defined as net interest income plus non-interest income minus non-interest expense and, therefore, excludes the provision for loan losses and all gains and losses included in earnings. As a result, PPNR represents the earnings capacity that can be either retained in order to build capital or used to absorb unexpected losses and preserve existing capital.

The following table provides a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure to the amounts reported in Peoples' consolidated financial statements for the periods presented:

	Th	ire	e Months En	deo	1	Six Month			Ended
	June 30,		March 31,		June 30,		Jun	e 30),
(Dollars in thousands)	2015		2015		2014		2015		2014
Pre-Provision Net Revenue:									
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 7,144	\$	(840)	\$	5,054	\$	6,304	\$	11,985
Add: provision for loan losses	672		350		583		1,022		591
Add: loss on debt extinguishment	_		520				520		—
Add: net loss on loans held-for-sale and OREO	73		8				81		
Add: net loss on securities transactions			—						30
Add: net loss on other assets	63		575		187		638		194
Less: net gain on loans held-for-sale and OREO							—		18
Less: net gain on securities transactions	11		600		66		611		66
Pre-provision net revenue	\$ 7,941	\$	13	\$	5,758	\$	7,954	\$	12,716
Total average assets	3,219,923		2,764,237		2,090,752	2	2,993,339	2	,070,888
Pre-provision net revenue to total average assets (a)	0.99%	6	%	, D	1.10%		0.54%	ó	1.24%

(a) Presented on an annualized basis.

The second quarter of 2015 PPNR was higher than both the linked quarter and the second quarter of 2014 due largely to the increase in revenue as a result of the acquisitions completed. On a year-to-date basis, PPNR has declined due mainly to the increase in non-interest expenses.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2015, Peoples' interest-bearing deposits in other banks increased significantly from December 31, 2014, primarily due to the NB&T acquisition. These balances included \$63.5 million of excess cash reserves being maintained at the Federal Reserve Bank at June 30, 2015, compared to \$12.4 million at December 31, 2014. The amount of excess cash reserves maintained is dependent upon Peoples' daily liquidity position, which is driven primarily by changes in deposit and loan balances.

Through six months of 2015, Peoples' total cash and cash equivalents increased \$70.8 million, as cash provided by operating and investing activities of \$14.2 million and \$132.6 million, respectively, exceeded cash used in financing activities totaling \$76.0 million. The increase in Peoples' investing activities was primarily due to the \$98.1 million contributed by the NB&T acquisition coupled with proceeds from the investment portfolio outpacing purchases. Peoples' financing activities included \$62.8 million of cash generated by increases in non-interest-bearing deposits, which was more than offset by declines of \$80.5 million in interest-bearing deposits and payments of \$57.4 million on long-term borrowings.

Through six months of 2014, Peoples' total cash and cash equivalents increased \$0.1 million, as cash provided by operating activities totaling \$14.4 million was mostly offset by cash used in investing and financing activities. Within Peoples' investing activities, the net \$50.1 million generated by activities related to available-for-sale securities, and \$6.3 million in proceeds from bank owned life insurance contracts were used to partially fund the \$62.8 million net loan growth. Peoples' financing activities used \$1.9 million as payments on long-term borrowings and cash dividends paid to shareholders exceeded cash provided by deposits and short-term borrowings.

Further information regarding the management of Peoples' liquidity position can be found later in this discussion under "Interest Rate Sensitivity and Liquidity."

Investment Securities

The following table provides information regarding Peoples' investment portfolio:

(Dollars in thousands)		ıne 30, 2015	I	March 31, 2015	De	ecember 31, 2014	Se	eptember 30, 2014	June 30, 2014
Available-for-sale securities, at fair value	:								
Obligations of:									
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	\$	—	\$	—	\$	1	\$	7	\$ 19
U.S. government sponsored agencies		3,934		5,488		5,950		8,689	
States and political subdivisions		114,213		118,447		64,743		64,048	61,281
Residential mortgage-backed securities		579,701		597,232		527,291		518,159	491,628
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		27,200		28,241		27,847		27,542	27,746
Bank-issued trust preferred securities		4,668		5,649		5,645		8,194	8,132
Equity securities		6,504		5,765		5,403		5,188	4,997
Total fair value	\$	736,220	\$	760,822	\$	636,880	\$	631,827	\$ 593,803
Total amortized cost	\$	730,632	\$	748,622	\$	632,967	\$	631,500	\$ 592,954
Net unrealized gain	\$	5,588	\$	12,200	\$	3,913	\$	327	\$ 849
Held-to-maturity securities, at amortized	cost:								
Obligations of:									
States and political subdivisions	\$	3,836	\$	3,838	\$	3,841	\$	3,843	\$ 3,845
Residential mortgage-backed securities		36,084		36,564		36,945		37,316	37,766
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		7,563		7,643		7,682		7,724	7,765
Total amortized cost	\$	47,483	\$	48,045	\$	48,468	\$	48,883	\$ 49,376
Total investment portfolio:									
Amortized cost	\$	778,115	\$	796,667	\$	681,435	\$	680,383	\$ 642,330
Carrying value	\$	783,703	\$	808,867	\$	685,348	\$	680,710	\$ 643,179

The decrease in residential mortgage-backed securities during the second quarter was due to normal principle pay downs, as well as calls. Peoples continues to use principal paydowns on securities to fund loan growth, in an effort to reduce the size of the investment portfolio. In the first quarter of 2015, Peoples acquired available-for-sale investment securities in the NB&T acquisition totaling approximately \$156.4 million after preliminary acquisition accounting adjustments, and subsequently sold approximately \$42.2 million of acquired investment securities. At June 30, 2015, the investment portfolio was 25.6% of total assets compared to 27.8% at year-end and 30.7% a year ago. In recent quarters, Peoples has maintained the size of the held-to-maturity securities portfolio, for which the unrealized gain or loss does not directly impact stockholders' equity, in contrast to the impact from the available-for-sale securities portfolio.

Peoples' investment in residential and commercial mortgage-backed securities largely consists of securities either guaranteed by the U.S. government or issued by U.S. government sponsored agencies, such as Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac. The remaining portions of Peoples' mortgage-backed securities consist of securities issued by other entities, including other financial institutions, which are not guaranteed by the U.S. government.

The amount of these "non-agency" securities included in the residential mortgage-backed securities totals above was as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	ine 30, 2015	March 31, 2015	De	cember 31, 2014	Sej	ptember 30, 2014	June 30, 2014
Total fair value	\$ 8,351	\$ 14,266	\$	14,058	\$	15,748 \$	5 16,864
Total amortized cost	\$ 8,322	\$ 13,871	\$	13,604	\$	15,191 \$	5 16,268
Net unrealized gain	\$ 29	\$ 395	\$	454	\$	557 \$	5 596

During the second quarter, Peoples had two non-agency securities called for a total of \$3.3 million, with the majority of the remaining decrease due to sales and normal paydowns on non-agency securities. The increase in non-agency securities during the first quarter of 2015 was due to the NB&T acquisition. Management continues to reinvest the principal runoff from the non-agency securities into U.S agency investments, which has accounted for the continued decline in the fair value of these securities. At June 30, 2015, Peoples' non-agency portfolio consisted entirely of first lien residential mortgages, with nearly all of the underlying loans in these securities originated prior to 2004 and possessing fixed interest rates. Management

continues to monitor the non-agency portfolio closely for leading indicators of increasing stress and will continue to be proactive in taking actions to mitigate such risk when necessary.

Loans

The following table provides information regarding outstanding loan balances:

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2015]	March 31, 2015	D	ecember 31, 2014	Se	ptember 30, 2014		June 30, 2014
Gross originated loans:									
Commercial real estate, construction	\$ 50,168	\$	44,276	\$	37,901	\$	25,244	\$	54,360
Commercial real estate, other	449,163		429,541		434,660		442,710		411,082
Commercial real estate	499,331		473,817		472,561		467,954		465,442
Commercial and industrial	256,080		247,103		249,975		228,297		232,199
Residential real estate	263,129		256,551		254,169		254,610		253,861
Home equity lines of credit	67,384		63,491		62,463		60,221		57,530
Consumer	196,306		176,857		169,913		164,851		156,132
Deposit account overdrafts	3,263		3,146		2,933		2,669		5,282
Total originated loans	\$ 1,285,493	\$	1,220,965	\$	1,212,014	\$	1,178,602	\$	1,170,446
Gross acquired loans:									
Commercial real estate, construction	11,220		9,759		1,051		633		2,061
Commercial real estate, other	293,369		311,868		121,475		101,218		52,562
Commercial real estate	304,589		321,627		122,526		101,851		54,623
Commercial and industrial	71,013		78,807		30,056		33,187		22,229
Residential real estate	302,639		317,824		225,274		156,479		59,513
Home equity lines of credit	36,607		38,222		18,232		15,013		4,308
Consumer	11,692		13,724		12,796		14,622		6,786
Total acquired loans (a)	\$ 726,540	\$	770,204	\$	408,884	\$	321,152	\$	147,459
Total loans	\$ 2,012,033	\$	1,991,169	\$	1,620,898	\$	1,499,754	\$	1,317,905
Percent of loans to total loans:									
Commercial real estate, construction	3.1%	6	2.7%	6	2.4 %	, D	1.7%	ó	4.3 %
Commercial real estate, other	36.8%	6	37.2%	6	34.2%	, D	36.3 %	ó	35.1 %
Commercial real estate	39.9%	6	39.9%	6	36.6%	Ď	38.0%	ó	39.4 %
Commercial and industrial	16.3%	6	16.4%	6	17.3 %	, D	17.4%	ó	19.3 %
Residential real estate	28.1%	6	28.8%	6	29.6%	, D	27.4%	ó	23.8%
Home equity lines of credit	5.2 %	6	5.1%	6	5.0%	, D	5.0%	ó	4.7 %
Consumer	10.3 %	6	9.6%	6	11.3 %	, D	12.0%	ó	12.4 %
Deposit account overdrafts	0.2 %	6	0.2 %	6	0.2 %	, D	0.2 %	ó	0.4 %
Total percentage	100.0%	6	100.0%	6	100.0%)	100.0%	D	100.0%
Residential real estate loans being serviced for others	\$ 392,625	\$	386,261	\$	352,779	\$	343,659	\$	341,893

(a) Includes all loans acquired in 2012 and thereafter.

Total originated loans increased \$64.5 million, or 5% from the linked quarter due mainly to growth in commercial real estate and consumer loan balances, which grew 5% and 11%, respectively. Consumer loan balances, which consist mostly of loans to finance automobile purchases, have continued to increase in recent quarters due largely to Peoples placing greater emphasis on its consumer lending activity. At March 31, 2015, the loans acquired from NB&T added approximately \$8.4 million in construction loans, \$197.2 million of commercial real estate loans, \$48.3 million of commercial and industrial loans, \$103.4 million of residential real estate loans, \$21.9 million of home equity lines of credit and \$2.8 million of consumer loans after acquisition accounting adjustments. Acquired loans also experienced a decline in the balances of loans previously acquired as commercial real estate loans decreased \$18.5 million and residential real estate loans decreased \$15.2 million due to run-off.

Loan Concentration

Peoples categorizes its commercial loans according to standard industry classifications and monitors for concentrations in a single industry or multiple industries that could be impacted by changes in economic conditions in a similar manner. Peoples' commercial lending activities continue to be spread over a diverse range of businesses from all sectors of the economy, with no single industry comprising over 10% of Peoples' total loan portfolio.

Loans secured by commercial real estate, including commercial construction loans, continue to comprise the largest portion of Peoples' loan portfolio. The following table provides information regarding the largest concentrations of commercial real estate loans within the loan portfolio at June 30, 2015:

(Dollars in thousands)	itstanding Balance	Loan Commitments	E	Total Exposure	% of Total
Commercial real estate, construction:					
Apartment complexes	\$ 21,260	\$ 38,700	\$	59,960	50.0%
Office buildings and complexes:					
Owner occupied	673	1,224		1,897	1.6%
Non-owner occupied	4,369	393		4,762	4.0%
Total office buildings and complexes	5,042	1,617		6,659	5.6%
Assisted living facilities and nursing homes	6,705	3,214		9,919	8.3 %
Mixed commercial use facilities:					
Owner occupied	681			681	0.6%
Non-owner occupied	472	1,910		2,382	2.0%
Total mixed commercial use facilities	1,153	1,910		3,063	2.6%
Day care facilities - owner occupied	1,623	1,324		2,947	2.4%
Restaurant facilities - owner occupied	2,976			2,976	2.5 %
Residential property	7,171	3,337		10,508	8.8%
Retail facilities	2,429	1,471		3,900	3.2%
Storage facilities	2,033	618		2,651	2.2%
School	1,743	553		2,296	1.9%
Other	9,253	5,734		14,987	12.5 %
Total commercial real estate, construction	\$ 61,388	\$ 58,478	\$	119,866	100.0%

(Dollars in thousands)	itstanding Balance	Loan Commitments	Total Exposure	% of Total
Commercial real estate, other:				
Lodging and lodging related	\$ 50,541	\$ —	\$ 50,541	6.6%
Apartment complexes	60,784	97	60,881	7.9%
Office buildings and complexes:				
Owner occupied	19,215	501	19,716	2.6%
Non-owner occupied	44,317	587	44,904	5.9%
Total office buildings and complexes	63,532	1,088	64,620	8.5 %
Light industrial facilities:				
Owner occupied	31,096	34	31,130	4.1 %
Non-owner occupied	1,901	—	1,901	0.2 %
Total light industrial facilities	32,997	34	33,031	4.3 %
Retail facilities:				
Owner occupied	20,801	143	20,944	2.7 %
Non-owner occupied	30,510		30,510	4.0%
Total retail facilities	51,311	143	51,454	6.7 %
Assisted living facilities and nursing homes	44,212	254	44,466	5.8%
Mixed commercial use facilities:				
Owner occupied	20,331	6,360	26,691	3.5 %
Non-owner occupied	23,427	255	23,682	3.1 %
Total mixed commercial use facilities	43,758	6,615	50,373	6.6%
Day care facilities - owner occupied	15,912	_	15,912	2.1 %
Non-owner occupied	159	_	159	%
Total day care facilities	16,071		16,071	2.1 %
Health care facilities:				
Owner occupied	7,837	22	7,859	1.0%
Non-owner occupied	4,736	145	4,881	0.6%
Total health care facilities	12,573	167	12,740	1.6%
Residential property:				
Owner occupied	1,088	769	1,857	0.2 %
Non-owner occupied	12,643	1,991	14,634	1.9%
Total restaurant facilities	13,731	2,760	16,491	2.1 %
Restaurant facilities:				
Owner occupied	13,261	112	13,373	1.7%
Non-owner occupied	1,273		1,273	0.2 %
Total restaurant facilities	14,534	112	14,646	1.9%
Warehouse facilities	15,663	529	16,192	2.1 %
Gas station facilities:				
Owner occupied	5,263	75	5,338	0.7 %
Non-owner occupied	7,738	388	8,126	1.1 %
Total gas station facilities	13,001	463	13,464	1.8%
Fitness center facilities:				
Owner occupied	10,183	27	10,210	1.3 %
Non-owner occupied	225		225	%
Total fitness center facilities	10,408	27	10,435	1.3 %
School	5,245		5,245	0.7 %
Other	294,171	11,218	305,389	40.0%
Total commercial real estate, other	\$ 742,532	\$ 23,507	\$ 766,039	100.0%

Peoples' commercial lending activities continue to focus on lending opportunities inside its primary and secondary market areas within Ohio, West Virginia and Kentucky. In all other states, the aggregate outstanding balances of commercial loans in each state were less than \$4.0 million at both June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

Allowance for Loan Losses

The amount of the allowance for loan losses at the end of each period represents management's estimate of expected losses from existing loans based upon its quarterly analysis of the loan portfolio. While this process involves allocations being made to specific loans and pools of loans, the entire allowance is available for all losses incurred within the loan portfolio. The following details management's allocation of the allowance for loan losses:

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2015	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014	June 30, 2014
Commercial real estate	7,185	9,074	9,825	10,546	10,267
Commercial and industrial	7,194	5,107	4,036	3,228	3,219
Total commercial	14,379	14,181	13,861	13,774	13,486
Residential real estate	1,299	1,560	1,627	1,765	1,818
Home equity lines of credit	738	708	694	658	656
Consumer	1,674	1,512	1,587	1,231	1,298
Deposit account overdrafts	154	127	112	128	126
Total allowance for loan losses	\$ 18,244	\$ 18,088	\$ 17,881	\$ 17,556	\$ 17,384
As a percent of originated loans, net of deferred fees and costs	1.42%	1.48%	6 1.48%	1.49%	1.49%

The significant allocations to commercial loans reflect the higher credit risk associated with this type of lending and the size of this loan category in relationship to the entire loan portfolio. The increase in the allowance for loan losses during the second quarter of 2015 was due mainly to the increase in nonperforming loans as a large commercial relationship was placed on nonaccrual during the quarter. During the first quarter of 2015, Peoples' allowance for loan losses increased mainly as a result of an increase in criticized assets, which was partially offset by continued low levels of net charge-offs and an upgrade of a large criticized loan during the quarter.

As a percentage of total loans plus OREO, total nonperforming assets were 1.25% at June 30, 2015, compared to 0.68% at March 31, 2015 and 0.92% at June 30, 2014. Net charge-offs also remained at or below Peoples' long-term historical average. These factors had a direct impact on the estimated loss rates used to determine the allocations of allowance for loan losses for commercial loans. Criticized assets, which are those classified as watch, substandard or doubtful, decreased \$11.0 million largely due to an \$8.4 million commercial real estate loan being upgraded during the quarter, as noted above, which subsequently paid off on July 2, 2015. During the first quarter of 2015, Peoples experienced an increase of \$42.6 million in criticized loans, which are those classified as watch, substandard or doubtful, of which \$27.0 million was related to the NB&T acquisition. Peoples received principal paydowns of \$8.8 million in the first quarter of 2015, and upgraded \$3.0 million in loans based upon the financial condition of the borrowers.

The decrease in the allowance for loan losses allocated to commercial real estate during the second quarter of 2015 was due mainly to a decrease in the historical loss rates, coupled with the decrease in criticized assets. The increase in the allowance for loan losses allocated to commercial and industrial during the second quarter of 2015 was the result of a large relationship being placed on nonaccrual status. In the first quarter of 2015, the allowance for loan losses allocated to commercial and industrial during the historical loss rates. The increase in the allowance for loan losses allocated to commercial and industrial during the first quarter of 2015 was the result of a large relationship being placed on nonaccrual status. In the first quarter of 2015, the allowance for loan losses allocated to commercial and industrial during the historical loss rates. The increase in the allowance for loan losses allocated to commercial and industrial during the first quarter of 2015 was driven by higher criticized assets, mainly due to a single relationship comprised of three commercial and industrial loans totaling \$13.7 million being downgraded during the quarter.

The allowance allocated to the residential real estate and consumer loan categories is based upon Peoples' allowance methodology for homogeneous pools of loans. The fluctuations in these allocations have been directionally consistent with the changes in loan quality, loss experience and loan balances in these categories.

The following table summarizes Peoples' net charge-offs and recoveries:

	Three Months Ended											
(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2015	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014	June 30, 2014							
Gross charge-offs:												
Commercial real estate, construction \$		\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —							
Commercial real estate, other	34	10	77	126								
Commercial real estate	34	10	77	126								
Commercial and industrial	343		150	_								
Residential real estate	96	186	101	105	135							
Home equity lines of credit	23	58	77	6	25							
Consumer	295	187	350	289	250							
Deposit account overdrafts	180	143	165	150	91							
Total gross charge-offs	971	584	920	676	501							
Recoveries:												
Commercial real estate, construction												
Commercial real estate, other	82	55	947	905	96							
Commercial real estate	82	55	947	905	96							
Commercial and industrial	81	12	9	9	54							
Residential real estate	46	115		52	79							
Home equity lines of credit	65	15	16	8	6							
Consumer	146	186	124	222	167							
Deposit account overdrafts	35	58	21	32	30							
Total recoveries	455	441	1,117	1,228	432							
Net charge-offs (recoveries):												
Commercial real estate, construction												
Commercial real estate, other	(48)	(45)	(870)	(779)	(96)							
Commercial real estate	(48)	(45)	(870)	(779)	(96)							
Commercial and industrial	262	(12)	141	(9)	(54)							
Residential real estate	50	71	101	53	56							
Home equity lines of credit	(42)	43	61	(2)	19							
Consumer	149	1	226	67	83							
Deposit account overdrafts	145	85	144	118	61							
Total net charge-offs (recoveries)	516	\$ 143	\$ (197)	\$ (552)	\$ 69							
Ratio of net charge-offs (recoveries) to		l loans (annual	ized):									
Commercial real estate, construction	%	5	6	. — %	— %							
Commercial real estate, other	(0.01)%				(0.03)%							
Commercial real estate	(0.01)%											
Commercial and industrial	0.05 %		. ,									
Residential real estate	0.01 %				· · · ·							
Home equity lines of credit	(0.01)%											
Consumer	0.03 %											
Deposit account overdrafts	0.03 %											
Total	0.10 %											

During both the first and second quarters of 2015, charge-offs exceeded recoveries, but net charge-offs continued to remain well below the long-term historical average of 0.30% to 0.50%.

The following table details Peoples' nonperforming assets:

(Dollars in thousands)	J	une 30, 2015	N	/larch 31, 2015	D	ecember 31, 2014	Sej	ptember 30, 2014	June 30, 2014
Loans 90+ days past due and accruing:									
Commercial real estate, other	\$	984	\$	2,146	\$	567	\$	1,406	\$ 1,138
Commercial and industrial		488		408		301		279	903
Residential real estate		1,651		1,096		1,901		879	1,338
Home equity		17		47		20			39
Consumer		25		3		10		1	20
Total		3,165		3,700		2,799		2,565	3,438
Nonaccrual loans:									
Commercial real estate, construction				96		—		—	
Commercial real estate, other		1,756		1,890		2,278		2,014	1,835
Commercial and industrial		14,089		1,532		1,800		500	806
Residential real estate		3,113		2,931		2,695		2,633	2,807
Home equity		373		382		315		240	256
Consumer		34				3		_	
Total		19,365		6,831		7,091		5,387	5,704
Troubled debt restructurings:									
Commercial real estate, construction						96		96	96
Commercial real estate, other		242		275		306		339	1,356
Commercial and industrial		196		196		194			
Residential real estate		917		977		658		465	675
Home equity		84		69		45		35	36
Consumer		19		14		16			
Total		1,458		1,531		1,315		935	2,163
Total nonperforming loans (NPLs)		23,988		12,062		11,205		8,887	11,305
Other real estate owned (OREO)									
Commercial		1,143		1,143		582		582	465
Residential		179		405		364		463	450
Total		1,322		1,548		946		1,045	915
Total nonperforming assets (NPAs)	\$	25,310	\$	13,610	\$	12,151	\$	9,932	\$ 12,220
NPLs as a percent of total loans		1.19%	ó	0.60%	ó	0.69%)	0.59%	0.86%
NPAs as a percent of total assets		0.79%	ó	0.42%	ó	0.47%		0.41%	0.57%
NPAs as a percent of total loans and OREO		1.25%	ó	0.68%	ó	0.75%		0.66%	0.93%
Allowance for loan losses as a percent of NPLs		76.05%	ó	149.96%	ó	159.58%)	197.54%	152.57%

The increase in nonperforming loans during the second quarter was due to one large commercial relationship, comprised of four commercial and industrial loan balances, being placed on nonaccrual status. During the first quarter of 2015, commercial real estate loans reported as loans 90 days past due and accruing increased primarily due to a single loan that was previously acquired and several loans acquired from NB&T. The increase in OREO during the first quarter of 2015 was due to properties acquired as part of the NB&T acquisition.

Deposits

The following table details Peoples' deposit balances:

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2015		March 31, December 2015 2014		ecember 31, 2014	September 30, 2014			June 30, 2014
Interest-bearing deposits:									
Retail certificates of deposit	\$ 480,687	\$	494,896	\$	432,563	\$	408,868	\$	373,072
Money market deposit accounts	395,788		402,257		337,387		309,721		268,939
Governmental deposit accounts	304,221		316,104		161,305		183,213		165,231
Savings accounts	410,371		406,276		295,307		262,949		244,472
Interest-bearing demand accounts	234,025		228,373		173,659		156,867		142,170
Total retail interest-bearing deposits	1,825,092		1,847,906		1,400,221		1,321,618		1,193,884
Brokered certificates of deposits	38,123		38,104		39,691		39,671		40,650
Total interest-bearing deposits	1,863,215		1,886,010		1,439,912		1,361,289		1,234,534
Non-interest-bearing deposits	681,357		695,131		493,162		500,330		426,384
Total deposits	\$ 2,544,572	\$	2,581,141	\$	1,933,074	\$	1,861,619	\$	1,660,918

The decrease in governmental deposit accounts during the second quarter was due to normal seasonal declines, as the balances typically increase annually during the first quarter. Peoples also maintained its deposit strategy of growing low-cost core deposits, such as checking and savings accounts, and reducing its reliance on higher-cost, non-core deposits, such as CDs and brokered deposits. These actions accounted for much of the changes in deposit balances over the last several quarters. The increase in deposit balances during the first quarter was due to the acquisition of NB&T, which included retail certificates of deposits ("CDs") totaling \$81.9 million, money market deposit accounts of \$74.0 million, governmental deposit accounts of \$120.9 million, savings accounts of \$94.2 million, interest-bearing demand accounts of \$56.3 million and non-interest bearing deposits of \$179.7 million at March 31, 2015.

Borrowed Funds

The following table details Peoples' short-term and long-term borrowings:

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2015	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014	June 30, 2014
Short-term borrowings:					
FHLB advances	\$ 	\$ —	\$ 15,000	\$ —	\$ 48,000
Retail repurchase agreements	92,711	91,101	73,277	71,897	67,733
Total short-term borrowings	92,711	91,101	88,277	71,897	115,733
Long-term borrowings:					
FHLB advances	70,018	70,313	124,714	101,890	62,056
National market repurchase agreements	40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000
Term note payable (parent company)	11,978	13,174	14,369	15,564	16,759
Subordinated debt	6,637	6,587			_
Total long-term borrowings	128,633	130,074	179,083	157,454	118,815
Total borrowed funds	\$ 221,344	\$ 221,175	\$ 267,360	\$ 229,351	\$ 234,548

Peoples' short-term FHLB advances generally consist of overnight borrowings being maintained in connection with the management of Peoples' daily liquidity position.

Peoples repaid approximately \$52.1 million of long-term FHLB advances during the first quarter of 2015 and recorded losses on debt extinguishment of \$520,000. During the first quarter of 2015, Peoples also acquired subordinated debt in the acquisition of NB&T. Additional information regarding Peoples' long-term borrowings can be found in Note 5 - Long-Term Borrowings in the Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Form 10-Q.

As disclosed in Peoples' 2014 Form 10-K, Peoples entered into a loan agreement in 2012, that was subsequently amended in 2014, and is subject to certain covenants. At June 30, 2015, Peoples was in compliance with the applicable material covenants, as explained in more detail in Note 5 - Long-Term Borrowings of the Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Form 10-Q.

Capital/Stockholders' Equity

During the first quarter of 2015, Peoples issued common shares (representing \$76.0 million) in partial consideration for the NB&T acquisition, and the remaining consideration was paid in cash. At June 30, 2015, capital levels for both Peoples and Peoples Bank remained substantially higher than the minimum amounts needed to be considered "well capitalized" institutions under banking regulations. These higher capital levels reflect Peoples' desire to maintain strong capital positions to provide greater flexibility to grow the company. Also during the first quarter of 2015, Peoples adopted the new Basel III regulatory capital framework, as approved by the federal banking agencies. The adoption of this new framework modified the calculations and well capitalized thresholds of the current capital ratios and added the new Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio. Additionally, under the new rules, in order to avoid limitations on capital distributions, including dividend payments, Peoples must hold a capital conservation buffer above the adequately capitalized Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio. The capital conservation buffer is being phased in from 0.00% for 2015 to 2.50% by 2019.

The following table details Peoples' actual risk-based capital levels and corresponding ratios:

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2015		March 31, 2015	D	ecember 31, 2014	Sej	ptember 30, 2014		June 30, 2014
Capital Amounts:									
Common Equity Tier 1	\$ 276,346	\$	281,249		N/A		N/A		N/A
Tier 1	282,982		287,835		241,707		232,720		177,394
Total (Tier 1 and Tier 2)	303,439		307,795		261,371		251,977		196,426
Net risk-weighted assets	\$ 2,023,844	\$	2,046,183	\$	1,687,968	\$	1,601,664	\$	1,438,683
Capital Ratios:									
Common Equity Tier 1	13.65%	ó	13.75%	6	N/A		N/A		N/A
Tier 1	13.98%	ó	14.07%	6	14.32%	,	14.53%)	12.33%
Total (Tier 1 and Tier 2)	14.99%	0	15.04%	6	15.48%)	15.73%)	13.65%
Leverage ratio	9.22%	ó	10.98%	6	9.92%)	10.64%)	8.76%

In addition to traditional capital measurements, management uses tangible capital measures to evaluate the adequacy of Peoples' stockholders' equity. Such ratios represent non-GAAP financial information since their calculation removes the impact of intangible assets acquired through acquisitions on the Unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheets. Management believes this information is useful to investors since it facilitates the comparison of Peoples' operating performance, financial condition and trends to peers, especially those without a similar level of intangible assets to that of Peoples. Further, intangible assets generally are difficult to convert into cash, especially during a financial crisis, and could decrease substantially in value should there be deterioration in the overall franchise value. As a result, tangible equity represents a conservative measure of the capacity for a company to incur losses but remain solvent.

The following table reconciles the calculation of these non-GAAP financial measures to amounts reported in Peoples' Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements:

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(Dollars in thousands)		June 30, 2015		March 31, 2015	D	ecember 31, 2014	Se	eptember 30, 2014		June 30, 2014
Tangible Equity:										
Total stockholders' equity, as reported	\$	418,164	\$	419,218	\$	340,118	\$	319,282	\$	244,270
Less: goodwill and other intangible assets		151,169		152,291		109,158		100,016		79,626
Tangible equity 5	\$	266,995	\$	266,927	\$	230,960	\$	219,266	\$	164,644
Tangible Assets:										
Total assets, as reported	\$	3,210,425	\$	3,253,835	\$	2,567,769	\$	2,432,903	\$	2,163,301
Less: goodwill and other intangible assets		151,169		152,291		109,158		100,016		79,626
Tangible assets	\$	3,059,256	\$	3,101,544	\$	2,458,611	\$	2,332,887	\$	2,083,675
Tangible Book Value per Common Share Tangible equity State	e: \$	266,995	\$	266,927	\$	230,960	\$	219,266	\$	164,644
	*		φ		¢		Ф	· · · · · ·	Φ	,
Common shares outstanding		18,391,575		18,374,256		14,836,727		14,150,279		10,926,436
Tangible book value per common share	\$	14.52	\$	14.53	\$	15.57	\$	15.50	\$	15.07
Tangible Equity to Tangible Assets Ratio	:									
Tangible equity	\$	266,995	\$	266,927	\$	230,960	\$	219,266	\$	164,644
Tangible assets	\$	3,059,256	\$	3,101,544	\$	2,458,611	\$	2,332,887	\$	2,083,648
Tangible equity to tangible assets		8.73%	⁄ 0	8.61%	<i></i> 0	9.39%)	9.40%	, D	7.90%

The increase in the tangible equity to tangible assets ratio at June 30, 2015 compared to the ratio at March 31, 2015 was due mainly to the decrease in tangible assets. Tangible assets declined during the quarter largely as a result of the cash balance decreasing, which corresponded to the decline in deposit balances. The decrease in the tangible equity to tangible assets ratio during the first quarter of 2015 compared to the ratio at December 31, 2014 was primarily caused by the NB&T acquisition, which increased all components of the ratio. Compared to the prior year second quarter, increases in stockholders' equity were driven primarily by issuances of equity in connection with acquisitions, the Private Equity Issuance and earnings exceeding dividends in 2014, while higher tangible assets were attributable to loan growth and acquisitions.

Interest Rate Sensitivity and Liquidity

While Peoples is exposed to various business risks, the risks relating to interest rate sensitivity and liquidity are major risks that can materially impact future results of operations and financial condition due to their complexity and dynamic nature. The objective of Peoples' asset/liability management ("ALM") function is to measure and manage these risks in order to optimize net interest income within the constraints of prudent capital adequacy, liquidity and safety. This objective requires Peoples to focus on interest rate risk exposure and adequate liquidity through its management of the mix of assets and liabilities, their related cash flows, and the rates earned and paid on those assets and liabilities. Ultimately, the ALM function is intended to guide management in the acquisition and disposition of earning assets, and selection of appropriate funding sources.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk ("IRR") is one of the most significant risks arising in the normal course of business of financial services companies like Peoples. IRR is the potential for economic loss due to future interest rate changes that can impact the earnings stream as well as market values of financial assets and liabilities. Peoples' exposure to IRR is due primarily to differences in the maturity or repricing of earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities. In addition, other factors, such as prepayments of loans and investment securities, or early withdrawal of deposits, can expose Peoples to IRR and increase interest costs or reduce revenue streams.

Peoples has assigned overall management of IRR to its Asset-Liability Committee (the "ALCO"), which has established an IRR management policy that sets minimum requirements and guidelines for monitoring and managing the level and amount of IRR. The methods used by the ALCO to assess IRR remain unchanged from those disclosed in Peoples' 2014 Form 10-K.

Increase in Interest Rate		stimated I Net Interes			Estimated Decrease in Economic Value of Equity						
(in Basis Points)	June 30,	2015	D	ecember 31	, 2014		June 30,	2015	D	ecember 3	1, 2014
300	\$ 6,006	6.3%	\$	5,600	7.3%	\$	(80,738)	(14.3)%	\$	(66,730)	(15.7)%
200	5,326	5.6%		4,848	6.3%		(47,943)	(8.5)%		(41,537)	(9.8)%
100	3,322	3.5%		3,235	4.2%		(25,161)	(4.5)%		(18,026)	(4.2)%

The following table shows the estimated changes in net interest income and the economic value of equity based upon a standard, parallel shock analysis (dollars in thousands):

At June 30, 2015, Peoples' Unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheet remained positioned for a rising interest rate environment, as illustrated by the potential increase in net interest income shown in the above table. While parallel interest rate shock scenarios are useful in assessing the level of IRR inherent in Peoples' consolidated balance sheet, interest rates typically move in a non-parallel manner, with differences in the timing, direction and magnitude of changes in short-term and long-term interest rates. Thus, any benefit that could occur as a result of the Federal Reserve Board increasing short-term interest rates in future quarters could be offset by an inverse movement in long-term interest rates.

Liquidity

In addition to IRR management, another major objective of the ALCO is to maintain a sufficient level of liquidity. The methods used by the ALCO to monitor and evaluate the adequacy of Peoples' liquidity position remain unchanged from those disclosed in Peoples' 2014 Form 10-K.

At June 30, 2015, Peoples had liquid assets of \$227.2 million, which represented 6.5% of total assets and unfunded commitments. This amount exceeded the minimal level of \$70.2 million, or 2% of total loans and unfunded commitments, currently required under Peoples' liquidity policy. Peoples also had an additional \$79.0 million of unpledged securities not included in the measurement of liquid assets.

Management believes the current balance of cash and cash equivalents, and anticipated cash flows from the investment portfolio, along with the availability of other funding sources, will allow Peoples to meet anticipated cash obligations, as well as special needs and off-balance sheet commitments.

Off-Balance Sheet Activities and Contractual Obligations

Peoples routinely engages in activities that involve, to varying degrees, elements of risk that are not reflected in whole or in part in the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements. These activities are part of Peoples' normal course of business and include traditional off-balance sheet credit-related financial instruments, interest rate contracts and commitments to make additional capital contributions in low-income housing tax credit investments. Traditional off-balance sheet credit-related financial instruments exposure.

The following table details the total contractual amount of loan commitments and standby letters of credit:

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2015	March 31, 2015	D	ecember 31, 2014	Se	eptember 30, 2014	June 30, 2014
Home equity lines of credit	\$ 84,687	\$ 85,591	\$	62,704	\$	59,549 \$	50,558
Unadvanced construction loans	64,244	74,690		46,781		54,504	29,396
Other loan commitments	216,957	213,698		173,746		152,503	155,858
Loan commitments	365,888	373,979		283,231		266,556	235,812
Standby letters of credit	\$ 22,247	\$ 28,879	\$	30,837	\$	34,570 \$	33,852

Management does not anticipate that Peoples' current off-balance sheet activities will have a material impact on its future results of operations and financial condition based on historical experience and recent trends.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The information called for by this Item 3 is provided under the caption "Interest Rate Sensitivity and Liquidity" under "ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION" in this Form 10-Q, and is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Peoples' management, with the participation of Peoples' President and Chief Executive Officer and Peoples' Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer, has evaluated the effectiveness of Peoples' disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of June 30, 2015. Based upon that evaluation, Peoples' President and Chief Executive Officer and Peoples' Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer have concluded that:

- (a) information required to be disclosed by Peoples in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and other reports Peoples files or submits under the Exchange Act would be accumulated and communicated to Peoples' management, including its President and Chief Executive Officer and its Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure;
- (b) information required to be disclosed by Peoples in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and other reports Peoples files or submits under the Exchange Act would be recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms; and
- (c) Peoples' disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the fiscal quarter covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in Peoples' internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during Peoples' fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2015, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, Peoples' internal control over financial reporting.

PART II

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In the ordinary course of their respective businesses or operations, Peoples or one of its subsidiaries may be named as a plaintiff, a defendant, or a party to a legal proceeding or any of their respective properties may be subject to various pending and threatened legal proceedings and various actual and potential claims. In view of the inherent difficulty of predicting the outcome of such matters, Peoples cannot state what the eventual outcome of any such matters will be; however, based on current knowledge and after consultation with legal counsel, management believes these proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity of Peoples.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes from those risk factors previously disclosed in "ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS" of Part I of Peoples' 2014 Form 10-K. Those risk factors are not the only risks Peoples faces. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to management or that management currently deems to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect Peoples' business, financial condition and/or operating results.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

The following table details repurchases by Peoples and purchases by "affiliated purchasers" as defined in Rule 10b-18(a) (3) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, of Peoples' common shares during the three months ended June 30, 2015:

Period	(a) Total Number of Common Shares Purchased	Р	(b) rage Price 'aid per mon Share	(c) Total Number of Common Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs ⁽¹⁾	(d) Maximum Number of Common Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs ⁽¹⁾
April 1 - 30, 2015	700 (2)	\$	23.29 (2)	—	—
May 1 - 31, 2015	900 (2)(3)		22.80 (2)(3)		—
June 1 - 30, 2015	495 (2)(3)	\$	24.34 (2)(3)	_	—
Total	2,095	\$	23.33		

(1) Peoples' Board of Directors has not authorized any stock repurchase plans or programs for 2015.

(2) Information reported includes 700 common shares, 525 common shares, and 375 common shares purchased in open market transactions during April, May, and June, respectively, by Peoples Bank under the Rabbi Trust Agreement establishing a rabbi trust that holds assets to provide funds for the payment of the benefits under the Peoples Bancorp Inc. Third Amended and Restated Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors of Peoples Bancorp Inc. and Subsidiaries.

(3) Information reported includes 375 common shares and 120 common shares withheld in May and June, respectively, to pay income tax or other tax liabilities associated with vested restricted common shares.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

On July 24, 2015, Peoples repaid the term note payable under the Amended Loan Agreement described in "Note 5. Long-Term Borrowings" of the Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements included in Item 1 of Part I of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The term note payable had an outstanding principal balance of \$12.0 million as of June 30, 2015. The Amended Loan Agreement terminated as of July 24, 2015 as a result of the repayment of the term note payable. The related Negative Pledge Agreement terminated contemporaneously with the termination of the Amended Loan Agreement. There were no early termination fees associated with the repayment.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The exhibits required to be filed or furnished with this Form 10-Q are attached hereto or incorporated herein by reference. For a list of such exhibits, see "Exhibit Index" beginning at page 61.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PEOPLES BANCORP INC.

Date: July 29, 2015

By: /s/ CHARLES W. SULERZYSKI

Charles W. Sulerzyski President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: July 29, 2015

By: /s/ EDWARD G. SLOANE

Edward G. Sloane Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

EXHIBIT INDEX

PEOPLES BANCORP INC. QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Exhibit Number	Description	Exhibit Location
2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of January 21, 2014, between Peoples Bancorp Inc. and Midwest Bancshares, Inc.*	Included as Annex A to the proxy statement/ prospectus which forms a part of the Registration Statement of Peoples Bancorp Inc. ("Peoples") on Form S-4 (Registration No. 333-194626)
2.2	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of April 4, 2014, between Peoples Bancorp Inc. and Ohio Heritage Bancorp, Inc.*	Included as Annex A to the proxy statement/ prospectus which forms a part of Peoples' Registration Statement on Form S-4 (Registration No. 333-196872)
2.3	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of April 21, 2014, as amended, among Peoples Bancorp Inc., Peoples Bank, National Association and North Akron Savings Bank*	Included as Annex A to the proxy statement/ prospectus which forms a part of Peoples' Registration Statement on Form S-4 (Registration No. 333-197736)
2.4	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of August 4, 2014, as amended, between Peoples Bancorp Inc. and NB&T Financial Group, Inc.*	Included as Annex A to the joint proxy statement/ prospectus which forms a part of Peoples' Registration Statement on Form S-4 (Registration No. 333-199152)
3.1(a)	Amended Articles of Incorporation of Peoples Bancorp Inc. (as filed with the Ohio Secretary of State on May 3, 1993)	Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3(a) to Peoples' Registration Statement on Form 8-B filed July 20, 1993 (File No. 0-16772)
3.1(b)	Certificate of Amendment to the Amended Articles of Incorporation of Peoples Bancorp Inc. (as filed with the Ohio Secretary of State on April 22, 1994)	Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3(a) (2) to Peoples' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1997 (File No. 0-16772) ("Peoples' 1997 Form 10-K")
3.1(c)	Certificate of Amendment to the Amended Articles of Incorporation of Peoples Bancorp Inc. (as filed with the Ohio Secretary of State on April 9, 1996)	Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3(a) (3) to Peoples' 1997 Form 10-K
3.1(d)	Certificate of Amendment to the Amended Articles of Incorporation of Peoples Bancorp Inc. (as filed with the Ohio Secretary of State on April 23, 2003)	Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3(a) to Peoples' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2003 (File No. 0-16772) ("Peoples' March 31, 2003 Form 10-Q")
3.1(e)	Certificate of Amendment by Shareholders to the Amended Articles of Incorporation of Peoples Bancorp Inc. (as filed with the Ohio Secretary of State on January 22, 2009)	Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Peoples' Current Report on Form 8-K dated and filed on January 23, 2009 (File No. 0-16772)
3.1(f)	Certificate of Amendment by Directors to Articles filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Ohio on January 28, 2009, evidencing adoption of amendments by the Board of Directors of Peoples Bancorp Inc. to Article FOURTH of Amended Articles of Incorporation to establish express terms of Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Shares, Series A, each without par value, of Peoples Bancorp Inc.	Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Peoples' Current Report on Form 8-K dated and filed on February 2, 2009 (File No. 0-16772)
3.1(g)	Amended Articles of Incorporation of Peoples Bancorp Inc. (reflecting all amendments) [For SEC reporting compliance purposes only – not filed with Ohio Secretary of State]	Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1(g) to Peoples' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 (File No. 0-16772)
3.2(a)	Code of Regulations of Peoples Bancorp Inc.	Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3(b) to Peoples' Registration Statement on Form 8-B filed July 20, 1993 (File No. 0-16772)

* Schedules and exhibits have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(b)(2) of SEC Regulation S-K. A copy of any omitted schedules or exhibits will be furnished supplementally to the SEC upon its request.

EXHIBIT INDEX

PEOPLES BANCORP INC. QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Exhibit Number	Description	Exhibit Location
3.2(b)	Certified Resolutions Regarding Adoption of Amendments to Sections 1.03, 1.04, 1.05, 1.06, 1.08, 1.10, 2.03(C), 2.07, 2.08, 2.10 and 6.02 of the Code of Regulations of Peoples Bancorp Inc. by shareholders on April 10, 2003	Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3(c) to Peoples' March 31, 2003 Form 10-Q
3.2(c)	Certificate regarding adoption of amendments to Sections 3.01, 3.03, 3.04, 3.05, 3.06, 3.07, 3.08 and 3.11 of the Code of Regulations of Peoples Bancorp Inc. by shareholders on April 8, 2004	Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3(a) to Peoples' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2004 (File No. 0-16772)
3.2(d)	Certificate regarding adoption of amendments to Sections 2.06, 2.07, 3.01 and 3.04 of Peoples Bancorp Inc.'s Code of Regulations by the shareholders on April 13, 2006	Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Peoples' Current Report on Form 8-K dated and filed on April 14, 2006 (File No. 0-16772)
3.2(e)	Certificate regarding adoption of an amendment to Section 2.01 of Peoples Bancorp Inc.'s Code of Regulations by the shareholders on April 22, 2010	Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2(e) to Peoples' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A (Amendment No. 1) for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2010 (File No. 0-16772) ("Peoples' June 30, 2010 Form 10-Q/A")
3.2(f)	Code of Regulations of Peoples Bancorp Inc. (reflecting all amendments) [For SEC reporting compliance purposes only]	Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2(f) to Peoples' June 30, 2010 Form 10-Q/A
4.1(a)	Indenture, dated as of June 25, 2007, between NB&T Financial Group, Inc., as issuer, and Wilmington Trust Company, as trustee, relating to Fixed/Floating Rate Junior Subordinated Debt Securities due 2037	Filed herewith
4.1(b)	First Supplemental Indenture, dated June 5, 2015, and made to be effective as of 6:00 p.m., Eastern Standard Time, on March 6, 2015, between Wilmington Trust Company, as trustee, and Peoples Bancorp Inc.	Filed herewith
4.2(a)	Amended and Restated Declaration of Trust of NB&T Statutory Trust III, dated and effective as of June 25, 2007	Filed herewith
	<u>Note:</u> Pursuant to the First Supplemental Indenture, dated June 5, 2015, and made to be effective as of 6:00 p.m., Eastern Standard Time, on March 6, 2015, between Wilmington Trust Company, as trustee, and Peoples Bancorp Inc., Peoples Bancorp Inc. succeeded to and substituted for NB&T Financial Group, Inc. as "Sponsor"	
4.2(b)	Notice of Removal of Administrators and Appointment of Replacements, dated June 5, 2015, delivered to Wilmington Trust Company by the Successor Administrators named therein and Peoples Bancorp Inc.	Filed herewith
4.3	Guarantee Agreement, dated as of June 25, 2007, between NB&T Financial Group, Inc. and Wilmington Trust Company, as guarantee trustee, relating to the Capital Securities (as defined therein)	Filed herewith
	<u>Note:</u> Pursuant to the First Supplemental Indenture, dated June 5, 2015, and made to be effective as of 6:00 p.m., Eastern Standard Time, on March 6, 2015, between Wilmington Trust Company, as trustee, and Peoples Bancorp Inc., Peoples Bancorp Inc. succeeded to and substituted for NB&T Financial Group, Inc. as "Guarantor"	
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications [President and Chief Executive Officer]	Filed herewith
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications [Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer]	Filed herewith
32	Section 1350 Certifications	Furnished herewith

EXHIBIT INDEX

PEOPLES BANCORP INC. QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Exhibit Number	Description	Exhibit Location
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document	Submitted electronically herewith #
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document	Submitted electronically herewith #
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document	Submitted electronically herewith #
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document	Submitted electronically herewith #
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document	Submitted electronically herewith #
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document	Submitted electronically herewith #

Attached as Exhibit 101 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015 of Peoples Bancorp Inc. are the following documents formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited) at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014; (ii) Consolidated Statements of Income (unaudited) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014; (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014; (iv) Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity (unaudited) for the six months ended June 30, 2015; (v) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited) for the six months ended June 30, 2015; (v) Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.