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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-Q**

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2012

or

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 333-110979

**SOUTHERN STAR CENTRAL CORP.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware**

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**4700 Highway 56, Owensboro, Kentucky**

(Address of principal executive offices)

**04-3712210**

(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

**42301**

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(270) 852-5000**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☐

Accelerated filer ☐

Non-accelerated filer ☒

Smaller reporting company ☐

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).  
Yes ☐ No ☒

As of August 9, 2012, registrant had 100 shares of common stock outstanding.

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**FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED June 30, 2012**  
**SOUTHERN STAR CENTRAL CORP.**

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\* December 31, 2011 balance sheet was derived from our audited balance sheet.

## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### Item 1. Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

#### SOUTHERN STAR CENTRAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	June 30, 2012 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2011
	(In thousands)	
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents .....	\$ 22,561	\$ 23,501
Receivables:		
Trade .....	17,664	19,136
Income taxes.....	173	1,379
Transportation, exchange and fuel gas .....	12,504	10,844
Other.....	3,699	7,859
Inventories .....	9,463	7,194
Deferred income taxes .....	1,788	1,241
Costs recoverable from customers .....	750	2,771
Prepaid expenses.....	2,379	4,822
Other .....	401	390
Total current assets .....	71,382	79,137
Property, Plant and Equipment, at cost:		
Natural gas transmission plant .....	745,518	733,833
Other natural gas plant.....	31,147	26,495
	776,665	760,328
Less – Accumulated depreciation and amortization ...	(125,132)	(114,981)
Property, plant and equipment, net.....	651,533	645,347
Other Assets:		
Goodwill .....	311,766	311,766
Costs recoverable from customers .....	77,974	77,029
Other deferred and noncurrent assets.....	6,134	6,192
Total other assets .....	395,874	394,987
Total Assets .....	\$ 1,118,789	\$ 1,119,471

The accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

**SOUTHERN STAR CENTRAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	June 30, 2012 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2011
	(In thousands)	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:		
Payables:		
Trade .....	\$ 4,587	\$ 8,250
Transportation, exchange and fuel gas .....	10,946	12,865
Income taxes .....	283	247
Other.....	6,926	5,599
Accrued taxes, other than income taxes .....	7,569	6,939
Accrued interest .....	6,911	6,914
Accrued payroll and employee benefits .....	7,238	8,319
Costs refundable to customers.....	1,561	3
Capitalized lease obligation due in one year .....	255	250
Other accrued liabilities .....	2,643	3,263
Total current liabilities .....	48,919	52,649
Long-Term Debt:		
Capitalized lease obligation .....	4,365	4,495
Other long-term debt .....	477,657	477,341
Total long-term debt.....	482,022	481,836
Other Liabilities and Deferred Credits:		
Deferred income taxes.....	86,940	83,069
Postretirement benefits other than pensions .....	35,027	32,982
Asset retirement obligations .....	1,757	1,738
Costs refundable to customers .....	113	168
Environmental remediation .....	742	827
Accrued pension.....	34,156	36,015
Other .....	148	253
Total other liabilities and deferred credits .....	158,883	155,052
Stockholder's Equity:		
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 100 shares authorized and issued, 100 shares outstanding at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 .....	—	—
Premium on capital stock and other paid-in capital .....	423,869	423,869
Retained earnings .....	5,096	6,065
Total stockholder's equity .....	428,965	429,934
Total Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity .....	\$ 1,118,789	\$ 1,119,471

The accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

**SOUTHERN STAR CENTRAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

	<b>For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2012</b>	<b>For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2011</b>
	<b>(In thousands)</b>	
Operating Revenues:		
Transportation.....	\$ 44,933	\$ 45,210
Storage.....	7,355	6,317
Other revenue.....	222	224
Total operating revenues .....	<u>52,510</u>	<u>51,751</u>
Operating Costs and Expenses:		
Operations and maintenance.....	13,752	12,488
Administrative and general.....	9,651	9,720
Depreciation and amortization.....	8,634	8,362
Taxes, other than income taxes.....	4,166	3,918
Total operating costs and expenses .....	<u>36,203</u>	<u>34,488</u>
Operating Income.....	<u>16,307</u>	<u>17,263</u>
Other (Income) Deductions:		
Interest expense .....	8,108	8,078
Interest income.....	(11)	(23)
Miscellaneous other income, net.....	(135)	(212)
Total other deductions .....	<u>7,962</u>	<u>7,843</u>
Income Before Income Taxes .....	8,345	9,420
Provision for Income Taxes .....	<u>3,250</u>	<u>3,726</u>
Net Income.....	<u><u>\$ 5,095</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 5,694</u></u>

The accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

**SOUTHERN STAR CENTRAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

	<b>For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2012</b>	<b>For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2011</b>
	<b>(In thousands)</b>	
Operating Revenues:		
Transportation.....	\$ 91,953	\$ 92,073
Storage.....	14,722	11,429
Other revenue.....	373	426
Total operating revenues .....	<u>107,048</u>	<u>103,928</u>
Operating Costs and Expenses:		
Operations and maintenance.....	25,284	22,103
Administrative and general.....	19,268	19,020
Depreciation and amortization.....	17,225	16,488
Taxes, other than income taxes.....	8,638	8,074
Total operating costs and expenses .....	<u>70,415</u>	<u>65,685</u>
Operating Income.....	<u>36,633</u>	<u>38,243</u>
Other (Income) Deductions:		
Interest expense .....	16,193	16,093
Interest income.....	(27)	(47)
Miscellaneous other income, net.....	(487)	(566)
Total other deductions .....	<u>15,679</u>	<u>15,480</u>
Income Before Income Taxes .....	20,954	22,763
Provision for Income Taxes .....	<u>8,211</u>	<u>8,899</u>
Net Income.....	<u><u>\$ 12,743</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 13,864</u></u>

The accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

**SOUTHERN STAR CENTRAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

	<b>For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2012</b>	<b>For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2011</b>
	<b>(In thousands)</b>	
<b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net income .....	\$ 12,743	\$ 13,864
Adjustments to reconcile to net cash provided by operations:		
Depreciation and amortization .....	17,225	16,488
Deferred income taxes .....	3,324	3,533
Amortization of debt discount and expense .....	838	839
Receivables .....	6,843	3,323
Inventories .....	(2,269)	(57)
Other current assets .....	2,432	1,956
Payables and accrued liabilities .....	(3,374)	(3,628)
Other, including changes in noncurrent assets and liabilities .....	(1,208)	(3,815)
Net cash provided by operating activities .....	<u>36,554</u>	<u>32,503</u>
<b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Property, plant and equipment:		
Capital expenditures, net of allowance for funds used during construction .....	(24,370)	(14,951)
Proceeds from sales and salvage values, net of costs of removal .....	735	(312)
Net cash used in investing activities .....	<u>(23,635)</u>	<u>(15,263)</u>
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Common dividends .....	(13,712)	(16,850)
Capital lease payments .....	(125)	(115)
Other financing .....	(22)	(23)
Net cash used in financing activities .....	<u>(13,859)</u>	<u>(16,988)</u>
Net change in cash and cash equivalents .....	(940)	252
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period .....	23,501	23,200
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period .....	<u>\$ 22,561</u>	<u>\$ 23,452</u>
<b>Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:</b>		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest (net of amounts capitalized) .....	\$ 15,360	\$ 15,260
Income tax, net .....	3,645	3,153

The accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

## **SOUTHERN STAR CENTRAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

### **NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **1. Description of Business**

##### ***Southern Star***

Southern Star Central Corp., or Southern Star, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of EFS-SSCC Holdings, LLC, or Holdings, which is indirectly owned by GE Energy Financial Services, Inc., or GE, and Morgan Stanley Infrastructure Partners and certain other affiliated investment funds managed by Morgan Stanley Infrastructure, Inc., or MSIP.

Southern Star was incorporated in Delaware in September 2002 and operates as a holding company for its regulated natural gas pipeline operations and development opportunities. Southern Star Central Gas Pipeline, Inc., or Central, is Southern Star's only operating subsidiary and the sole source of its operating revenues and cash flows.

The term "the Company" denotes Southern Star Central Corp. and its subsidiaries.

##### ***Central***

Central is an interstate natural gas transportation company that owns and operates a natural gas pipeline system located in Colorado, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Texas and Wyoming. The system serves customers in these seven states, including major metropolitan areas in Kansas and Missouri, which are its main market areas.

Central's system has a mainline delivery capacity of approximately 2.4 billion cubic feet, or Bcf, of natural gas per day and is composed of approximately 6,000 miles of mainline and branch transmission and storage pipelines including 40 compressor stations with approximately 208,000 certificated horsepower.

Central's principal service is the delivery of natural gas to local natural gas distribution companies in the major metropolitan areas it serves. At June 30, 2012, Central had transportation contracts with approximately 130 customers. Transportation shippers include natural gas distribution companies, municipalities, intrastate pipelines, direct industrial users, electrical generators and natural gas marketers and producers. Central transports natural gas to approximately 522 delivery locations, including distribution companies and municipalities, power plants, interstate and intrastate pipelines, and large and small industrial and commercial customers.

Central operates eight underground storage fields with an aggregate natural gas storage capacity of approximately 47 Bcf and aggregate delivery capacity of approximately 1.3 Bcf of natural gas per day. Central's customers inject natural gas into these fields when demand is low and withdraw it to supply their requirements in times of peak demand. During periods of peak demand, approximately half of the natural gas delivered to customers is supplied from these fields. Storage capacity enables Central's system to operate more uniformly and efficiently during the year, as well as allowing it to offer storage services in addition to its transportation services.

Central is subject to regulation by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, or the FERC, under the Natural Gas Act of 1938, or NGA, and under the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978, or NGPA, and as such, its rates and charges for the transportation of natural gas in interstate commerce, the extension, enlargement or abandonment of jurisdictional facilities, and its accounting, among other things, are subject to regulation. Central holds certificates of public convenience and necessity issued by the FERC authorizing the siting, ownership and operation of its pipelines and related facilities, including storage fields, which are considered jurisdictional and for which certificates are required or available under the NGA.

#### **2. Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X and include all of the information and disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, or GAAP, for interim financial reporting. These unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of the Company and related footnotes for the year ended December 31, 2011, included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 23, 2012 and amended by Form 10-K/A filed with the SEC on March 27, 2012.



The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results of operations for a full year. It is the opinion of management that all necessary adjustments for a fair presentation of the results of operations for the interim periods have been made and are of a recurring nature unless otherwise disclosed herein.

### **3. Accounting Policies**

#### ***Principles of Consolidation***

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Southern Star and its subsidiaries, all of which are wholly-owned. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

#### ***Use of Estimates***

The preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the accompanying consolidated financial statements and notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### ***Reclassifications***

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform with current period presentation with no effect on previously reported earnings or equity.

#### ***Goodwill***

The Company has recorded \$311.8 million of goodwill. Goodwill is not amortized and is subject to an annual impairment test as of December 31 or more frequently if certain conditions exist in accordance with the Intangibles-Goodwill and Other Topic 350 of the Accounting Standards Codification, or ASC. In conducting the impairment test, the fair value of the Company is compared to its carrying value including goodwill. If the fair value exceeds the carrying amount, then no impairment exists. If the carrying amount exceeds the fair value, further analysis is performed to assess impairment.

The Company's determination of fair value is primarily based on an income approach with an appropriate risk-adjusted discount rate. Any identified impairment would result in an adjustment to the Company's results of operations.

The Company performed its most recent annual impairment test of goodwill at December 31, 2011, which resulted in no recognition of an impairment loss. As of June 30, 2012, management was not aware of any factors that would indicate that it was more likely than not that the Company's fair value declined below its carrying value.

On September 15, 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued Accounting Standards Update 2011-08, "Intangibles – Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Testing Goodwill for Impairment," or ASU 2011-08. ASU 2011-08 amended the rules for testing goodwill and impairment, stating that a company no longer has to calculate the fair value of a reporting unit unless it believes it is more likely than not that the unit's fair value is less than the value carried on the balance sheet. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The adoption of this standard did not have a significant impact on the Company.

#### ***Income Taxes***

Deferred taxes are recorded under the liability method. Deferred taxes are provided on temporary differences between the book and tax basis of the assets and liabilities pursuant to the Income Taxes Topic 740 of the ASC, or ASC 740.

In accordance with ASC 740, the Company records interest related to uncertain tax positions as a part of Interest expense on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. Any penalties are recognized as part of Miscellaneous expense on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Company does not have a liability for tax penalties or interest related to uncertain tax positions for any period presented.

The Company operates under a Federal and State Income Tax Policy that governs the allocation and payment of tax liabilities of Holdings, Southern Star and Central. This policy provides that Southern Star will file consolidated tax returns on behalf of itself, Holdings and Central and will pay all taxes shown thereon to be due. Central generally makes payments to Southern Star for its federal and state income tax liabilities as though it were filing a separate return. Southern Star has an obligation to indemnify Central for any liability that Central incurs for taxes of the affiliated group of which Southern Star and Central are members under Treasury Regulations Section 1.1502-6 and similar state statutes.

### ***Gas Receivables/Payables***

In the course of providing transportation and storage services to customers, Central may receive different quantities of natural gas from a shipper than quantities delivered on behalf of that shipper. These transactions result in imbalances, which are repaid or recovered in cash or through the receipt or delivery of natural gas in the future. Customer imbalances to be repaid or recovered in-kind are recorded in Transportation, exchange and fuel gas receivables/payables on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. Settlement of imbalances requires agreement between Central and shippers as to allocations of volumes to specific transportation contracts and timing of delivery of natural gas based on operational conditions.

### ***Asset Retirement Obligations***

In accordance with the Asset Retirement and Environmental Obligations Topic 410 of the ASC, Central recorded an asset retirement obligation, or ARO, for the remediation of asbestos existing on its system. The asbestos existing on Central's system is primarily in building materials and pipe coatings used prior to the Clean Air Act of 1973. The Clean Air Act of 1973 established the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants, or NESHAPs, that regulate the use of asbestos. The amount of the regulatory asset and the related ARO liability on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet at June 30, 2012 was \$0.7 million and \$1.8 million, respectively. The amount of the regulatory asset and the related ARO liability on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2011 was \$0.8 million and \$1.7 million, respectively.

### ***Fair Value Measurements***

The Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures Topic 820 of the ASC, or ASC 820, which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with GAAP, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements to include the methods and assumptions used to measure fair value and the effect of fair value measures on earnings. ASC 820 requires the fair value of an asset or liability to be based on market-based measures which reflect the credit risk of the Company.

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximates fair value because of the relative short maturity of those instruments. At June 30, 2012, the fair value of the Company's 6.75% Notes and Central's 6.0% Note was approximately \$252.7 million and \$257.8 million, respectively. The estimated fair value of the notes was calculated by utilizing an income approach whereby the future cash flows were discounted at estimated current cost of funding rates. The fair value measurement of these notes is classified as Level 2.

#### 4. Financing

The following table sets forth the components of debt (expressed in thousands):

	June 30, 2012	December 31 2011
6.0% Senior Notes due 2016.....	\$ 230,000	\$ 230,000
6.75% Registered Senior Notes due 2016.....	200,000	200,000
6.75% Unregistered Senior Notes due 2016 .....	50,000	50,000
Capitalized lease obligation .....	4,620	4,745
Unamortized debt discount .....	(2,343)	(2,659)
Total debt.....	482,277	482,086
Less current capitalized lease obligation.....	255	250
Total long-term debt .....	<u>\$ 482,022</u>	<u>\$ 481,836</u>

##### **6.75% Registered Notes**

At June 30, 2012, Southern Star had outstanding \$200.0 million of 6.75% Notes registered under the Securities Act of 1933 as amended, or 6.75% Registered Notes. The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. serves as trustee pursuant to the related indenture. Interest is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 of each year. The related issuance costs are being amortized over the life of the 6.75% Registered Notes utilizing the straight line method which approximates the effective interest method. The 6.75% Registered Notes mature on March 1, 2016 and have an overall effective interest rate of 7.06%. The 6.75% Registered Notes are Southern Star's senior unsecured obligations and rank equal in right of payment to all of its existing and future unsecured indebtedness and are effectively junior to any secured indebtedness of Southern Star to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, if any.

The declaration and payment of dividends or distributions to equity holders, under the 6.75% Registered Notes indenture, are subject to, with certain limited exceptions, a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio and cumulative available cash flows from operations or a leverage ratio, subject to certain conditions, as defined in the indenture.

The 6.75% Registered Notes are subject to certain covenants that restrict, among other things, Southern Star and its subsidiaries' ability to make investments, incur additional indebtedness, pay dividends or make distributions on capital stock or redeem or repurchase capital stock, create liens, incur dividend or other payment restrictions affecting subsidiaries, merge or consolidate with other entities and enter into transactions with affiliates. Southern Star has the right to redeem all or part of the 6.75% Registered Notes at premiums defined in the indenture.

##### **6.75% Unregistered Notes**

At June 30, 2012, Southern Star had outstanding \$50.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.75% Senior Notes due 2016, or 6.75% Unregistered Notes. The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. serves as trustee under the related indenture. Interest is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 of each year. The related issuance costs are being amortized over the life of the 6.75% Unregistered Notes utilizing the straight line method which approximates the effective interest method. The 6.75% Unregistered Notes will mature on March 1, 2016 and have an overall effective interest rate of 8.55%. The 6.75% Unregistered Notes are senior unsecured obligations and rank equal in rights of payment to all of Southern Star's existing and future unsecured indebtedness and are effectively junior to any secured indebtedness of Southern Star to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, if any. All covenants, restrictions, and other terms and conditions are identical to those for the 6.75% Registered Notes described above. Southern Star has the right to redeem all or part of the 6.75% Unregistered Notes at premiums defined in the indenture.

##### **Central's 6.0% Notes**

At June 30, 2012, Central had outstanding \$230.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.0% Senior Notes due 2016, or 6.0% Notes. The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. serves as trustee under the related indenture. Interest is

payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The related issuance costs are being amortized over the life of the 6.0% Notes utilizing the straight line method which approximates the effective interest method. The 6.0% Notes mature on June 1, 2016 and have an overall effective interest rate of 6.17%. The 6.0% Notes are Central's senior unsecured obligations and rank equal in right of payment to all of its existing and future unsecured indebtedness and are effectively junior to the secured indebtedness of Central to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, if any. The 6.0% Notes are structurally senior to the 6.75% notes.

The 6.0% Notes are subject to certain covenants that restrict, among other things, Central's ability to create liens, enter into sale and leaseback transactions or merge or consolidate with other entities. Central has the option to call the 6.0% Notes at any time at a make-whole premium as defined in the indenture.

### ***Capital Lease***

In 2004, Central entered into a 20-year capital lease with the Owensboro-Daviess County Industrial Development Authority, or the Authority, for use of a headquarters building in Owensboro, Kentucky. Central is the borrower under a \$9.0 million loan agreement dated as of January 1, 2004 between Central and the Authority pursuant to which the Authority financed the cost of Central's office facility in Daviess County, Kentucky. In connection with this financing, the Authority issued Series 2004A and 2004B bonds under an indenture dated as of January 1, 2004 between the Authority and U.S. Bank, N.A. as trustee. Ownership of the facility will transfer to Central for a nominal fee upon expiration of the lease in 2024. Approximately \$9.5 million of assets are included in Property, plant and equipment as a capital lease and are being amortized over the same life as similar assets. Amortization of the assets is included in Depreciation and amortization in the accompanying unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements. The overall effective interest rate on the obligation is 6.29%. Principal and interest are paid semi-annually. Central has the option to prepay all 2004A bonds on or after January 1, 2014 and all 2004B bonds on or after February 1, 2014.

### ***Other***

As of June 30, 2012, the Company was in compliance with the covenants of all outstanding debt instruments.

## **5. Commitments and Contingencies**

### ***Regulatory and Rate Matters and Related Litigation***

#### ***Fuel Filing***

Central recovers the natural gas it uses for fuel on its operating system and gas losses it incurs on its system in-kind from its customers via a fuel reimbursement charge placed on the volumes of gas transported through the system. The reimbursement charge is established through an annual fuel tracker filed with the FERC.

#### ***General Rate Issues***

On April 30, 2008, Central filed a general rate case under FERC Docket No. RP08-350, which became effective November 1, 2008. Under the terms of an uncontested settlement, which was approved by the FERC on June 1, 2009, Central is required to file a rate case to be effective no later than December 1, 2013.

### ***Environmental and Safety Matters***

#### ***Environmental***

Central has identified polychlorinated biphenyl contamination in air compressor systems, soils and related properties at certain compressor station sites and has been involved in negotiations with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, or the EPA, and state agencies to develop screening, sampling and cleanup programs. In addition, negotiations with certain environmental agencies concerning investigative and remedial actions relative to potential mercury contamination at certain natural gas metering sites have commenced. Central had accrued an undiscounted liability of approximately \$1.5 million at June 30, 2012 and \$1.6 million at December 31, 2011 representing the current estimate of future environmental cleanup costs, most of which is expected to be incurred over the next three to four years.

Central is subject to federal, state and local statutes, rules and regulations relating to environmental protection, including the National Environmental Policy Act, the Clean Water Act, the Clean Air Act and the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. These laws and regulations can result in capital, operating and other costs. These laws and regulations generally subject Central to inspections and require it to obtain and comply with a wide variety of environmental licenses, permits and other approvals. Under the Clean Air Act, the EPA has promulgated regulations addressing emissions from equipment present at typical natural gas compressor stations. These regulations include NESHAPs for reciprocating internal combustion engines, stationary turbines, and glycol dehydration equipment in addition to regulations that address regional transport of ozone. On August 20, 2010, the EPA promulgated new emission standards that apply to certain of Central's existing reciprocating engines. These new standards, with an initial compliance date of October 19, 2013, require the installation of emission control devices on some of Central's existing operations. Based on an analysis of these regulations, management does not expect there to be a material impact to Central's existing operations. On September 22, 2009, the EPA promulgated a mandatory reporting rule concerning the emission of certain gases, commonly referred to as "greenhouse gases," that imposes requirements for some of Central's existing operations; however, management does not expect these requirements to have a material impact on Central's existing operations during 2012 and 2013. There are also other potential state or federal regulations or legislation related to greenhouse gas emissions that could impact Central's existing operations at some point in the future. Central continues to monitor the progress of any proposed rules or legislation and will determine any impact once the regulations have been promulgated or legislation passed. All of Central's facilities are located in areas currently designated as being in "attainment" of all National Ambient Air Quality Standards, or NAAQS. The EPA has recently finalized area designations under revisions to the ozone NAAQS that were promulgated in March 2008. Based on these designations, it appears that all areas housing Central's operations will continue to be in attainment with the 2008 (current) ozone NAAQS.

Central considers environmental assessment, remediation costs and costs associated with compliance with environmental standards to be recoverable through rates, as they are prudent costs incurred in the ordinary course of business. The actual costs incurred will depend on the actual amount and extent of contamination discovered, the final cleanup standards mandated by the EPA or other governmental authorities, and other factors.

### ***Legal Issues***

*United States ex rel, Grynberg v. Williams Natural Gas Company, et al., MDL Docket No. 1293 (99 MD 1614), Civil Action No. 97 D 1478, (District of Colorado), or Grynberg Litigation*

In 1998, Jack Grynberg, an individual, sued Central and approximately 300 other energy companies, purportedly on behalf of the federal government, or *qui tam*. Invoking the False Claims Act, Grynberg alleged that the defendants had mismeasured the volume and wrongfully analyzed the heating content of natural gas, causing underpayments of royalties to the United States. The relief sought was an unspecified amount of royalties allegedly not paid to the federal government, treble damages, or civil penalty, attorney fees and costs. The Department of Justice declined to intervene in Grynberg's *qui tam* cases, which were consolidated for pretrial purposes before a single judge in the United States District Court, or Trial Court, for the District of Wyoming. Initial discovery was limited to public disclosure/original source jurisdictional issues. After a trial court ruling in October of 2006 dismissing Grynberg's claims on jurisdictional grounds and Appellate Court decisions in 2009 upholding the trial court's decision, Grynberg filed a petition (Number 09-170) for certiorari review with the United States Supreme Court on August 4, 2009. On October 5, 2009, the Supreme Court denied Grynberg's petition. On July 27, 2011, the Trial Court entered orders disposing of the defendant's motions for attorney fees and costs which were the subject of a hearing held on April 24, 2007. The Trial Court Judge awarded attorney fees and costs to the defendants and directed Grynberg to pay a portion of the Special Master's fees into the Trial Court's registry. On or about October 2011, Central and many of the other prevailing defendants submitted claims setting forth the amounts and basis for their respective attorney fee and cost awards. It is unknown at this time whether the parties, through counsel, will be able to agree upon the specific amounts, if any, to be paid voluntarily by Grynberg, or whether further post-judgment proceedings before the Trial Court and/or the Appellate Court may be necessary.

*Will Price, et al. v. El Paso Natural Gas Co., et al., Case No. 99 C 30, District Court, Stevens County, Kansas, or Price Litigation I*

In this putative class action filed May 28, 1999, the named plaintiffs, or Plaintiffs, have sued over 50 defendants, including Central. Asserting theories of civil conspiracy, aiding and abetting, accounting and unjust enrichment, their Fourth Amended Class Action Petition alleges that the defendants have under measured the volume of, and therefore have underpaid for, the natural gas they have obtained from or measured for Plaintiffs. Plaintiffs sought unspecified actual damages, attorney

fees, pre- and post-judgment interest, and reserved the right to plead for punitive damages. On August 22, 2003, an answer to that pleading was filed on behalf of Central. Despite a denial by the Court on April 10, 2003 of their original motion for class certification, the Plaintiffs continued to seek the certification of a class. The Plaintiffs' motion seeking class certification for a second time was fully briefed and the Court heard oral argument on the motion on April 1, 2005. On September 18, 2009, the Court denied the Plaintiffs' motion for class certification. The Plaintiffs filed a motion to reconsider that ruling on October 2, 2009. The defendants, including Central, filed a response in opposition to the Plaintiffs' motion for reconsideration on January 18, 2010. The Plaintiffs filed a reply, and oral argument, which was presented before a different judge, was heard on February 10, 2010. By order dated March 31, 2010, the Court denied the Plaintiffs' October 2, 2009 motion to reconsider the earlier denial of class certification. The Plaintiffs did not file for interlocutory review of the March 31, 2010 order, but through their counsel they initiated certain discovery to which Central and other defendants have objected. In June 2011, certain defendants other than Central filed motions for summary judgment seeking, among other things, a ruling on the legal issue of whether Plaintiffs' civil conspiracy claim could be based upon their underlying unjust enrichment claim. In January 2012, the Court issued an order concluding that under Kansas law a conspiracy claim could be so based. These Defendants petitioned for interlocutory review of that ruling, but the Court of Appeals of Kansas denied their request on February 23, 2012. It is unknown whether Plaintiffs will follow through on discovery and/or otherwise proceed with the litigation on a non-class basis.

*Will Price, et al. v. El Paso Natural Gas Co., et al., Case No. 03 C 23, District Court, Stevens County, Kansas, or Price Litigation II*

In this putative class action filed May 12, 2003, the named Plaintiffs from Case No. 99 C 30 (discussed above) have sued the same defendants, including Central. Asserting substantially identical legal and/or equitable theories, as in Price Litigation I, this petition alleges that the defendants have under measured the British thermal units, or Btu, content of, and therefore have underpaid for, the natural gas they have obtained from or measured for Plaintiffs. Plaintiffs sought unspecified actual damages, attorney fees, pre- and post-judgment interest, and reserved the right to plead for punitive damages. On November 10, 2003, an answer to that pleading was filed on behalf of Central. The Plaintiffs' motion seeking class certification, along with Plaintiffs' second class certification motion in Price Litigation I, was fully briefed and the Court heard oral argument on this motion on April 1, 2005. On September 18, 2009, the Court denied the Plaintiffs' motion for class certification. The Plaintiffs filed a motion to reconsider that ruling on October 2, 2009. The defendants, including Central, filed a response in opposition to the Plaintiffs' motion for reconsideration on January 18, 2010. The Plaintiffs filed a reply, and oral argument, which was presented before a different judge, was heard on February 10, 2010. By order dated March 31, 2010, the Court denied the Plaintiffs' October 2, 2009 motion to reconsider the earlier denial of class certification. The Plaintiffs did not file for interlocutory review of the March 31, 2010 order, but through their counsel they initiated certain discovery to which Central and other defendants have objected. In June 2011, certain defendants other than Central filed motions for summary judgment seeking, among other things, a ruling on the legal issue of whether Plaintiffs' civil conspiracy claim could be based upon their underlying unjust enrichment claim. In January 2012, the Court issued an order concluding that under Kansas law a conspiracy claim could be so based. These Defendants petitioned for interlocutory review of that ruling, but the Court of Appeals of Kansas denied their request on February 23, 2012. It is unknown whether Plaintiffs will follow through on discovery and/or otherwise proceed with the litigation on a non-class basis.

***Summary of Commitments and Contingencies***

In connection with the purchase of Central by Southern Star from The Williams Companies, Inc., or Williams, in 2002, a Litigation Cooperation Agreement was executed pursuant to which Williams agreed to cooperate in and assist with the defense of Central with respect to the Grynberg Litigation and the Price Litigation. Pursuant to that agreement, Williams agreed to provide information and data to Central, make witnesses available as necessary, assist Central in becoming a party to certain Joint Defense Agreements, and to cooperate in general with Central in the preparation of its defense.

The Company is subject to claims and legal actions in the normal course of business in addition to those disclosed above. While no assurances can be given, management believes, based on advice of counsel and after consideration of amounts accrued, insurance coverage, potential recovery from customers and other indemnification arrangements, that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect upon the Company's future financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. Costs incurred to date of defending pending cases have not been material.

## **6. Income Taxes**

The Company's effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2012 was 39.2% compared to 39.1% for the same period ended June 30, 2011. The effective tax rate in excess of the federal statutory rate of 35.0% is primarily due to the impact of state income taxes.

In accordance with ASC 740, the Company records interest related to uncertain tax positions as a part of Interest expense on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. Any penalties are recognized as part of Miscellaneous expense on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Company does not have a liability for tax penalties or interest related to uncertain tax positions.

As of June 30, 2012, the Company remained subject to examination by Federal and State jurisdictions for the tax years beginning in 2003 and forward, in some cases due to net operating losses carried forward. Commencing in September 2010, Central was audited by the Kansas State Department of Revenue covering Kansas state taxes for the period January 1, 2008 through September 30, 2010. In July 2011, Central settled the Kansas audit resulting in a payment of less than \$0.1 million for additional sales/use tax and interest.

## **7. Dividends and Related Restrictions**

Certain of the Company's debt instruments contain restrictions on the declaration and payments of dividends or distributions to equity holders, subject to a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio and cumulative available cash flows from operations or a leverage ratio, subject to certain conditions, as defined in the related debt agreements. The Company currently meets all minimum requirements and pays dividends in compliance with such restrictions.

## **8. Employee Benefit Plans**

The Plan Accounting—Defined Benefit Pension Plans Topic 960 of the ASC, or ASC 960, requires companies to recognize the funded status of their defined benefit pension and other postretirement benefit plans as a net liability or asset in their balance sheets and to recognize changes in that funded status in the year in which changes occur through comprehensive income. As it is appropriate for the Company to apply the accounting prescribed by the Regulated Operations Topic 980 of the ASC, the Company does not recognize changes in the funded status in comprehensive income but recognizes them as changes to the related regulatory asset or liability, pending future recovery or refund through its rates.

Pursuant to ASC 960, no portion of the related liabilities are classified as current because plan assets exceed the value of benefit obligations expected to be paid within the 12 months ending June 30, 2013. In addition, no plan assets are expected to be returned to the Company during the 12 months ending June 30, 2013.

The terms of the RP08-350 rate settlement allow Central to recover, in its rates, \$9.5 million annually for pension benefits and postretirement benefits other than pensions. Central must fund the amounts recovered into irrevocable trusts established solely for the provision of the aforementioned benefits in a manner that permits Central to maximize the tax deductibility of the deposits and adhere to minimum and maximum funding requirements. Central's \$9.5 million annual funding requirement may only be reduced by amounts funded in excess of recoveries in prior years. As of December 31, 2011, Central's funding was \$1.9 million in excess of its recoveries.

### ***Retirement Plan***

Pension expense for the Company's pension plans was \$4.8 million for each of the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

Components of the Company's net periodic pension expense for the indicated plans are as follows (expressed in thousands):

	<b>For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2012</b>	<b>For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2011</b>
<b><u>Union Retirement Plan</u></b>		
Components of net periodic pension expense:		
Service cost.....	\$ 851	\$ 704
Interest cost.....	485	622
Expected return on plan assets.....	(658)	(740)
Recognized actuarial loss .....	245	104
Employee transfers .....	(32)	(121)
Settlement recognition .....	972	574
Regulatory recovery of costs .....	40	1,232
Net periodic pension expense .....	<u>\$ 1,903</u>	<u>\$ 2,375</u>
<b><u>Non-Union Retirement Plan</u></b>		
Components of net periodic pension expense:		
Service cost.....	\$ 2,128	\$ 1,854
Interest cost.....	735	739
Expected return on plan assets.....	(898)	(772)
Recognized actuarial loss .....	570	256
Employee transfers .....	32	121
Regulatory recovery of costs .....	280	177
Net periodic pension expense .....	<u>\$ 2,847</u>	<u>\$ 2,375</u>

The Company made contributions to the pension plans totaling \$5.8 million and \$8.7 million for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and anticipates funding an additional \$2.8 million during 2012.

#### ***Postretirement Benefits Other than Pensions***

Central provides medical and life insurance postretirement benefits to certain employees who retire under Central's retirement plans. These plans are contributory for medical and, for some retired employees, contributory for life insurance benefits in excess of specified limits. Eligible employees under these plans are those hired prior to various qualifying dates, the latest of which is December 31, 1995, who qualify for retirement benefits, and who meet certain service and other requirements.

The benefits for qualified union employees are funded through a trust agreement under the Southern Star Voluntary Employees' Beneficiary Association for Collectively Bargained Employees, or Union VEBA, and the benefits for qualified non-union employees are funded through a separate trust agreement under the Southern Star Voluntary Employees' Beneficiary Association for Non-Collectively Bargained Employees, or Non-Union VEBA. Funding is made in accordance with the requirements under Central's latest rate settlement with the FERC.



The following table sets forth the components of net periodic postretirement benefit costs for the periods indicated (expressed in thousands):

	<b>For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2012</b>	<b>For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2011</b>
Components of net periodic benefit expense:		
Service cost.....	\$ 330	\$ 277
Interest cost.....	1,250	1,307
Expected return on plan assets.....	(1,100)	(1,165)
Recognized actuarial loss .....	1,565	879
Regulatory accrual of costs.....	(2,045)	(1,298)
Net periodic benefit expense.....	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>

The Company did not make any contributions to the plan for either of the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 or 2011. The Company does not anticipate funding the plan during 2012.

## 9. Related Party Transactions

Central has an Operating Company Services Agreement, or Operating Services Agreement, with EFS Services, LLC, or EFS Services, an affiliate of GE. Pursuant to the Operating Services Agreement, EFS Services provides certain consulting services to Central for a service fee of \$1.0 million per year, plus the reimbursement of reasonable expenses up to \$0.2 million in a 12-month period incurred by EFS Services in providing such services. For each of the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, Central paid approximately \$0.5 million for service fees and expenses to EFS Services. The Operating Services Agreement terminates at such time as GE or any of its affiliates ceases to beneficially own any securities of Holdings.

On August 11, 2005, Southern Star entered into an Administrative Services Agreement with EFS Services to provide certain administrative services to Southern Star and Holdings. On January 23, 2012, Southern Star entered into an Administrative Services Agreement with MSIP Southern Star L.L.C, an affiliate of MSIP, to provide certain administrative services to Southern Star and Holdings. Pursuant to the terms of these agreements, the parties are not paid a fee for their services; however, they are entitled to be reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred in providing such services.

Central makes purchases of goods and services from various affiliates of GE on an arms-length basis in the normal course of its operations.

## 10. Subsequent Events

On July 3, 2012, the Company entered into a \$65.0 million 4 year revolving credit agreement, or Credit Agreement, among several banks and other financial institutions or entities from time to time party to the Credit Agreement, or the Lenders, and Royal Bank of Canada, as Administrative Agent pursuant to which the Lenders agreed to make revolving credit loans to the Company. The facility may be increased to a total in aggregate commitments of \$100.0 million upon mutual agreement by the Company and one or more Lenders. Under the Credit Agreement, letters of credit may be issued by the Administrative Agent or by one or more of the other Lenders in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$10.0 million.

Borrowings under the Credit Agreement bear interest at a rate per annum equal to, at the Company's option, either (a) an alternate base rate or (b) a rate based on the rates applicable for deposits in the interbank market for U.S. Dollars or the applicable currency in which the loans are made plus an applicable margin. The applicable margin for each revolving loan will be adjusted in relation to the Company's then current unsecured debt ratings. Additionally, the Company will pay a commitment fee for the average daily unused amount of the facility, payable quarterly in arrears, and certain fees with respect to letters of credit issued under the Credit Agreement.

In connection with the Credit Agreement, and pursuant to a pledge agreement dated as of July 3, 2012, among the Company, Central and the Administrative Agent, the Company pledged as collateral its equity interests in Central and certain future acquired subsidiaries.

The Credit Agreement contains negative covenants that, subject to significant exceptions, limit the ability of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries to, among other things, (i) incur debt, (ii) engage in new lines of business, (iii) incur liens, (iv) engage in mergers, consolidations, liquidations and dissolutions, (v) dispose of substantially all of the assets of the Company and its subsidiaries, (vi) make investments, loans, advances, guarantees and acquisitions, (vii) make certain restricted payments and (viii) enter into transactions with affiliates. The covenants require the Company to comply on a quarterly basis with capitalization ratios with respect to the Company and Central and a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio. The Credit Agreement contains events of defaults that are customary for a facility of this nature. If an event of default occurs, the commitments of the Lenders to lend under the facility may be terminated and the maturity of the amounts outstanding may be accelerated.

## **Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.**

*References to "Southern Star" refer to Southern Star Central Corp. and references to "we," "us," "our," and "the Company," refer to Southern Star Central Corp. and to its wholly-owned subsidiary, Southern Star Central Gas Pipeline, Inc., or Central.*

*This management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our annual report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 23, 2012 and amended by Form 10-K/A filed with the SEC on March 27, 2012 for the year ended December 31, 2011. This discussion contains forward-looking statements about our business, operations and industry that involve risks and uncertainties such as statements regarding our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions. Our future results and financial condition may differ materially from those we currently anticipate as a result of the factors we describe under "Forward-Looking Statements" and elsewhere in this document.*

*All accounting and reporting policies contained herein conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. The financial information contained herein has been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC.*

### **FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

The information in this report includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements relate to anticipated financial performance, management's plans and objectives for future operations, business prospects, outcome of regulatory proceedings, market conditions and other matters. Words such as "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "plan," "objective," and other similar expressions identify some of the statements that are forward-looking. These statements are based on management's beliefs and assumptions and on information currently available to management. Actual results could differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements. In addition to any assumptions and other factors referred to specifically in connection with such statements, factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated in any forward-looking statement include, among others, the following:

- future utilization of pipeline capacity, which can depend on energy prices and the prices for natural gas available on our system, competition from other pipelines and alternative fuels, the general level of natural gas demand, decisions by customers not to renew expiring natural gas transportation contracts, adequate supplies of natural gas, the construction or abandonment of natural gas customer facilities, weather conditions and other factors beyond our control;
- operational risks and limitations of our pipeline system and of interconnected pipeline systems;
- our ability to raise capital and fund capital expenditures in a cost-effective manner;
- changes in federal, state or local laws and regulations to which we are subject, including allowed rates of return and related regulatory matters, regulatory disclosure obligations, the regulation of financial dealings between us and our affiliates, and tax, environmental and employment laws and regulations;

- our ability to manage costs;
- the ability of our customers to pay for our services;
- environmental liabilities that are not covered by an indemnity or insurance;
- our ability to expand into new markets as well as our ability to maintain existing markets;
- our ability to obtain governmental and regulatory approval of various expansion projects, as well as our ability to maintain and comply with such approvals;
- the cost and effects of legal and administrative proceedings;
- the effect of accounting interpretations and changes in accounting policies;
- restrictive covenants contained in various debt instruments applicable to us and our subsidiaries which may restrict our ability to pursue our business strategies;
- strikes or work stoppages by Central's employees;
- changes in general economic, market or business conditions; and
- economic repercussions from terrorist activities and the government's response to such terrorist activities.

Other factors and assumptions not identified above, including without limitation, those described under Item 1A "Risk Factors" in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011 filed with the SEC on March 23, 2012, may also impact these forward-looking statements. The failure of those other assumptions to be realized, as well as other factors, which may or may not occur, may also cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. Except as required by law, we assume no obligation to update forward-looking statements to reflect actual results, changes in assumptions or changes in other factors affecting forward-looking statements.

## **General**

### ***Southern Star***

Southern Star Central Corp., or Southern Star, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of EFS-SSCC Holdings, LLC, or Holdings, which is indirectly owned by GE Energy Financial Services, Inc., or GE, and Morgan Stanley Infrastructure Partners and certain other affiliated investment funds managed by Morgan Stanley Infrastructure, Inc., or MSIP.

Southern Star was incorporated in Delaware in September 2002 and operates as a holding company for its regulated natural gas pipeline operations. Southern Star Central Gas Pipeline, Inc., or Central, is Southern Star's only subsidiary and the sole source of its operating revenues and cash flows.

The terms "we," "us," "our" and "the Company" denote Southern Star Central Corp. and its subsidiaries.

### ***The Business***

Southern Star is the parent company of Central, our only subsidiary and the sole source of our operating revenues and cash flows. Central owns and operates an approximately 6,000 mile natural gas pipeline and associated natural gas storage facilities in the Midwestern United States. Central's primary markets are regulated local natural gas distribution companies, municipalities, intrastate pipelines, electric generation plants and industrial customers in Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma, and parts of Colorado, Nebraska, Wyoming, and Texas.

Central is an interstate natural gas pipeline engaged in the transportation and storage of natural gas. As such, Central's rates, facilities and services are regulated by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, or the FERC. Central's services are provided under both short-term and long-term contracts, subject to a FERC-accepted tariff which governs substantially all terms and conditions of service. The substantial majority of Central's business is conducted under long-term contracts ranging from one to 17 years. Total average remaining contract life on a volume-weighted basis at June 30, 2012 was approximately three years.

On April 30, 2008, Central filed a general rate case under FERC Docket No. RP08-350, which became effective November 1, 2008. Under the terms of an uncontested settlement, which was approved by the FERC on June 1, 2009, Central is required to file a rate case to be effective no later than December 1, 2013.

Central's rates are regulated by the FERC and are designed to provide an allowed rate of return on equity after recovering its costs of service, assuming that its service and contract levels remain constant. As such, Central's opportunities to grow profits and cash flows are generally limited to its ability to acquire new business on its existing pipeline system or expand into new areas or services. Expansion of its pipeline system or provision of new services generally requires authorization from the FERC. Our risk of declining profits or cash flows are primarily related to Central's ability to maintain its current service levels at its current rates, including the renewal of long-term contracts on substantially equivalent terms, and our ability to prudently manage our costs. We expect to continue to manage our operating costs and to renew expiring contracts on favorable terms.

Pipeline and storage integrity regulations continue to increase our operating costs for integrity testing, permitting and other compliance with new regulations. Central remains on schedule to meet all compliance regulations and expects that operating costs associated with such regulations will continue to be recovered in the rates it charges for its services.

Changes in environmental laws and regulations may also increase our operating costs and/or capital expenditures as required for monitoring or installation of new equipment. Central expects operating and capital costs associated with such regulations to be recovered in the rates it charges for its services.

Central's ability to maintain current service levels at its current rates is impacted by both its access to natural gas supplies and competition. Central's access to multiple sources of natural gas supply and its unique storage capabilities, due to the strategic location of its storage facilities within its major market areas, are strengths that aid in limiting our downside risks. The competing interstate pipelines generally offer less diverse geographic access to natural gas supply and less competitively priced, flexible on-system storage.

In addition, we proactively seek growth opportunities that will further strengthen our financial position and results of operations. The costs we incur for many of our growth opportunities may be reimbursed by the operator of the gas supply or delivery point.

On August 1, 2012, Central placed into service a new delivery location consisting of a new delivery meter station in Sedgwick County, Kansas. This expansion was supported by a five-year contract with Black Hills Utility for 13,000 Dekatherms, or Dths, per day of incremental firm service that was effective August 1, 2012. The expansion is expected to cost approximately \$0.9 million and generate annual revenues of \$0.9 million.

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition, results of operations, liquidity and capital resources is based on our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. GAAP requires that we make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and the related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We base these estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we consider reasonable under the circumstances. We evaluate our estimates on an on-going basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates. There have been no significant changes to our Critical Accounting Policies as included in our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 23, 2012 and amended by Form 10-K/A filed with the SEC on March 27, 2012.

### **Results of Operations**

Results of operations for all periods presented include the operations of Central, our only subsidiary. The following discussion of the changes in our results of operations includes only material line items from the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations or line items with a material change.

### ***Comparison of the Three Months Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011***

Operating revenues increased by \$0.8 million, or 1.5%, to \$52.5 million for the three-month period ending June 30, 2012 as compared to the three-month period ending June 30, 2011. The increase is primarily due to higher storage capacity revenues as a result of the mild winter season. Also contributing to the increase were higher transportation commodity revenues and park and loan revenues. The increase was partially offset by lower transportation reservation revenues in the second quarter of 2012.

Operations and maintenance expenses were \$13.8 million and \$12.5 million for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, a \$1.3 million, or 10.1% increase. The increase is primarily due to higher expenses in the second quarter of 2012 for pipeline integrity management program costs, engine overhauls and maintenance, partially offset by lower expenses relating to materials and parts.

Administrative and general expenses were \$9.7 million for each of the three-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Lower expenses in the second quarter of 2012 for employee benefits and labor and an increase in the amount of expense capitalized, partially offset by higher expenses for property and liability insurance.

Depreciation expense increased by \$0.3 million, or 3.3%, to \$8.6 million for the three-month period ending June 30, 2012 as compared to the three-month period ending June 30, 2011. The increase is primarily due to asset additions to the 2012 depreciable base for transmission mains.

Taxes, other than income taxes, increased by \$0.2 million, or 6.3%, to \$4.2 million for the three-month period ending June 30, 2012 as compared to the three-month period ending June 30, 2011. The increase is primarily due to higher ad valorem tax assessments in the current year.

The provision for income taxes decreased by \$0.5 million, or 12.8%, to \$3.3 million for the three-month period ending June 30, 2012 as compared to the three-month period ending June 30, 2011. The decrease is commensurate with lower 2012 pre-tax income.

### ***Comparison of the Six Months Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011***

Operating revenues increased by \$3.1 million, or 3.0%, to \$107.0 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2012 as compared to the six-month period ending June 30, 2011. The increase is primarily due to higher storage capacity revenues as a result of the mild winter season as well as the Storage Expansion Project, which was placed in service on April 1, 2011. Also contributing to the increase were higher transportation revenues as a result of increased incremental park and loan services. The increase was partially offset by lower transportation commodity revenues in 2012.

Operations and maintenance expenses were \$25.3 million and \$22.1 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, a \$3.2 million, or 14.4% increase. The increase is primarily due to higher expenses in 2012 for pipeline integrity management program costs, engine overhauls and maintenance, offset partially by lower expenses for labor.

Administrative and general expenses increased by \$0.2 million, or 1.3%, to \$19.3 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2012 as compared to the six-month period ended June 30, 2011. The increase is primarily due to higher expenses in 2012 for property and liability insurance and labor, offset partially by higher expenses capitalized.

Depreciation expense was \$17.2 million and \$16.5 million for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, a \$0.7 million, or 4.5% increase. The increase is primarily due to asset additions to the 2012 depreciable base for transmission mains.

Taxes, other than income taxes, increased by \$0.6 million, or 7.0%, to \$8.6 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2012 as compared to the six-month period ended June 30, 2011. The increase is primarily due to higher expenses for ad valorem tax in 2012 as a result of higher state tax assessments.

The provision for income taxes was \$8.2 million and \$8.9 million for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, a \$0.7 million, or 7.7% decrease. The decrease is commensurate with lower 2012 pre-tax income.

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

We expect to fund our capital and other liquidity requirements with cash on hand, cash flows from operating activities, capital contributions from Holdings and by drawing on a credit facility that was established on July 3, 2012, as discussed below.

Net cash provided by operating activities for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$36.6 million and \$32.5 million, respectively. Net cash from operating activities was higher in 2012 primarily due to 2012 cash receipts for reimbursable projects billed in 2011 and lower 2012 funding to our pension plans, as discussed in Note 8 of the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements. This increase was partially offset by an increase in inventory.

Net cash used in investing activities for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$23.6 million and \$15.3 million, respectively. Cash used in investing activities was higher in 2012 primarily due to higher maintenance capital expenditures, partially offset by lower capital expenditures for expansion in 2012 and the purchase of storage acreage in 2011.

Net cash used in financing activities for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$13.9 million and \$17.0 million, respectively. The decrease is primarily due to lower 2012 common stock dividend payments.

### ***6.75% Registered Notes***

At June 30, 2012, we had outstanding \$200.0 million of 6.75% Notes registered under the Securities Act of 1933 as amended, or 6.75% Registered Notes. The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. serves as trustee pursuant to the related indenture. Interest is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 of each year. The related issuance costs are being amortized over the life of the 6.75% Registered Notes utilizing the straight line method which approximates the effective interest method. The 6.75% Registered Notes mature on March 1, 2016 and have an overall effective interest rate of 7.06%. The 6.75% Registered Notes are Southern Star's senior unsecured obligations and rank equal in right of payment to all of its existing and future unsecured indebtedness and are effectively junior to any secured indebtedness of Southern Star to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, if any.

The declaration and payment of dividends or distributions to equity holders, under the 6.75% Registered Notes indenture, are subject to, with certain limited exceptions, a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio and cumulative available cash flows from operations or a leverage ratio, subject to certain conditions, as defined in the indenture.

The 6.75% Registered Notes are subject to certain covenants that restrict, among other things, Southern Star and its subsidiaries' ability to make investments, incur additional indebtedness, pay dividends or make distributions on capital stock or redeem or repurchase capital stock, create liens, incur dividend or other payment restrictions affecting subsidiaries, merge or consolidate with other entities and enter into transactions with affiliates. We have the right to redeem all or part of the 6.75% Registered Notes at premiums defined in the indenture.

### ***6.75% Unregistered Notes***

At June 30, 2012, we had outstanding \$50.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.75% Senior Notes due 2016, or 6.75% Unregistered Notes. The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. serves as trustee under the related indenture. Interest is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 of each year. The related issuance costs are being amortized over the life of the 6.75% Unregistered Notes utilizing the straight line method which approximates the effective interest method. The 6.75% Unregistered Notes will mature on March 1, 2016 and have an overall effective interest rate of 8.55%. The 6.75% Unregistered Notes are senior unsecured obligations and rank equal in rights of payment to all of Southern Star's existing and future unsecured indebtedness and are effectively junior to any secured indebtedness of Southern Star to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, if any. All covenants, restrictions, and other terms and conditions are identical to those for the 6.75% Registered Notes described above. We have the right to redeem all or part of the 6.75% Unregistered Notes at premiums defined in the indenture.

### ***Credit Facility***

On July 3, 2012, the Company entered into a \$65.0 million 4 year revolving credit agreement, or Credit Agreement, among several banks and other financial institutions or entities from time to time party to the Credit Agreement, or the Lenders, and Royal Bank of Canada, as Administrative Agent pursuant to which the Lenders agreed to make revolving credit loans to the Company. The facility may be increased to a total in aggregate commitments of \$100.0 million upon mutual agreement by the Company and one or more Lenders. Under the Credit Agreement, letters of credit may be issued by the Administrative Agent or by one or more of the other Lenders in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$10.0 million.

Borrowings under the Credit Agreement bear interest at a rate per annum equal to, at the Company's option, either (a) an alternate base rate or (b) a rate based on the rates applicable for deposits in the interbank market for U.S. Dollars or the applicable currency in which the loans are made plus an applicable margin. The applicable margin for each revolving loan will be adjusted in relation to the Company's then current unsecured debt ratings. Additionally, the Company will pay a commitment fee for the average daily unused amount of the facility, payable quarterly in arrears, and certain fees with respect to letters of credit issued under the Credit Agreement.

In connection with the Credit Agreement, and pursuant to a pledge agreement dated as of July 3, 2012, among the Company, Central and the Administrative Agent, the Company pledged as collateral its equity interests in Central and certain future acquired subsidiaries.

The Credit Agreement contains negative covenants that, subject to significant exceptions, limit the ability of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries to, among other things, (i) incur debt, (ii) engage in new lines of business, (iii) incur liens, (iv) engage in mergers, consolidations, liquidations and dissolutions, (v) dispose of substantially all of the assets of the Company and its subsidiaries, (vi) make investments, loans, advances, guarantees and acquisitions, (vii) make certain restricted payments and (viii) enter into transactions with affiliates. The covenants require the Company to comply on a quarterly basis with capitalization ratios with respect to the Company and Central and a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio. The Credit Agreement contains events of default that are customary for a facility of this nature. If an event of default occurs, the commitments of the Lenders to lend under the facility may be terminated and the maturity of the amounts outstanding may be accelerated.

### ***Central's 6.0% Notes***

At June 30, 2012, Central had outstanding \$230.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.0% Senior Notes due 2016, or 6.0% Notes. The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. serves as trustee under the related indenture. Interest is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The related issuance costs are being amortized over the life of the 6.0% Notes utilizing the straight line method which approximates the effective interest method. The 6.0% Notes mature on June 1, 2016 and have an overall effective interest rate of 6.17%. The 6.0% Notes are Central's senior unsecured obligations and rank equal in right of payment to all of its existing and future unsecured indebtedness and are effectively junior to the secured indebtedness of Central to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, if any. The 6.0% Notes are structurally senior to the 6.75% Notes.

The 6.0% Notes are subject to certain covenants that restrict, among other things, Central's ability to create liens, enter into sale and leaseback transactions or merge or consolidate with other entities. Central has the option to call the 6.0% Notes at any time at a make-whole premium as defined in the indenture.

### ***Capital Lease***

Central has a 20-year capital lease with the Owensboro-Daviess County Industrial Development Authority, or the Authority, for use of a headquarters building in Owensboro, Kentucky. Central is the borrower under a \$9.0 million loan agreement dated as of January 1, 2004 between Central and the Authority pursuant to which the Authority financed the cost of Central's office facility in Daviess County, Kentucky. In connection with the financing, the Authority issued Series 2004A and 2004B bonds under an indenture dated as of January 1, 2004 between the Authority and U.S. Bank, N.A. as trustee. Ownership of the facility will transfer to Central for a nominal fee upon expiration of the lease in 2024. The overall effective interest rate on the obligation is 6.29%. Principal and interest are paid semi-annually. Central has the option to prepay all 2004A bonds on or after January 1, 2014 and all 2004B bonds on or after February 1, 2014.

## ***Other***

As of June 30, 2012, we had 421 full time employees at Central and none at Southern Star. Central had a collective bargaining agreement with the International Union of Operating Engineers Local No. 647, or the Union, covering 126 field employees. The collective bargaining agreement expired on July 15, 2012, and negotiations on a new agreement are in progress. No strike or work stoppage has occurred at any of Central's facilities during the last 20 years. We do not anticipate any work disruption to occur as we view the relationship between Central and the Union as positive; however, our potential inability to negotiate an acceptable contract with the Union could result in, among other things, strikes, work stoppages or other slowdowns by the affected workers.

We operate under a Federal and State Income Tax Policy that governs the allocation and payment of tax liabilities of Holdings, Southern Star and Central. This policy provides that Southern Star will file consolidated tax returns on behalf of itself, Holdings and Central and will pay all taxes shown thereon to be due. Central generally makes payments to Southern Star for its federal and state income tax liabilities as though it were filing a separate return. Southern Star has an obligation to indemnify Central for any liability that Central incurs for taxes of the affiliated group of which Southern Star and Central are members under Treasury Regulations Section 1.1502-6 and similar state statutes.

On April 30, 2008, Central filed a general rate case under FERC Docket No. RP08-350, which became effective November 1, 2008. Under the terms of the uncontested settlement, which was approved by the FERC on June 1, 2009, Central is required to file a rate case to be effective no later than December 1, 2013.

At June 30, 2012, we were in compliance with the covenants of all outstanding debt instruments. See Note 4 of the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion of our debt instruments.

## **Other**

### ***Contractual Obligations and Commitments***

We have estimated capital expenditures of \$72.8 million in 2012, including approximately \$12.6 million for projects under our pipeline integrity management program.

Central expects to contribute a total of \$8.6 million to its Retirement and Postretirement Medical Benefit Plans in 2012. See Note 8 of the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion of our employee benefit plans.

Contractual obligations and commitments are expected to be funded with cash flows from operating activities, capital contributions from Holdings and by drawing upon cash made available pursuant to the Credit Agreement that was entered into on July 3, 2012.

### ***Contingencies***

See Note 5 of the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information that may cause operating and financial uncertainties.

### ***Effects of Inflation***

Central generally has experienced increased costs in recent years due to the effect of inflation on the cost of labor and benefits, materials and supplies, and property, plant and equipment. A portion of the increased expenses resulting from labor, materials and supplies can directly affect income through increased operating and administrative costs. The cumulative impact of inflation over a number of years has resulted in increased costs for current replacement of productive facilities. The majority of Central's property, plant, equipment and inventory is subject to ratemaking treatment, and under current FERC practices, recovery is limited to authorized historical costs. While amounts in excess of historical cost are not recoverable under current FERC practices, we believe Central will be allowed to recover and earn a return based on the increased actual costs incurred when existing facilities are replaced. Cost-based regulation, along with competition and other market factors, limit Central's ability to price services or products to reflect increased costs resulting from inflation.



## Seasonality

Substantially all of Central's operating revenues are generated from fixed daily reservation fees for transportation and/or storage services. As a result, fluctuations in natural gas prices and actual volumes transported and stored have a limited impact on Central's operating revenues. Since the fixed daily reservation fees are generally consistent from month to month, Central's operating revenues do not fluctuate materially from season to season.

Generally, construction and maintenance on Central's pipeline occur from May through October when volume throughput is usually lower than during the winter heating season. As such, operating and maintenance expenses are generally higher in the second and third quarters and the majority of our capital expenditures are incurred during this time.

## Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Our market risk is limited to interest rate risk on our long-term debt. All interest is fixed. At June 30, 2012, the weighted-average interest rate of our long-term debt was 6.79%. Our \$200.0 million (6.75% Registered Notes), \$230.0 million (6.0% Notes) and \$50.0 million (6.75% Unregistered Notes) long-term debt issues mature in 2016. The \$4.6 million balance of our capital lease obligation matures serially through 2024 and carries a fixed effective interest rate of 6.29%. Our long-term debt at June 30, 2012, had a carrying value of \$477.7 million. At June 30, 2012, the fair value of our 6.75% Registered Notes and the 6.75% Unregistered Notes was approximately \$202.2 million and \$50.5 million, respectively. These fair market values were calculated by discounting the Notes' cash flows by their respective yield rates as determined by recent market activity. The fair value of the 6.0% Notes was \$257.8 million as of June 30, 2012, estimated by discounting the 6.0% Notes' cash flows by the current yield rate of notes with similar characteristics, as recent transactions of our 6.0% Notes were not available due to recent market inactivity.

## Item 4. Controls and Procedures

*Disclosure Controls and Procedures* – As of June 30, 2012, we, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a – 15(e) and 15d – 15(e). Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2012.

*Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting* – There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2012, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

*United States ex rel, Grynberg v. Williams Natural Gas Company, et al., MDL Docket No. 1293 (99 MD 1614), Civil Action No. 97 D 1478, (District of Colorado), or Grynberg Litigation*

In 1998, Jack Grynberg, an individual, sued Central and approximately 300 other energy companies, purportedly on behalf of the federal government, or *qui tam*. Invoking the False Claims Act, Grynberg alleged that the defendants had mismeasured the volume and wrongfully analyzed the heating content of natural gas, causing underpayments of royalties to the United States. The relief sought was an unspecified amount of royalties allegedly not paid to the federal government, treble damages, or civil penalty, attorney fees and costs. The Department of Justice declined to intervene in Grynberg's *qui tam* cases, which were consolidated for pretrial purposes before a single judge in the United States District Court, or Trial Court, for the District of Wyoming. Initial discovery was limited to public disclosure/original source jurisdictional issues. After a trial court ruling in October of 2006 dismissing Grynberg's claims on jurisdictional grounds and Appellate Court decisions in 2009 upholding the trial court's decision, Grynberg filed a petition (Number 09-170) for certiorari review with the United States Supreme Court on August 4, 2009. On October 5, 2009, the Supreme Court denied Grynberg's petition. On July 27, 2011, the Trial Court entered orders disposing of the defendant's motions for attorney fees and costs which were the subject of a hearing held on April 24, 2007. The Trial Court Judge awarded attorney fees and costs to the defendants and directed Grynberg to pay a portion of the Special Master's fees into the Trial Court's registry. On or about October 7, 2011, Central and many of the other prevailing defendants submitted claims setting forth the amounts and basis for their respective

attorney fee and cost awards. It is unknown at this time whether the parties, through counsel, will be able to agree upon the specific amounts, if any, to be paid voluntarily by Grynberg, or whether further post-judgment proceedings before the Trial Court and/or the Appellate Court may be necessary.

*Will Price, et al. v. El Paso Natural Gas Co., et al., Case No. 99 C 30, District Court, Stevens County, Kansas, or Price Litigation I*

In this putative class action filed May 28, 1999, the named plaintiffs, or Plaintiffs, have sued over 50 defendants, including Central. Asserting theories of civil conspiracy, aiding and abetting, accounting and unjust enrichment, their Fourth Amended Class Action Petition alleges that the defendants have under measured the volume of, and therefore have underpaid for, the natural gas they have obtained from or measured for Plaintiffs. Plaintiffs sought unspecified actual damages, attorney fees, pre- and post-judgment interest, and reserved the right to plead for punitive damages. On August 22, 2003, an answer to that pleading was filed on behalf of Central. Despite a denial by the Court on April 10, 2003 of their original motion for class certification, the Plaintiffs continued to seek the certification of a class. The Plaintiffs' motion seeking class certification for a second time was fully briefed and the Court heard oral argument on the motion on April 1, 2005. On September 18, 2009, the Court denied the Plaintiffs' motion for class certification. The Plaintiffs filed a motion to reconsider that ruling on October 2, 2009. The defendants, including Central, filed a response in opposition to the Plaintiffs' motion for reconsideration on January 18, 2010. The Plaintiffs filed a reply, and oral argument, which was presented before a different judge, was heard on February 10, 2010. By order dated March 31, 2010, the Court denied the Plaintiffs' October 2, 2009 motion to reconsider the earlier denial of class certification. The Plaintiffs did not file for interlocutory review of the March 31, 2010 order, but through their counsel they initiated certain discovery to which Central and other defendants have objected. In June 2011, certain defendants other than Central filed motions for summary judgment seeking, among other things, a ruling on the legal issue of whether Plaintiffs' civil conspiracy claim could be based upon their underlying unjust enrichment claim. In January 2012, the Court issued an order concluding that under Kansas law a conspiracy claim could be so based. These defendants petitioned for interlocutory review of that ruling, but the Court of Appeals of Kansas denied their request on February 23, 2012. It is unknown whether Plaintiffs will follow through on discovery and/or otherwise proceed with the litigation on a non-class basis.

*Will Price, et al. v. El Paso Natural Gas Co., et al., Case No. 03 C 23, District Court, Stevens County, Kansas, or Price Litigation II*

In this putative class action filed May 12, 2003, the named Plaintiffs from Case No. 99 C 30 (discussed above) have sued the same defendants, including Central. Asserting substantially identical legal and/or equitable theories, as in Price Litigation I, this petition alleges that the defendants have under measured the British thermal units, or Btu, content of, and therefore have underpaid for, the natural gas they have obtained from or measured for Plaintiffs. Plaintiffs sought unspecified actual damages, attorney fees, pre- and post-judgment interest, and reserved the right to plead for punitive damages. On November 10, 2003, an answer to that pleading was filed on behalf of Central. The Plaintiffs' motion seeking class certification, along with Plaintiffs' second class certification motion in Price Litigation I, was fully briefed and the Court heard oral argument on this motion on April 1, 2005. On September 18, 2009, the Court denied the Plaintiffs' motion for class certification. The Plaintiffs filed a motion to reconsider that ruling on October 2, 2009. The defendants, including Central, filed a response in opposition to the Plaintiffs' motion for reconsideration on January 18, 2010. The Plaintiffs filed a reply, and oral argument, which was presented before a different judge, was heard on February 10, 2010. By order dated March 31, 2010, the Court denied the Plaintiffs' October 2, 2009 motion to reconsider the earlier denial of class certification. The Plaintiffs did not file for interlocutory review of the March 31, 2010 order, but through their counsel they initiated certain discovery to which Central and other defendants have objected. In June 2011, certain defendants other than Central filed motions for summary judgment seeking, among other things, a ruling on the legal issue of whether Plaintiffs' civil conspiracy claim could be based upon their underlying unjust enrichment claim. In January 2012, the Court issued an order concluding that under Kansas law a conspiracy claim could be so based. These defendants petitioned for interlocutory review of that ruling, but the Court of Appeals of Kansas denied their request on February 23, 2012. It is unknown whether Plaintiffs will follow through on discovery and/or otherwise proceed with the litigation on a non-class basis.

**Item 1A. Risk Factors**

*See our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 23, 2012, as amended by Form 10-K/A filed with the SEC on March 27, 2012, which includes a detailed discussion of our risk factors under Item 1A, "Risk Factors". No updates to this information are necessary.*

**Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

None.

**Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities**

None.

**Item 4. Removed and Reserved****Item 5. Other Information**

None.

**Item 6. Exhibits**

- |         |  |
|---------|--|
| 31.1    | —Certificate of Jerry L. Morris, Chief Executive Officer of Southern Star Central Corp., pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.  |
| 31.2    | —Certificate of Susanne W. Harris, Chief Financial Officer of Southern Star Central Corp., pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act 2002.   |
| 32      | —Certificate of Jerry L. Morris, Chief Executive Officer of Southern Star Central Corp., and Susanne W. Harris, Chief Financial Officer of Southern Star Central Corp., pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 101.INS | XBRL Instance Document   |
| 101.SCH | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document  |
| 101.CAL | XBRL Taxonomy Calculation Linkbase Document  |
| 101.DEF | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definitions Document   |
| 101.LAB | XBRL Taxonomy Label Linkbase Document  |
| 101.PRE | XBRL Taxonomy Presentation Linkbase Document   |

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

SOUTHERN STAR CENTRAL CORP.

August 9, 2012

By: /S/ JERRY L. MORRIS  
Jerry L. Morris  
President and Chief Executive Officer

August 9, 2012

By: /s/ SUSANNE W. HARRIS  
 Susanne W. Harris  
 Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

## **INDEX TO EXHIBITS**

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**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a – 14(a) OR 15d – 14(a)  
UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED**

I, Jerry L. Morris, Chief Executive Officer of Southern Star Central Corp., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Southern Star Central Corp.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a - 15(e) and 15d - 15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a -15(f) and 15d – 15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

**Signature**

**Title**

**Date**

By: /s/ Jerry L. Morris  
Jerry L. Morris

Chief Executive Officer

August 9, 2012

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a – 14(a) OR 15d – 14(a)  
UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED**

I, Susanne W. Harris, Chief Financial Officer of Southern Star Central Corp., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Southern Star Central Corp.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a - 15(e) and 15d - 15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a – 15(f) and 15d – 15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

**Signature**

**Title**

**Date**

By: /s/ Susanne W. Harris  
Susanne W. Harris

Chief Financial Officer

August 9, 2012

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002  
(18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350)**

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Southern Star Central Corp. (the Company), a Delaware corporation, for the quarter ended June 30, 2012 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the Report), each of the undersigned, Jerry L. Morris, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Susanne W. Harris, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of his/her knowledge, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of and for the periods presented in the Report.

The foregoing certification is provided solely for purposes of complying with the provisions of Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and is not intended to be used or relied upon for any other purpose.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
By: <u>/s/ Jerry L. Morris</u> Jerry L. Morris	Chief Executive Officer	August 9, 2012
By: <u>/s/ Susanne W. Harris</u> Susanne W. Harris	Chief Financial Officer	August 9, 2012

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Southern Star Central Corp. and will be retained by Southern Star Central Corp. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or staff upon request.