

**ATTALLA HEALTH CARE, INC.**  
**BALANCE SHEETS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2010 AND JUNE 30, 2010**

**ASSETS**

	<b>September 30, 2010 (Unaudited)</b>	<b>June 30, 2010 (Audited)</b>
<b>Current Assets</b>		
Cash	\$ 667,838	\$ 653,728
Patient Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance for Doubtful Accounts of \$26,000	859,747	816,319
Prepaid Expenses	4,161	19,266
Due from Related Party	175,779	146,587
Property and Equipment, Held for Sale	<u>1,071,053</u>	<u>1,068,207</u>
<b>Total Assets</b>	<u><u>\$2,778,578</u></u>	<u><u>\$2,704,107</u></u>

**LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**

<b>Current Liabilities</b>		
Accounts Payable	\$ 207,395	\$ 260,113
Taxes and Other Employee Withholding	90,488	97,726
Accrued Salaries and Wages	124,359	131,956
Accrued Expenses	48,283	31,324
Deferred Income	17,883	17,883
Estimated Third-Party Payor Settlements	<u>58,418</u>	<u>58,418</u>
	<u>546,826</u>	<u>597,420</u>
<b>Stockholders' Equity</b>		
Common Stock, \$0.10 Par Value; 100,000 Shares Authorized and Outstanding	10,000	10,000
Retained Earnings	<u>2,221,752</u>	<u>2,096,687</u>
	<u>2,231,752</u>	<u>2,106,687</u>
<b>Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity</b>	<u><u>\$2,778,578</u></u>	<u><u>\$2,704,107</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these balance sheets.

**ATTALLA HEALTH CARE, INC.**  
**STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND RETAINED EARNINGS**  
**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010 AND 2009**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
<b>Revenue</b>		
Net Patient Services	\$ 2,517,715	\$2,571,726
Other	<u>60</u>	<u>181</u>
	<u>2,517,775</u>	<u>2,571,907</u>
<b>Operating Expenses</b>		
Administrative	620,194	428,028
Employee Benefits	83,047	149,396
Nursing Service	1,111,325	1,111,370
Rehabilitation Therapy	69,505	59,817
Dietary	205,816	213,001
Housekeeping	79,677	88,780
Laundry	51,389	47,677
Operation of Plant	109,887	105,723
Social Services	15,973	15,721
Activities	16,539	17,257
Provision for Bad Debts	-	1,052
Depreciation and Amortization	-	36,340
Interest	-	2,558
	<u>2,363,352</u>	<u>2,276,720</u>
<b>Operating Income</b>	<b>154,423</b>	<b>295,187</b>
<b>Other Income</b>		
Interest	<u>642</u>	<u>943</u>
<b>Net Income</b>	<b>155,065</b>	<b>296,130</b>
<b>Retained Earnings, Beginning</b>	<b>2,096,687</b>	<b>1,851,549</b>
Dividends Paid	<u>(30,000)</u>	<u>(196,000)</u>
<b>Retained Earnings, Ending</b>	<u><b>\$2,221,752</b></u>	<u><b>\$1,951,679</b></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

**ATTALLA HEALTH CARE, INC.**  
**STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010 AND 2009**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>		
Net Income	\$ 155,064	\$ 296,130
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Depreciation and Amortization	-	36,340
Provision for Bad Debts	-	1,052
<b>Change In</b>		
Patient Account Receivables, Net	(43,428)	(15,349)
Due from Related Party	(29,192)	16,385
Prepaid Expenses	15,105	23,601
Accounts Payable	(52,717)	37,676
Taxes and Other Employee Withholding	(7,238)	(7,988)
Accrued Salaries and Wages	(7,597)	(29,223)
Accrued Expenses	16,959	846
	<b>46,956</b>	<b>359,470</b>
 <b>Cash Flows from Investing Activities</b>		
Purchases of Property and Equipment	(2,846)	(35,061)
 <b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities</b>		
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt	-	(96,598)
Dividends Paid	(30,000)	(196,000)
	<b>(30,000)</b>	<b>(292,598)</b>
 <b>Net Increase in Cash</b>	<b>14,110</b>	<b>31,811</b>
 <b>Cash, Beginning</b>	<b>653,728</b>	<b>558,610</b>
 <b>Cash, Ending</b>	<b>\$ 667,838</b>	<b>\$ 590,421</b>
 <b>Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information</b>		
Cash Payments for Interest	<b>\$ 346</b>	<b>\$ 2,213</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

## ATTALLA HEALTH CARE, INC.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (1) Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

##### Nature of Business

Attalla Health Care, Inc. (the Company) operates a 182-bed nursing home facility in Attalla, Alabama. The nursing home is licensed by the state of Alabama and is, therefore, subject to the rules and regulations of Alabama.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements for interim financial statements and, accordingly, they omit disclosures, which would substantially duplicate those contained in the most recent audited financial statements as of June 30, 2010. The financial statements as of September 30, 2010 and 2009 are unaudited and, in the opinion of management, include all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation. The results of operations for the quarter ended September 30, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the results of a full year's operation.

#### (2) Fair Value Measurements

ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a three-level valuation hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurement and enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. The valuation hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. The three levels are defined as follows:

- Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
- Level 3 inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

## **(2) Fair Value Measurements (Continued)**

The estimated fair values of the Company's short-term financial instruments, including cash, receivables and payables arising in the normal course of business, and current portions of debt, approximate their individual carrying amounts due to their relatively short period of time between origination and expected realization. The Company does not have any other financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis that require further disclosure. Property and equipment held for sale as of September 30, 2010 and June 30, 2010 were measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis and were recorded at the lower of cost or fair value less costs to sell. The fair value of property and equipment held for sale was determined using level 3 inputs based on the amount of the sales contract.

## **(3) Subsequent Events**

Effective October 1, 2010, the Company sold its land, building, equipment, furniture and fixtures related to its nursing facility to Coosa Nursing ADK, LLC for \$9,912,500. The Company received cash proceeds of \$9,951,000 (including additional consideration of \$38,500 for inventory, supplies and bed taxes) and recognized a gain on sale of \$8,879,947.

The net proceeds from the sales transaction were distributed by dividend to the Company's stockholders.

In preparing these financial statements, the Company has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through December 29, 2010, the date the financial statements were issued.



**ATTALLA HEALTH CARE, INC.  
ATTALLA, ALABAMA**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF  
JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009 AND  
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS**

**ATTALLA HEALTH CARE, INC.**

**CONTENTS**

Report of Independent Accountants.....	1
Balance Sheets .....	2
Statements of Operations and Retained Earnings .....	4
Statements of Cash Flows .....	5
Notes to Financial Statements .....	6



MCNAIR, McLEMORE, MIDDLEBROOKS & Co., LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

389 Mulberry Street • Post Office Box One • Macon, GA 31202

Telephone (478) 746-6277 • Facsimile (478) 743-6858

[www.mmmcpa.com](http://www.mmmcpa.com)

December 29, 2010

**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS**

The Board of Directors  
Attalla Health Care, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of **Attalla Health Care, Inc.** as of June 30, 2010 and 2009 and the related statements of operations and retained earnings and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Attalla Health Care, Inc. as of June 30, 2010 and 2009, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

*McNair, McLemore, Middlebrooks & Co., LLP*  
MCNAIR, McLEMORE, MIDDLEBROOKS & CO., LLP

**ATTALLA HEALTH CARE, INC.**  
**BALANCE SHEETS**  
**JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009**

**ASSETS**

	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>
<b>Current Assets</b>		
Cash	<b>\$ 653,728</b>	\$ 558,610
Patient Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance for Doubtful Accounts of \$53,354 and \$26,000 in 2010 and 2009, Respectively	<b>816,319</b>	877,220
Prepaid Expenses	<b>19,266</b>	6,207
Due from Related Party	<b>146,587</b>	63,905
Property and Equipment, Held for Sale	<b>1,068,207</b>	-
	<b>2,704,107</b>	1,505,942
 <b>Property and Equipment</b>		
Land	-	158,694
Buildings and Improvements	-	2,813,466
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	-	1,194,069
Transportation Equipment	-	36,634
Construction in Progress	-	1,000
	-	4,203,863
Accumulated Depreciation	-	(3,080,128)
	-	1,123,735
 <b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$2,704,107</b>	\$ 2,629,677

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these balance sheets.

**ATTALLA HEALTH CARE, INC.**  
**BALANCE SHEETS**  
**JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009**

**LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**

	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>
<b>Current Liabilities</b>		
Current Maturities of Long-Term Debt	\$ -	\$ 144,198
Accounts Payable	<b>260,113</b>	255,013
Taxes and Other Employee Withholding	<b>97,726</b>	97,301
Accrued Salaries and Wages	<b>131,956</b>	163,615
Accrued Expenses	<b>31,324</b>	31,700
Deferred Income	<b>17,883</b>	17,883
Estimated Third-Party Payor Settlements	<b>58,418</b>	58,418
	<b>597,420</b>	768,128
 <b>Stockholders' Equity</b>		
Common Stock, \$0.10 Par Value; 100,000 Shares		
Authorized and Outstanding	<b>10,000</b>	10,000
Retained Earnings	<b>2,096,687</b>	1,851,549
	<b>2,106,687</b>	1,861,549
 <b>Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity</b>	<b>\$2,704,107</b>	<b>\$2,629,677</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these balance sheets.

**ATTALLA HEALTH CARE, INC.**  
**STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND RETAINED EARNINGS**  
**FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30**

	2010	2009
<b>Revenue</b>		
Net Patient Service Revenues	\$9,904,858	\$10,505,947
Other	34,191	1,737
	<b>9,939,049</b>	10,507,684
<b>Operating Expenses</b>		
Administrative	1,941,707	2,074,909
Employee Benefits	502,637	508,927
Nursing Service	4,516,465	4,546,931
Rehabilitation Therapy	307,974	296,058
Dietary	886,691	856,442
Housekeeping	351,117	375,518
Laundry	202,693	196,088
Operation of Plant	416,983	391,905
Social Services	67,314	61,001
Activities	66,321	76,100
Provision for Bad Debts	31,644	19,427
Depreciation and Amortization	96,907	152,885
Interest	5,028	16,048
	<b>9,393,481</b>	9,572,239
<b>Operating Income</b>	<b>545,568</b>	935,445
<b>Other Income</b>		
Interest	3,120	9,426
<b>Net Income</b>	<b>548,688</b>	944,871
<b>Retained Earnings, Beginning</b>	<b>1,851,549</b>	1,550,178
Dividends Paid	(303,550)	(643,500)
<b>Retained Earnings, Ending</b>	<b>\$2,096,687</b>	\$ 1,851,549

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

**ATTALLA HEALTH CARE, INC.  
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30**

	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>		
Net Income	<b>\$ 548,688</b>	\$ 944,871
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Depreciation and Amortization	<b>96,907</b>	152,885
Provision for Bad Debts	<b>31,644</b>	19,427
<b>Change In</b>		
Patient Account Receivables, Net	<b>29,258</b>	71,588
Due from Related Party	<b>(82,682)</b>	(83,062)
Prepaid Expenses	<b>(13,059)</b>	366
Accounts Payable	<b>5,101</b>	(15,422)
Taxes and Other Employee Withholding	<b>425</b>	(47,601)
Accrued Salaries and Wages	<b>(31,659)</b>	(97,622)
Accrued Expenses	<b>(377)</b>	(1,261)
	<b>584,246</b>	944,169
 <b>Cash Flows from Investing Activities</b>		
Assets Limited as to Use	-	6,284
Purchases of Property and Equipment	<b>(41,380)</b>	(63,582)
	<b>(41,380)</b>	(57,298)
 <b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities</b>		
Principal Payments on Long Term Debt	<b>(144,198)</b>	(136,102)
Principal Payments on Capital Lease Obligation	-	(93,112)
Dividends Paid	<b>(303,550)</b>	(643,500)
	<b>(447,748)</b>	(872,714)
 <b>Net Increase in Cash</b>	<b>95,118</b>	14,157
 <b>Cash, Beginning</b>	<b>558,610</b>	544,453
 <b>Cash, Ending</b>	<b>\$ 653,728</b>	\$ 558,610
 <b>Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information</b>		
Cash Payments for Interest	<b>\$ 5,373</b>	\$ 17,144

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

## **ATTALLA HEALTH CARE, INC.**

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **(1) Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

##### **Nature of Business**

Attalla Health Care, Inc. (the Company) operates a 182-bed nursing home facility in Attalla, Alabama. The nursing home is licensed by the state of Alabama and is, therefore, subject to the rules and regulations of Alabama.

##### **Use of Estimates**

Generally accepted accounting principles require management to make estimates and assumptions when preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

##### **Receivables and Concentrations of Credit Risk**

The Company grants credit without collateral to its residents. Most of the residents are insured under governmental programs or third-party contractual agreements. The collectibility or reliability of accounts receivable is dependent primarily upon the performance of the government unit, the third-party payor or the resident's family. Management does not believe significant credit risks are associated with accounts receivable. Adequate provision for doubtful accounts has been established based upon historical experience, the aging of the account and the payor classification. Uncollectible accounts are written off after all collection efforts have been exhausted.

The Company maintains its cash balances in a financial institution located in Gadsden, Alabama. The balances are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation under the Transaction Account Guarantee Program (which has been extended until December 31, 2010).

##### **Property and Equipment - Held for Sale**

On March 7, 2010, the Company entered into a purchase agreement with Attalla Nursing ADK, LLC to sell the land, building, equipment, furniture and fixtures related to its nursing facility. The sales price is \$9,912,500 and is expected to finalize on October 1, 2010. The property and equipment held for sale were reported at the lower of their carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell. Depreciation of property and equipment was discontinued when classified as held for sale.

## **(1) Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

### **Property and Equipment and Depreciation**

Depreciation of property and equipment is computed principally on the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and Improvements	5-40
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5-25

Maintenance and repairs of property and equipment are charged to operations and major improvements are capitalized. Upon retirement, sale or other disposition of property and equipment, the cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts and a gain or loss is included in operations.

### **Revenue Recognition**

Revenues are derived from services rendered to patients for long-term care and rehabilitation therapy services.

Revenues are recorded when services are provided based upon established rates adjusted for amounts expected to be received under third-party contractual arrangements with governmental providers, Medicare and Medicaid. These revenues and receivables are stated at amounts estimated by management to be at their net realizable value.

For private pay in long-term care, the Company bills in advance for the following month, with the remittance being due on receipt of the statement and generally by the tenth day of the month services are performed.

Payments are received from the Medicare program under a prospective payment system (PPS). For skilled nursing services, Medicare pays a fixed fee per Medicare patient day based on the acuity level of the patient.

Medicaid program payments for long-term care services are based upon fixed per diem rates negotiated with a managed care organization contracted by the state of Alabama.

Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are complex and subject to interpretation. Noncompliance with such laws and regulations can be subject to regulatory actions including fines, penalties and exclusion from the Medicare and Medicaid programs. Management believes the Company is in material compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.

The Medicare PPS methodology requires that patients be assigned to Resource Utilization Groups (RUGs) based on the acuity level of the patient to determine the amount paid for patient services. The assignment of patients to the various RUG categories is subject to post-payment review by Medicare intermediaries. Management believes the Company has made adequate provision for any adjustments that may result from these reviews. Any differences between the net revenues recorded and the final determination will be adjusted in future periods as adjustments become known.

## **(1) Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

### **Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### **Income Taxes**

The Company, with consent of its stockholders, has elected to be taxed under sections of federal and state income tax law which provide that, in lieu of corporation income taxes, the stockholders separately account for their pro rata shares of the Company's items of income, deductions, losses and credits. As a result of this election, no income taxes have been recognized in the accompanying financial statements.

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued guidance on accounting for uncertainty in income taxes. The Company adopted this new guidance for the year ended June 30, 2010. Management evaluated the Company's tax positions and concluded that the Company had taken no uncertain tax positions that require adjustment to the financial statements to comply with the provisions of this guidance. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to income tax examinations by the U.S. federal or state tax authorities before 2006.

#### **Recently Adopted or Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

FASB's Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) became effective July 1, 2009. At that date, ASC became FASB's officially recognized source of authoritative generally accepted accounting principles applicable to all public and nonpublic nongovernmental entities, superseding existing FASB, American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, Emerging Issues Task Force and related literature. All other accounting literature is considered nonauthoritative. The change to ASC affects the way companies refer to generally accepted accounting principles in financial statements and accounting policies. Citing particular content in ASC involves specifying the unique numeric path to the content through the topic, subtopic, section and paragraph of the structure.

In May 2009, FASB issued ASC 855, *Subsequent Events*. This statement establishes principles and requirements for subsequent events, setting forth the period after the balance sheet date during which management of a reporting entity shall evaluate events or transactions that may occur for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements, the circumstances under which an entity shall recognize events or transactions occurring after the balance sheet date in its financial statements, and the disclosures that an entity shall make about events or transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date. This statement is effective for interim or annual financial periods ending after June 15, 2009, and shall be applied prospectively. The adoption of this statement did not have a material effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

In September 2006, FASB issued ASC Topic 820 (formerly Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*) which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurement. ASC 820 also emphasizes that fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement, and sets out a fair value hierarchy with the highest priority being quoted prices in active markets. Under ASC 820, fair value measurements are disclosed by level within that hierarchy. On January 1, 2009, the Company adopted the remaining provisions of ASC 820 as it relates to nonfinancial assets and liabilities that are not recognized or disclosed at fair value on a recurring basis. The adoption of ASC 820 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.



## (2) Patient Accounts Receivable

Patient accounts receivable consist of the following at June 30:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Private Pay	\$ 138,101	\$ 76,527
Medicaid	547,051	546,977
Medicare	167,812	242,811
Other	<u>16,709</u>	<u>36,905</u>
	<b>869,673</b>	903,220
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	<u>(53,354)</u>	<u>(26,000)</u>
	<u><b>\$ 816,319</b></u>	<u>\$ 877,220</u>

## (3) Capital Lease Agreement

The Company leases its facilities under a 1983 lease agreement with the Medical Clinic Board of the City of Attalla, Alabama. Under the provisions of the lease agreement, the Company exercised its right on December 1, 2008 to renew the term of the lease for the period commencing December 1, 2008 and continuing until December 1, 2033. For and during the renewal term, annual rent of \$1,200 for each of the one-year periods is payable in advance on December 1 of each one-year period.

The Company initially accounted for the lease as a capital lease with the following amounts of leased property included in property and equipment as of June 30:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Land and Improvements	\$ 72,000	\$ 72,000
Buildings and Improvements	1,978,687	1,978,687
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	<u>206,644</u>	<u>206,644</u>
	<b>2,257,331</b>	2,257,331
Accumulated Amortization	<u>(1,945,726)</u>	<u>(1,878,214)</u>
	<u><b>\$ 311,605</b></u>	<u>\$ 379,117</u>

### **(3) Capital Lease Agreement (Continued)**

Under the provisions of the lease agreement, the Company is required to continuously maintain in effect insurance against such risks as are customarily insured by businesses of like size and type as the Company including, but not necessarily limited to: (a) insurance against loss or damage to the building and all other improvements located on the premises, (b) comprehensive general liability insurance which shall consist of basic coverage in the minimum amount of \$500,000 for all death and personal or bodily injury claims resulting from one accident and property damage and so-called "umbrella" coverage in the minimum amount of \$1,000,000 in excess of the aforesaid basic coverage, (c) insurance against loss or damage resulting from explosion of any boilers, pressure vessels and pressure piping in an amount not less than the full repair or replacement cost of property damaged, together with coverage for death or bodily injury and consequential damage, if available, to the extent that such risks are not covered by the general liability insurance, (d) business interruption insurance, (e) medical liability insurance in the minimum amount of \$500,000, and (f) workers' compensation insurance. Since June 22, 2000, the Company has not had any professional or general liability insurance.

### **(4) Long-Term Debt**

The Company had a mortgage note payable to a financial institution which matured on June 18, 2010. The mortgage note payable bore interest at 6.25 percent and was secured by the Company's leasehold interest under and pursuant to the supplemental lease agreement dated December 1, 1983, between the Medical Clinic Board of the City of Attalla, Alabama and the Company, together with all improvements located on the property. The note was also collateralized by a security interest in all receipts from the mortgaged premises.

### **(5) Restrictive Stock Transfer and Stock Purchase Agreement**

The Company and its stockholders have entered into a buy-sell agreement that requires the Company or remaining stockholders to purchase the shares of the deceased stockholder. The purchase price is set annually by the stockholders. In the event of the death of a stockholder, the agreement is funded through life insurance. If the insurance death benefits are less than the purchase price, the Company may pay the deficiency over a period of ten years with interest at the prime rate not to exceed 15 percent. On December 2, 2000, one of the stockholders passed away. The value of the shares at the date of death was \$115,802. As of June 30, 2010, the Company had not purchased the shares owned by the deceased stockholder. Interest is due at a rate to be determined.

## (6) Concentrations in Revenue Sources

The Company provides patient care services under various third-party agreements. The principal sources of revenue under these contracts are derived primarily through the Medicaid and Medicare programs, as well as contracts with private pay patients who do not qualify for assistance from the other programs.

The percentage of the Company's income from each of these sources for the years ended June 30 is as follows:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Private Pay	7.9%	8.2%
Medicaid	79.7	81.4
Medicare	12.3	10.3
Other	0.1	0.1
	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

The percentage attributable to the patients includes revenues from private pay patients as well as the patients' portions for services rendered under Medicaid and Medicare contracts, while Medicaid and Medicare percentages include only amounts actually due from those programs.

## (7) Related Party Transactions

The Company purchases certain supplies from a related company through common ownership. Total purchases for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 totaled \$183,558 and \$136,841, respectively. At June 30, 2010 and 2009, the amount owed to the related party and included in the Company's accounts payable totaled \$20,348 and \$11,988, respectively.

The Company purchases certain services for nurse aid training from a company whose owners are related. Total payments made for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 totaled \$40,600 and \$44,856, respectively. As of June 30, 2010 and 2009, the amount owed to the related party and included in the Company's accounts payable totaled \$6,720 and \$10,080, respectively.

The Company leases equipment from a related company through common ownership. Total rental payments for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 totaled \$6,300 each year. At June 30, 2010 and 2009, the balance owed to the related party and included in the Company's accounts payable totaled \$525 for each year.

The Company incurred \$672,365 and \$791,783 in management fees from a related party for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The related party charges the Company fees based on its proration of cost between two nursing homes. In addition, the Company has advanced funds to the related party in the amount of \$146,587 and \$63,905 as of June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The advance balance fluctuates monthly and bears no stated rate of interest.

## **(8) Employee 401(k) Pension Plan**

Employees of the Company may participate in a 401(k) pension plan, whereby employees may elect to make contributions pursuant to a salary reduction agreement upon meeting age and length-of-service requirements. The Company currently makes a contribution of 100 percent of the employee contribution up to 4 percent of compensation. The Company contributions for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 totaled \$45,048 and \$80,018, respectively, which are recorded as an expense in the accompanying statements of operations.

## **(9) Contingent Liabilities**

The Company has several legal claims that generally involve workers' compensation and medical malpractice issues. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these claims is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. No amounts have been recorded in the accompanying financial statements related to these claims.

The Company has had no general or professional liability insurance since May 31, 2001 and has never had employment practices insurance. The cost of any settlement arising from claims for these coverages must be borne by the Company.

## **(10) Fair Value Measurements**

ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a three-level valuation hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurement and enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. The valuation hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. The three levels are defined as follows:

- Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
- Level 3 inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The estimated fair values of the Company's short-term financial instruments, including cash, receivables and payables arising in the normal course of business, and current portions of debt, approximate their individual carrying amounts due to their relatively short period of time between origination and expected realization. The Company does not have any other financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis that require further disclosure. Property and equipment held for sale are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis and are recorded at the lower of cost or fair value less costs to sell. The fair value of property and equipment held for sale was determined using level 3 inputs based on the amount of the sales contract.

## **(11) Subsequent Events**

Effective October 1, 2010, the Company sold its land, building, equipment, furniture and fixtures related to its nursing facility to Attalla Nursing ADK, LLC for cash proceeds of \$9,912,500. The Company received cash proceeds of \$9,951,000 (including additional consideration of \$38,500 for inventory, supplies and bed taxes) and recognized a gain on sale of \$8,879,947.

The net proceeds from the sales transaction were distributed by dividend to the Company's stockholders.

In preparing these financial statements, the Company has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through December 29, 2010, the date the financial statements were issued.

